Operating Manual

VIP4G

VIP4G LTE Ethernet Bridge/Serial Gateway Document: VIP4G Operating Manual.v1.4.pdf FW Version: 1.1.6-r1172

101

April 2014



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1101

VIP4G

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Important User Information (continued)

About This Manual

It is assumed that users of the products described herein have either system integration or design experience, as well as an understanding of the fundamentals of radio communications.

Throughout this manual you will encounter not only illustrations (that further elaborate on the accompanying text), but also several symbols which you should be attentive to:



Caution or Warning

Usually advises against some action which could result in undesired or detrimental consequences.



Point to Remember

Highlights a key feature, point, or step which is noteworthy. Keeping these in mind will simplify or enhance device usage.



Тір

An idea or suggestion to improve efficiency or enhance usefulness.



Information

Information regarding a particular technology or concept.



Important User Information (continued)

Regulatory Requirements



To satisfy FCC RF exposure requirements for mobile transmitting devices, a separation distance of 23cm or greater for the VIP4G utilizing a 3dBi antenna, or 3.5m or greater for the VIP4G utilizing a 3dBi antenna, should be maintained between the antenna of this device and persons during device operation. To ensure compliance, operations at closer than this distance is not recommended. The antenna being used for this transmitter must not be co-located in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.



This device can only be used with Antennas approved for this device. Please contact Microhard Systems Inc. if you need more information or would like to order an antenna.



MAXIMUM EIRP

FCC Regulations allow up to 36dBm Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP). Therefore, the sum of the transmitted power (in dBm and not to exceed +30dBm)), the cabling loss, and omnidirectional antenna gain cannot exceed 36dBm.



CSA Class 1 Division 2 Option

CSA Class 1 Division 2 is Available Only on Specifically Marked Units

If marked this for Class 1 Division 2 – then this product is available for use in Class 1, Division 2, in the indicated Groups on the product.

In such a case the following must be met:

The transceiver is not acceptable as a stand-alone unit for use in hazardous locations. The transceiver must be mounted within a separate enclosure, which is suitable for the intended application. Mounting the units within an approved enclosure that is certified for hazardous locations, or is installed within guidelines in accordance with CSA rules and local electrical and fire code, will ensure a safe and compliant installation.

Do not connect or disconnect equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

Installation, operation and maintenance of the transceiver should be in accordance with the transceiver's installation manual, and the National Electrical Code.

Tampering or replacement with non-factory components may adversely affect the safe use of the transceiver in hazardous locations, and may void the approval.

The wall adapters supplied with your transceivers are NOT Class 1 Division 2 approved, and therefore, power must be supplied to the units using the screw-type or locking type connectors supplied from Microhard Systems Inc. and a Class 1 Division 2 power source within your panel.

If you are unsure as to the specific wiring and installation guidelines for Class 1 Division 2 codes, contact CSA International.

Revision History

Revision	Description	Initials	Date
1.0	Initial Release	PEH	June 2012
1.1	Updated Screen shots, Firewall settings, added VPN settings	PEH	August 2012
1.2	Updated Network (LAN/WAN), Added SMS, SMS over Serial, GPS over serial, I/O Rules, Acceler- ometer, GPS, Updated Firewall, Added MultiWAN, Event Reporting, Modbus, NMS Settings, Up- dated Screen shots, Updated reference numbers for drawings and images, misc formatting. Added IP-Passthrough, Port Forwarding Examples. Based on firmware v1.1.6-r1114.	PEH	Dec 2012
1.3	Updated to reflect changes made in firmware version v.1.1.6-r1130. Updated Network (LAN/ WAN), Added SMS Alerts, Wireless Virtual Interfaces, AP Isolation, Updated GPS Report, Added GPSGate, Recorder and Load Record, Updated Gateway-Gateway VPN, Added AT Commands (Serial & Telnet), Supported AT Commands. Misc formatting & various corrections. Updated screenshots.	PEH	Mar 2013
1.31	Added GPS Receiver specs	PEH	Mar 2013
1.32	Corrected LTE Frequency Band Specs	PEH	Apr 2013
1.33	Added PoE information	PEH	Apr 2013
1.34	Added IP67 Enclosure Dimensional Info	PEH	Apr 2013
1.4	Updated to reflect changes made up to firmware version v.1.1.6-r1172. Added Data Usage Alerts, GPS TAIP, WebSocket, Updated Firewall, Updated Network, Updated WAN, Updated MultiWan, Added Firewall Examples, Updated VPN etc.	PEH	Apr 2014

10101

101010



Table of Contents

1.0	Ove	ervie	W	10
	1.1		rmance Features	
	1.2		fications	
		-1		
20			START	12
2.0				
	2.1		ling the SIM Card	
	2.2		ng Started with Cellular	
	2.3		ng Started with WiFi	
			Setting up WiFi	
		2.3.1	Connecting to WiFi	18
3.0	Har	dwai	re Features	20
	3.1	VIP40	3	20
			VIP4G Mechanical Drawings	
			VIP4G Connections	
		0	3.1.2.1 Front	
			3.1.2.2 Rear	
		313	VIP4G Indicators	
		0.1.0		20
4.0	^	. f :	wation.	~~
4.0	CO		ration	
	4.0	Web	User Interface	26
		4.0.1	Logon Window	27
	4.1	Syste	em	. 28
			Summary	
			Settings	
			Host Name	
			Date/Time	
			NTP Server Settings	
			HTTP Port Settings	
			HTTPS Port Settings	
		112	Access Control	
		4.1.3		
			Password Change	
			Users	
		4.1.4	Services	
			RSSI LED's	
			SSH	
			Telnet	
			Power Saving	
		4.1.6	Maintenance	
			Version Information	37
			Firmware Upgrade	
			Reset to Default	38
			Backup & Restore Configurations	38
		4.1.7	Reboot	39
			Logout	
	4.2	Netw	ork	. 40
			Status	
			LAN	
			WAN	
		-	Switch	-
				-
			Routes	
			GRE	
			SNMP	
			sdpServer	
		4.2.9	Local Monitor	59

0101

01010

Table of Contents

4.3	Carrier	
	4.3.1 Status	
	4.3.2 Settings	. 61
	IP-Passthrough	
	APN (Access Point Name)	
	4.3.3 Keepalive	
	4.3.4 Traffic Watchdog	
	4.3.5 Dynamic DNS	
	4.3.6 SMS Config	
	SMS Commands	
	SMS Alerts	
	4.3.7 SMS	
	4.3.8 Data Usage Alerts	
4.4	Wireless	
	4.4.1 Status	. 75
	4.4.2 Radio1	. 76
	Radio Phy Configuration	. 76
	802.11 Mode	. 76
	Channel Frequency	. 77
	Radio Virtual Interface	. 78
	Operating Mode	
	TX Rate	. 79
	TX Power	. 80
	AP Isolation	. 80
	SSID	. 80
	Encryption Type	
4.5	Comport	. 82
	4.5.1 Status	. 82
	4.5.2 Settings	. 83
	Data Baud Rate	
	IP Protocol Config	
	TCP Client	
	TCP Server	
	TCP Client/Server	. 88
	UDP Point-to-Point	
	UDP Point-to-Multipoint (P)	. 88
	UDP Point-to-Multipoint (MP)	
	UDP Multipoint-to-Multipoint	
	SMTP Client	
	SMS Transparent Mode	
	GPS Transparent Mode	
4.6	I/O	
	4.6.1 Status	
	4.6.2 Output	
	4.6.3 I/O Rules	
	4.6.4 Accelerometer	
4.7	GPS	
	4.7.1 Location	
	4.7.2 Settings	
	4.7.3 GPS Report	
	4.7.4 GpsGate	
	4.7.5 Recorder	
	4.7.6 Load Record	
	4.7.7 TAIP	. 109

10101

01010



Table of Contents

	4.8	Firew	all	111
		4.8.1	Status	111
		4.8.2	General	112
		4.8.3	Rules	114
		4.8.4	Port Forwarding	116
			DMZ	
		4.8.5	MAC-IP List	
			MAC List Configuration	
			IP List Configuration	
			Reset Firewall to Defaults	
	4.9		-	
			Summary	
			Gateway to Gateway	
			Client to Gateway (L2TP Client)	
			VPN Client Access	
	4 4 0		Certificate Management	
	4.10		WAN	
		-	Status	-
			Settings	
			Traffic	
	4.11			
			Discovery Netflow Reports	
			NMS Settings	
			Event Report	
		4.11.4	4.11.4.1 Configuration	
			4.11.4.2 Message Structure	
			4.11.4.3 Message Payload	
		4.11.5	Modbus	
			4.11.5.1 TCP Modbus	146
			4.11.5.2 COM (Serial) Modbus	148
			4.11.5.3 Modbus Data Map	
			Websocket	
			Site Survey	
			Ping	
		4.11.9	TraceRoute	154
		_		
5.0			mand Line Interface	
	5.1	AT C	ommand Overview	155
		5.1.1	Serial Port	
		5.1.2	Telnet (TCP/IP)	
			ommand Syntax	157
	5.3	Supp	orted AT Commands	158
Apr	oenc	lices		181
1- I	Appe	endix A:	Serial Interface.	181
			IP-Passthrough Example	
			: Port Forwarding Example	
			: Firewall Example	
	Appe	endix E:	VPN Example	188
	Appe	ndix F:	Troubleshooting (FAQ)	190

010101

101010

1.0 Overview

The VIP4G is a high-performance 4G LTE Cellular Ethernet & Serial Gateway with 802.11 a/ b/g/n WiFi capability, 4 Gigabit Ethernet Ports, 4x Digital I/O, and a fully complimented RS232/485/422 serial port.

010

The VIP4G utilizes the cellular infrastructure to provide network access to wired and wireless devices anywhere cellular coverage is supported by a cellular carrier. The VIP4G supports up to 100Mbps when connected to a LTE enabled carrier, or global fallback to 3G/Edge networks for areas without 4G LTE.

Providing reliable wireless Ethernet bridge functionality as well gateway service for most equipment types which employ an RS232, RS422, or RS485 interface, the VIP4G can be used in a limitless number and types of applications such as:

- High-speed backbone
- IP video surveillance
- Voice over IP (VoIP)
- Ethernet wireless extension
- WiFi Hotspot

- Legacy network/device migration
- SCADA (PLC's, Modbus, Hart)

VIP4G

Facilitating internetwork wireless communications

1.1 Performance Features

Key performance features of the VIP4G include:

- Fast 4G LTE Link to Wireless Carrier
- Up to 100Mbps Downlink / 50 Mbps Uplink
- Fast Data Rates to 802.11a/b/g/n WiFi Devices
- Digital I/O 4 Inputs, 4 Outputs
- DMZ and Port Forwarding
- 4 10/100/1000 Ethernet Ports (WAN/LAN)
- Integrated GPS (TCP Server/UDP Reporting)
- User interface via local console, telnet, web browser
- communicates with virtually all PLCs, RTUs, and serial devices through either RS232, RS422, or RS485 interface
- Local & remote wireless firmware upgradable
- User configurable Firewall with IP/MAC ACL
- IP/Sec secure VPN and GRE Tunneling



1.0 Overview

1.2 Specifications

For detailed specifications, please see the specification sheets available on the Microhard website @ http:///www.microhardcorp.com for your specific model.

Electrical/General

<u>Cellular:</u>	
Supported Bands:	4G LTE B4/B17 (1700/2100/700 MHz) Global Fallback to: HSPA+/UMTS 850/AWS/1900/2100 MHz GPRS 850/900/1800/1900 MHz
Data Features:	4G LTE Up to 100 Mbps downlink Up to 50 Mbps uplink
SIM Card:	1.8 / 3.0 V
<u>WiFi: (Order Options)</u>	
Frequency:	2.4 GHz / 5.8 GHz
Spread Method:	OFDM/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM
Data Rates:	802.11 b/g (up to 30dBm) <u>or </u> 802.11 a/b/g/n (up to 20 dBm)
TX Power:	Adjustable (See above)
Data Encryption:	WEP, WPA(PSK), WPA2(PSK), WPA+WPA2 (PSK) (Subject to Export Restrictions)
<u>General:</u>	
Input Voltage:	9 - 30 VDC
Power over Ethernet:	802.3af Passive PoE on Ethernet Port
Serial Baud Rate:	300bps to 921kbps
Ethernet:	10/100/1000 BaseT, Auto - MDI/X, IEEE 802.3
Network Protocols:	TCP, UDP, TCP/IP, TFTP, ARP, ICMP, DHCP, HTTP, HTTPS*, SSH*, SNMP, FTP, DNS, Serial over IP
Operating Modes:	Access Point, Client/Station, Repeater, Mesh Point
Management:	Local Serial Console, Telnet, WebUI, SNMP, FTP & Wireless Upgrade
Diagnostics:	Status LED's, RSSI, Ec/No, Temperature, Remote Diagnostics, Watchdog, UDP Reporting
Digital I/O:	4 Inputs / 4 Outputs



1.0 Overview

1.2 Specifications (Continued)

<u>GPS:</u>

Navigation	Update Rate:	Up to 5 Hz

Accuracy:	Position: SBAS:	2.5 m CEP 2.0 m CEP
Acquisition:	Cold Starts: Aided Starts: Hot Starts:	4 seconds
Sensitivity:	Tracking: Cold Starts: Hot Starts:	-159 dBm -147 dBm -156 dBm

Environmental

Operation Temperature: -40°F(-40°C) to 185°F(85°C)

Humidity: 5% to 95% non-condensing

Mechanical

Dimensions:

5.65" (145mm) X 3.72" (95mm) X 1.20" (30mm)

Weight:

Approx. 405 grams

Connectors:

Antenna:	Cellular: 2x	-SMA Female SMA Female (Main, DIV) A Female (Supports Active & Passive Antennas with LNA)				
Data:	RS232 Data RS485:	: DE-9 Female SMT: 6-Pin Micro MATE-N-LOK AMP 3-794618-6 Mating Connector: 6-Pin Micro MATE-N-LOK AMP 794617-6				
	Ethernet :	4x RJ-45				
PWR, Misc: Power: SMT: 4-Pin Micro MATE-N-LOK AMP 3-794618-4 Mating Connector: 4-Pin Micro MATE-N-LOK AMP 794617-4						
Misc:	Digital I/O:	SMT: 10-Pin Micro MATE-N-LOK AMP 4-794618-0 Mating Connector: 10-Pin Micro MATE-N-LOK AMP 1-794617-0				
IP67 Enclosure	(Optional):					
Dimensions	s: Approx:	8.4"(213mm) X 7.2"(182mm) X 1.75" (44mm)				
Weight:	Approx:	1.25 kg				

10101

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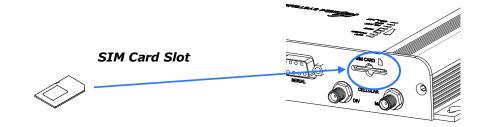
This QUICK START guide will walk you through the setup and process required to access the WebUI configuration window and to establish a basic wireless connection to your carrier.

VIP4G

Note that the units arrive from the factory with the Local Network setting configured as 'Static' (IP Address 192.168.168.1, Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0, and Gateway 192.168.168.1), in DHCP server mode. (This is for the LAN Ethernet Adapter on the back of the VIP4G unit.

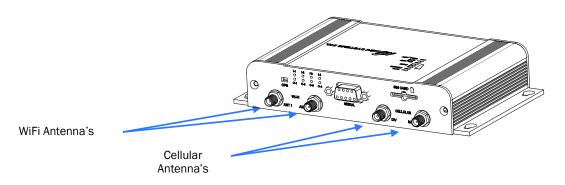
2.1 Installing the SIM Card

✓ Before the VIP4G can be used on a cellular network a valid *SIM Card* for your Wireless Carrier must be installed. Insert the SIM Card into the slot as shown below.



2.2 Getting Started with Cellular

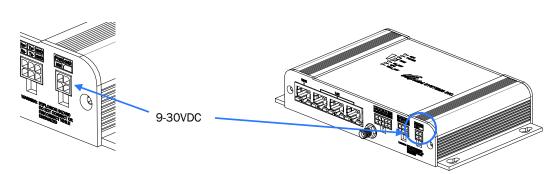
✓ Connect the Antenna's to the applicable **ANTENNA** jack's of the VIP4G.





Use the MHS-supplied power adapter or an equivalent power source.

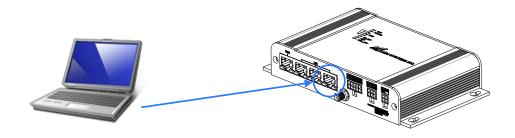
✓ Connect the power connector to the power adapter and apply power to the unit, once the blue CPU LED is on solid, proceed to the next step.



To reset to factory defaults, press and hold the CFG button for 8 seconds with the VIP4G powered up. The LED's will flash quickly and the IP4G will reboot with factory defaults.



✓ Connect A PC configured for DHCP directly to one of the LAN **ETHERNET** ports of the VIP4G, using an Ethernet Cable. If the PC is configured for DHCP it will acquire a IP Address from the VIP4G.



✓ Open a Browser Window and enter the IP address 192.168.168.1 into the address bar.



The factory default network settings:

IP: 192.168.168.1 Subnet: 255.255.255.0 Gateway: 192.168.168.1



 $\checkmark~$ The VIP4G will then ask for a Username and Password. Enter the factory defaults listed below.

2	A username and password are being requested by http://192.168.168.1. The site says: "VIP4G+ wifi"
Jser Name:	
Password:	

The Factory default login:

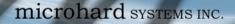
User name: **admin** Password: **admin**



The factory default login:

User name: admin Subnet: admin

It is always a good idea to change the default admin login for future security.



✓ Once successfully logged in, the System Summary page will be displayed.

System	Network	Carrier 1	Wireless	Comport	I/0	Firewall	Multicast	Qos	Tools
Summary	Settings	Access C	ontrol	Services	Maintenanc	e Rebo	ot Logout		
System I	nformation								
System I	nformation					Carrier S	tatus		
Syst	em:					Mode	ule Status		Enabled
Host	t Name		VIP4G+v	vifi		Curre	ent APN		Unknown
Syste	em date		1970-01	-01		Activ	ity Status		Disconnected
Syste	em time		00:00:49	9		Netw	ork		Bell
Syste	em uptime		0 min			Hom	e/Roaming		Home
Vers	sion:					Curre	ent Technology	/	HSUPA
Prod	luct Name		VIP4G+v	vifi		Core	Temperature(°C)	28
Firm	ware Version		VIP 2.0			IMEI			012773002004297
Hard	iware Type		v2.0.0			SIM N	umber (ICCID)	89302610202061722946
Build	d Version		v1.1.2 b	uild 1076		Phon	e Number		14034635915
Built	date		2012-05	5-10		RSSI	(dBm)		-54 dBm 🤒
Built	time		16:10:44	\$		Conr	ection Duratio	n	0

VIP4G

✓ As seen above under Carrier Status, the SIM card is installed, but an APN has not been specified. Setting the APN to auto (default) may provide quick network connectivity, but may not work with some carriers, or with private APN's. To set or change the APN, click on the Carrier > Settings tab and enter the APN supplied by your carrier in the APN field. Some carriers may also require a Username and Password.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	t I/O	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
Status	Settings	Keepalive	Traffic W	/atchdog	Dynami	c DNS	SMS Config	SMS	8	
Carrier	Configuration	n								
Config	uration									
Car	rrier status		Enable	•						
IP-I	Passthrough		Disable	•						
DN	S-Passthrough		Disable	•						
APN	N		staticip.ap	n						
SIM	1 Pin									
Tec	chnologies Type		ALL .	-						
Tec	chnologies Mode	2	AUTO	•						
Dat	ta Call Paramete	rs								
Prir	mary DNS Addre	55								
Sec	ondary DNS Add	dress								
Prir	mary NetBIOS Na	ame Server								
Sec	ondary NetBIOS	Server								
IP A	Address									
Aut	thentication		Device de	cide 👻						
Use	ar Name									
Pas	sword									

✓ Once the APN and any other required information is entered to connect to your carrier, click on "Submit". Return to the System > Summary tab.



Auto APN: Introduced in firmware version v1.1.6r1142, the VIP4G will attempt to detect the carrier based on the SIM card installed and cycle through a list of commonly used APN's to provide quick network connectivity.



✓ On the Carrier > Status Tab, verify that a WAN IP Address has been assigned by your carrier. It may take a few minutes, so try refreshing the page if the WAN IP Address doesn't show up right away. The Activity Status should also show "Connected".

VIP4G

System	Network Carrier	Wireless Comport I/O GF	PS Firewall VPN Mu	ItiWAN Tools
tatus	Settings Keepalive	Traffic Watchdog Dynamic D	NS SMS Config SMS	
Carrier	Status			
Carrie	r Status			
Cu	urrent APN	staticio aon	Core Temperature(°C)	73
Ac	tivity Status	Connected	IMEI	012773002003661
Ne	etwork	ROGERS	SIM PIN	READY
Но	ome/Roaming	Home	SIM Number (ICCID)	89302720401025355549
Se	rvice Mode	Automatic	Phone Number	+15878938641
Se	rvice State	WCDMA CS and PS	RSSI (dBm)	-64 Juli
Ce	II ID	2745009	RSRP (dBm)	N/A
LA	NC .	63333	RSRQ (dBm)	N/A
Cu	urrent Technology	HSPA+	Connection Duration	22 sec
Av	ailable Technology	UMTS, HSDPA, HSUPA, HSPA+	WAN IP Address	74.198.186.193
			DNS Server 1	208.67.222.222
			DNS Server 2	208.67.220.220
Reciev	ed Packet Statistics	т	ansmitted Packet Statistics	
Re	cieve bytes	14.228MB	Transmit bytes	9.451MB
Re	cieve packets	30782	Transmit packets	90513
Re	cieve errors	0	Transmit errors	0
Dr	op packets	0	Drop packets	0
				Stop Refreshing Interval: 20 (in second

- ✓ If you have set a static IP on your PC, you may need to add the DNS Servers shown in the Carrier Status Menu to you PC to enable internet access.
- ✓ Congratulations! Your VIP4G is successfully connected to your Cellular Carrier. The next section gives a overview on enabling and setting up the WiFi Wireless features of the modem giving 802.11 devices network access.
- ✓ To access devices connected to VIP4G remotely, one or more of the following must be configured: IP-Passthrough, Port Forwarding, DMZ. Another option would be to set up a VPN.
- ✓ Ensure that all default passwords are changed to limit access to the modem.
- ✓ For best practices and to limit data charges it is critical to properly set up the firewall. (Especially important for Public Static IP addresses.)



Ensure the default passwords are changed.



Set up appropriate firewall rules to block unwanted incoming data.



2.3 Getting Started with WiFi

This **Quick Start** section walks users through setting up a basic WiFi AP (Access Point). For additional settings and configuration considerations, refer to the appropriate sections in the manual. This walkthrough assumes all setting are in the factory default state.



2.3.1 Setting up WiFi

- ✓ Use Section 2.2 Getting Started with Cellular to connect, power up and log in and configure the Carrier in a VIP4G.
- \checkmark Click on the Wireless > Radio1 Tab to setup the WiFi portion of the VIP4G.

atus Radio1		In Radio1 Phy Configuration , ensur the mode is set for <u>802.11NG</u> .
Wireless Configuration		
Radio1 Phy Configuration		
Radio	⊛ On © Off	In the Radio1 Virtual Interface, en-
Mode	802.11NG - High Throughput on 2.4GHz 🔹	
High Throughput Mode	HT20 -	sure that the Mode is set for <u>Access</u>
Advanced Capabilities	Show	<u>Point.</u>
Channel-Frequency	11 - 2.462 GHz 🔹	
Wireless Distance	10000 (m)	
RTS Thr (256~2346)	I OFF	Enter a name for the Wireless Networ
Fragment Thr (256~2346)	Ø OFF	/ under SSID . This example uses
		MyNetwork
Radio1 Virtual Interface		ITYNELWOIK
Network	LAN -	
Mode	Access Point 👻	
TX bitrate	Auto 👻	(Optional) Set a password for the WiF
Tx Power	17 dbm 👻	this example uses <u>MyPassword</u>
WDS	● On [©] Off	
ESSID Broadcast	⊛ On ◎ Off	Click Submit.
SSID	MyNetwork	
Encryption Type	WPA2 (PSK)	
WPA PSK	MyPassword	
Show password		



2.3.2 Connecting to WiFi

- ✓ Now that the VIP4G has connection to the Cellular Carrier (See Section 2.2) and the WiFI has been set up (See Section 2.3), WiFi devices should be able to detect and connect to the VIP4G.
- ✓ On a WiFi enabled PC/Device, the SSID of <u>MyNetwork</u>, that was created in the last example should be visible. Connect to that SSID and enter the password.

Currently connected to: 5 A Cu		
Wireless Network Connection	Y Connect to a Net	work
Microguest Connected Microguest	Type the netwo	ork security key
ob_test_24g	Security key:	MyPassword
AyNetwork		Hide characters
Connect automatically Connect		OK Cance
nodelcar	L	
SLEMBY		
Open Network and Sharing Center		

 \checkmark Once connected the status should change to connected, and network access should be enabled.

Currently connected		**	Î
MyNetwork			
Wireless Network Co	onnection	^	
MyNetwork	Connecte	liter, b	
Microguest		In.	
work2901		Iter.	
bob_test_24g		In.	
wlan0		31	l
MyWLAN		-11	
TigerClaw			
9F691D		-11	



✓ The status of the WiFi connection should also be visible in the Wireless > Status tab in the WebUI as seen below.

ystem	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/O G	PS Fi	rewall \	PN MultiV	VAN	Tools	
atus	Radio1										
Vireless	Interfaces										
Radio 1	Status										
Gen	neral Status										
MAG	C Address	Mode		SSID		Frequency I	Band	Radio Frequen	cy	Security mode	
00:8	80:48:79:8E:46	Access	Point	MHSMKT		Dual-Band	Mode	2.462		WPA+WPA2(PSK)	
Tra	ffic Status										
Rec	eive bytes		Receiv	e packets		Transmit	t bytes		Transm	it packets	
877	7.7KB		7972			6.55651	мв		46638		
Con	nnection Status										
MAG	C Address	Noise F (dBm)	loor SNR ((dB) RSSI (dBm)	TX CCQ (%)	RX CCQ (%)	TX Rate	RX Rate	Signal I	Level	
98:0	03:d8:c5:52:18	-88	70	-25	93	99	58.5 MBit/	s 65.0 MBit/s	5	100%	
										Stop Refreshing	Interval



3.1 VIP4G

The VIP4G is a fully-enclosed unit ready to be interfaced to external devices.



Image 3-1: Front View of VIP4G

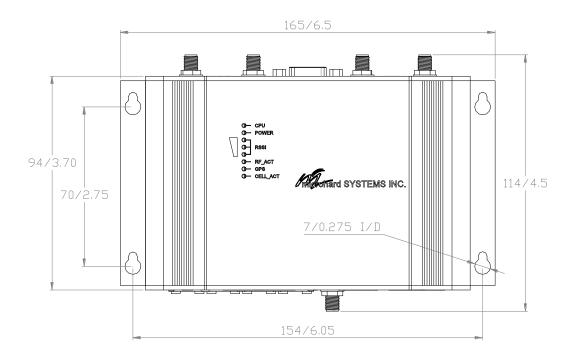


Image 3-2: Rear View of VIP4G

VIP4G Hardware Features Include:

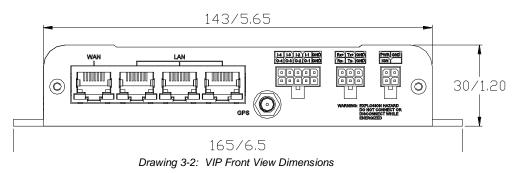
- Standard Connectors for:
 - 1 WAN Ethernet Ports (RJ45)
 - 3 LAN Ethernet Ports (RJ45)
 - Data Port (RS232/DB9)
 - 4-Pin: MATE-N-LOK Type Connector for Power
 - 6-Pin: MATE-N-LOK Type Connector for RS485 Data
 - 10-Pin: MATE-N-LOK Type Connector for Digital I/O
 - Cellular Antenna (SMA Female Antenna Connection x2)
 - WiFi Antenna (RP-SMA Female Antenna Connection x2)
 - Built in GPS (SMA Female Antenna Connection)
- Status/Diagnostic LED's for CPU, POWER, RSSI, RF_ACT, GPS, CELL_ACT
- CFG Button for resetting to factory settings and firmware recovery operations
- Mounting Holes/Tabs

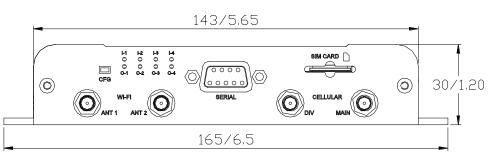




3.1.1 Mechanical Drawings

Drawing 3-1: VIP Top View Dimensions





Drawing 3-3: VIP Rear View Dimensions

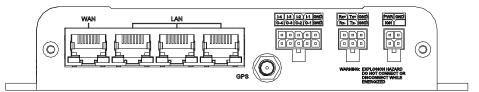
Note: All dimension units: Millimeter & Inches (mm/inches)



3.1.2 Connections

3.1.2.1 Front

On the front of the VIP4G Series are, from left to right:



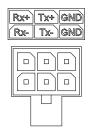
Drawing 3-4: VIP4G Front View

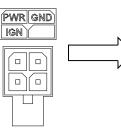
- WAN port
 - 10/100/1000 Ethernet RJ45 Connection.
 - 802.3af Passive PoE (WAN port only)

Ethernet RJ45 Connector Pin Number								
Source Voltage	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9 - 30 Vdc	Data	Data	Data	DC+	DC+	Data	DC-	DC-

Table 3-1: WAN PoE Connections

- LAN port
 - 3x 10/100/1000 Ethernet RJ45 Connection.
 - GPS
 - SMA Female
- Digital I/O Connector 10-Pin: (Use AMP MATE-N-LOK PN# 1-794617-0)
 - I-4, I-3, I-2, I-1, GND
 - O-4, O-3, O-2, O-1, GND
- RS485/422 Connector 6-Pin: (Use AMP MATE-N-LOK PN# 794617-6)
 - Rx+, Tx+, GND
 - Rx-, Tx-, GND
- Power Connector 4-Pin: (Use AMP MATE-N-LOK PN# 794617-4)
 - PWR, GND
 - IGN Ignition signal for Power Saving Mode*





Name	Input or Output
TxB (D+)	0
TxA (D-)	0
RxB (R+)	I
RxA (R-)	I
GND -	
PWR +	I

* Power Saving Mode only available on select units, must be specified at time of order or returned to factory for upgrade.

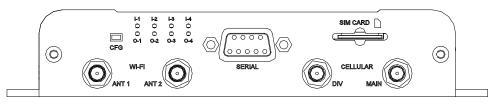
Table 3-2: Data RS422/485 Vin Pin Assignment



Caution: Using a power supply that does not provide proper voltage may damage the VIP4G unit.



3.1.2.2 Rear



Drawing 3-5: VIP4G Rear View

CFG Button

Holding this button for 8 seconds while the VIP4G is powered up and running, will cause the unit to reset and load factory default settings:

IP: 192.168.168.1 Subnet: 255.255.255.0

With these settings a web browser can be used to configure the unit.

Holding this button depressed while powering-up the VIP4G will boot the unit into FLASH FILE SYSTEM RECOVERY mode. The default IP address for *system recovery (only - not for normal access to the unit)* is static: 192.168.1.39.

ANTENNA Connectors

The VIP4G uses female SMA antenna connectors for the Cellular and female RP-SMA connectors for the WiFi antennas. Two antenna connections are provided for Wi-Fi, ANT1, and ANT2. Two connectors are also provided for Cellular, MAIN and DIV.

Digital I/0 LED's

The I-1, I-2, I-3, and I-4 LED's indicate the status of the input pins on the digital I/O interface. The O-1, O-2, O-3 and O-4 LED's indicate the current state of the corresponding output relays.

Serial Port

The Serial port can be used for console type configuration (If disabled), or as a data communications port for RS232 Devices.

ort Settings				
6				Default Console Port Settings
Bits per second	115200	~		
Data bits:	0			Bits per Second: 115,200
Data bits.	8	<u> </u>		Data Bits: 8
Parity	None	×		Parity: None
	-			Stop bits: 1
Stop bits:	1	*		Flow control: None
Elow control	None	~		Flow control: None
	F	Restore Defaults		
	-			
0	K. Cano	al Apply		



Serial Port (Continued)



See <u>Appendix A</u> for a full description of the COM1 RS-232 interface functions.

Pin Name	No.	Description	In/ Out
DCD	1	Data Carrier Detect	0
RXD	2	Receive Data	0
TXD	3	Transmit Data	I
DTR	4	Data Terminal Ready	Ι
SG	5	Signal Ground	
DSR	6	Data Set Ready	0
RTS	7	Request To Send	I
CTS	8	Clear To Send	0

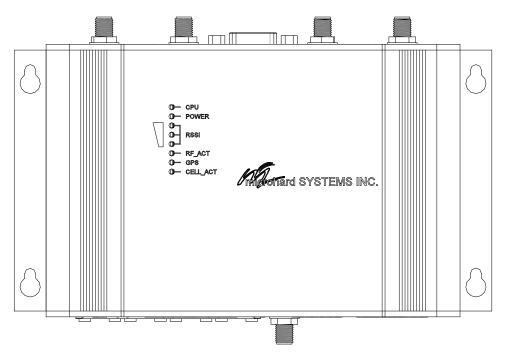
Table 3-3: COM2 DB9 Pin Assignment

SIM Card

This slot is used to install a SIM card provided by the cellular carrier to enable communication to their cellular network. Ensure the SIM card is installed properly by paying attention to the diagram printed above the SIM card slot.



3.1.3 Indicators



Drawing 3-6: VIP4G Indicators

CPU (Blue)

ON indicates the CPU is running.

POWER (Red)

Illuminates when power is correctly applied to the unit.

RSSI (3 LEDs)

Indicate the received signal strength of the signal to the Cellular carrier. The number of LED's illuminated indicate the strength of the signal, with all 3 being illuminated representing a strong signal.

RF-ACT

The RF Activity LED illuminates when there is activity on the WiFi wireless interface.

GPS

Indicates that the GPS module is powered on and ready.

CELL_ACT

The CELL Activity LED illuminates when there is cellular activity.



192.168.168.1/cgi-bin/webit/sy	stem-info.sh			10 V I	C" 🚺 - Goog	ale :		0	D.			_				
otem Network Carri	ohard sy ier Wireless Comp	iport I/O	INC. Firewall M	nonon o uticast Qos			010	101 010			습 후 ሮ (010) ust Qos	11.		01	P 🔒	
	ess Control Service	s Mainten	ance Reboot	Logout					1	1000	010	1	01	10	10101	
ystem Information									cewa	Il Multica	ist Oos	Tool		46	10	
System information			Carrier Statu	•					i cwa	a prutus	tar Qua	100				
System	Se Intelescont				e					12161	×					
Host Name	A Site Survey - VIP 2.0 Ad		Local Contract of													
System date System time	< d 192.168.168.1	(ogi-bin/webil/tools	s-wlatt-survey.sh				≙≠e	- Googie		P 🚖	ED-					
System uptime										0101	1 fi					
and the second se	the second se	mian	hard	YSTEMS I	-				40	10,10						
Version:		THE			NC					-10-1						
Product Name				-	NC.	word	10	10	01	0100	lio Freque	ency	Security mo	ide		
Product Name Firmware Version	System Netw	vork Carrier	r Wireless Co	mport I/O	Firewall	Multicast	Qos	Tools	01	10101	tio Freque 62	ncy	Security mo WPA2(PSK)	ide		
Product Name Firmware Version Hardware Type	System Netw Discovery Site	vork Carrier		mport I/O	Firewall	Multicast	Q05	Tools	01	0101 10100	100 CONTRA	ncy	1453 C	ide		
Product Name Firmware Version Hardware Type Build Version	System Netw Discovery Site Site Survey	vork Carrier le Survey Pi	r Wireless Co	mport I/O	Firewall	Multicast	Qos	Tools	01	0101	100 CONTRA		WPA2(PSK)	ide		
Product Name Firmware Version Hardware Type Build Version Built date	System Netw Discovery Site Site Survey Wireless Survey	vork Carrier le Survey p	r Wireless. Co ng TraceRoote	mport 1/0 Network Traffi	Firewall	Multicast	Qos	Tools	.01	01001 40140	100 CONTRA		WPA2(PSK)	ide		
Product Name Firmware Version Hardware Type Build Version	System Netwo Discovery Site Site Survey Wireless Survey Note: Your WLA	vork Carrier le Survey p M traffic will be i	r Wireless Co	mport 1/0 Network Traffi	Firewall	Multicast	Qos	Tools	. 01	01001	100 CONTRA	Tran	WPA2(PSK)	de		
Product Name Firmware Version Hardware Type Build Version Built date	System Netw Discovery Site Site Survey Wireless Survey	vork Carrier le Survey p M traffic will be i	r Wireless. Co ng TraceRoote	mport 1/0 Network Traffi	Firewall	Multicast	Qos	Tools	.01	20101 2010	100 CONTRA	Tran	WPA2(PSK)	ide		
Product Name Firmware Version Hardware Type Build Version Built date	System Netwo Discovery Site Site Survey Wireless Survey Note: Your WLA	vork Carrier le Survey p M traffic will be i	r Wireless. Co ng TraceRoote	mport 1/0 Network Traffi	Firewall	in 910 Multicast	Qos	Tools	01	0101	100 CONTRA	Tran: 4186	WPA2(PSK)	ide		
Product Name Firmware Version Hardware Type Build Version Built date	System Netwo Discovery Site Site Survey Wireless Survey Note: Your WLA	vork Carrier le Survey Pi r AN traffic will be i can again	r Wireless. Co ng TraceRoote	mport 1/0 Network Traffi	Firewall	Multicast	10 ²	Tools	01	0101	62 * RX Rate	Tran 4186 Sign	WPA2(PSK) smit packets i			
Product Name Firmware Version Hardware Type Build Version Built date	System Netw Discovery Site Site Survey Wireless Survey Note: Your WLAI Stattfhe ac	vork Carrier le Survey Pi M traffic will be i can agen Results	r Wireless. Co ng TraceRoote	mport 1/0 Network traffi	Tirewall	Multicast	Qos	Tools		0101	52	Tran 4186 Sign	WPA2(PSK) smit packets i al Level 1000			
Product Name Firmware Version Hardware Type Build Version Built date	System Netwo Obcovery Site Site Survey Wretess Survey Note: Your WA Statt free ac Radio1 Survey R Channel S	work Carrier le Survey of Minaffic will be in can again, Results SSID	Wireless: Co ng Traceikoute	mport 1/0 Network Traffi is brief period.	Frequency F	Multicast RSSI SNR	Qos	Signal Lev		0101	62 * RX Rate	Tran 4186 Sign	WPA2(PSK) smit packets i al Level 1000		erval: 20(s;	;)
Product Name Firmware Version Hardware Type Build Version Built date	System Netw Discovery Silt Site Survey Werdes Survey Nete: Your HLA Guint the se Channel S 1 •	work Carrier te Survey pa , NN traffic will be i can again Results SSID work2901	Wireless Co mg Traceitoute interrupted during th MACDDR	mport 1/0 Network Traffi is brief period.	Frequency F 2.412CHz d 2.412CHz	Multicast RSSI SNR -53 47 48	Noise -95 dBm	Signal Lev	rel	0101	62 * RX Rate	Tran 4186 Sign	WPA2(PSK) smit packets i al Level 1000		rval: 20(s;	;)
Product Name Firmware Version Hardware Type Build Version Built date	System Networks Discovery Silt Site Survey Werdess Survey Nete: Your HLAI Gattle Survey R Radio Survey R Channel S 1 4	vork Carrier te Survey n w traffic will be i can again Results SSID work/2501 Microguest	r Wireless Co mg TraceRoute atternupted during the MACDDR 80:15:50:68:3D:0C	mport 1/0 Network Traffi is brief period.	Frequency F 2.412CHz a 2.437CHz a 2.442CHz	Multicast RSSI SNR -53 42 d5 d5m 42 d5	Noise -95 dBm	Signal Lev	vel LIIN-		62 * RX Rate	Tran 4186 Sign	WPA2(PSK) smit packets i al Level 1000		erval: 20(s)	;)

4.0 Web User Interface

Image 4-0-1: WebUI

Initial configuration of an VIP4G using the Web User (Browser) Interface (Web UI) method involves the following steps:

- configure a static IP Address on your PC to 192.168.168.10 (or any address on the 192.168.168.X subnet other than the default IP of 192.168.168.1)
- connect a VIP4G LAN ETHERNET port to PC NIC card using an Ethernet cable
- apply power to the VIP4G and wait approximately 60 seconds for the system to load
- open a web browser and enter the factory default IP address of the unit: 192.168.168.1
- logon window appears; log on using default Username: <u>admin</u> Password: <u>admin</u>
- use the web browser based user interface to configure the VIP4G as required.
- refer to Section 2.0: Quick Start for step by step instructions.

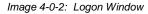
In this section, all aspects of the Web Browser Interface, presented menus, and available configuration options will be discussed.



4.0.1 Logon Window

Upon successfully accessing the VIP4G using a Web Browser, the Logon window will appear.

Authenticat	ion Required 🛛 🔀
?	A username and password are being requested by http://192.168.1.120. The site says: "webUI"
User Name:	admin
Password:	
	OK Cancel



The factory default User Name is: admin

The default password is: admin

Note that the password is case sensitive. It may be changed (discussed further along in this section), but once changed, if forgotten, may not be recovered.

When entered, the password appears as 'dots' as shown in the image below. This display format prohibits others from viewing the password.

The 'Remember my password' checkbox may be selected for purposes of convenience, however it is recommended to ensure it is deselected - particularly once the unit is deployed in the field - for one primary reason: security.

Authenticat	ion Required 🛛 🔀
?	A username and password are being requested by http://192.168.1.120. The site says: "webUI"
User Name:	admin
Password:	•••••
	OK Cancel

Image 4-0-3: Logon Window : Password Entry



For security, do not allow the web browser to remember the User Name or Password.



It is advisable to change the login Password. Do not FORGET the new password as it cannot be recovered.

4.1 System

The main category tabs located at the top of the navigation bar separate the configuration of the VIP4G into different groups based on function. The System Tab contains the following sub menu's:

VIP4G

•	Summary	-	Status summary of entire radio including network settings, version information, and radio connection status.
•	Settings	-	Host Name, Default System Mode (Bridge or Router), System Time/Date, HTTP Port for the WebUI,
٠	Access Control	-	Change passwords, create new users
٠	Services	-	Enable/Disable RSSI LED's, SSH and Telnet services
•	Maintenance	-	Version information, firmware Upgrades, reset to defaults, configuration backup and restore.
٠	Reboot	-	Remotely reboot the system.
٠	Logout	-	Logout of the current browser session.

4.1.1 System > Summary

The System Summary screen is displayed immediately after initial login, showing a summary and status of all the functions of the VIP4G in a single display. This information includes System Status, Carrier Status, LAN & WAN network information, version info and WiFi radio status as seen below.

→ C f P 74.198.186	5.197/cgi-bin/webif/syst	em-info.sh							\$2 =					
Apps 2 microhardcorp.com			ID Search	Webmaill	OGIN Q	ManticRT	Constan	t Contact - L	0.0					
micr	ohard sys	STEMS INC.					ools							
ummary Settings Acco	ess Control Services	Maintenance Rel												
System Information														
System Information		Carrie	er Status											
System:		Firefox *	odule Status			Enabled						No.	6	5
Host Name	VIP4G_MKT	J Summary - VIP4G Administrativ	e Console 🛃											
System date	2014-03-24	 3 192.168.168.1/cgi-bin/web 	and the second se						÷ ≠ e	1.		ρ.	÷ 1	5
System time	10:25:49	CHW SIGUES	in system much	1.).					- H - G	0	sye		n 1	
System uptime	41 min	General Status												
Version:														
Product Name	VIP4G_WIFI_N			Connection Type Net Mask static 255.255.255.0			MAC Address 00:0F:92:00:00:00							
Hardware Version	Rev 3.0	192.168.168.1 Connection Status		static			255.255.2	55.0		00:01:97	2:00:00:00			
Software Version	v1.1.6													
Build Version	1170	IP Address				Product	Name	52 N.Z		es in				
Built date	2014-03-06	192.168.168.150 192.168.168.184		48:5d:60: 00:80:c8:			Laptop *			11h :	59min 40sec			
Built time	16:12:10	Radio 1 Status		00.00.00	00.00000									
NMS status	UDP Enabled / W	General Status												
WAN Status		MAC Address	Mode		SSID		Frequency	Band	Radio Freque	ncy	Security mode			
		00:80:48:79:8E:46	Access Point	t	MHSMKT		Dual-Band	Mode	2.462		WPA+WPA2(PSK)			
General Status		Connection Status												
IP Address	Connection Ty	MAC Address	Noise Floor	CAID (JP	DCCI (JD	TY COO O	A BY CCO CO	TV Date	DV Day	6.				
Unknown		MAC Address	(dBm)	SINK (dB)	16221 (GISUU)	ix ccu o	N RX CCQ (%	LX Kate	RX Rate	Signa	al Level			
LAN Status		48:5d:60:98:8c:94	-89	61	-34	85	96	12.0 MBit/s	36.0 MBit	/s	100N			
General Status											Auto Refresh Interv	ul: 20 +	(s)	

Image 4-1-1: System Info Window



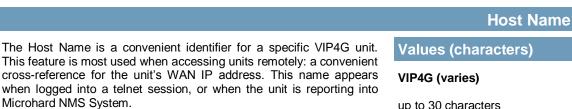
4.1.2 System > Settings

System Settings

Options available in the System Settings menu allow for the configuration of the Host Name.

	er Wireless Con	port I/O GPS	6 Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
mmary Settings Acc	ss Control Servic	es Maintenance	Reboot L	ogout		
stem Settings						
System Settings						
Host Name	VIP4G					
Time Settings : Current Date()	yyy.mm.dd) 2013.12.04	Time(hh:mm:ss): 13:1	3:39			
Timezone	Mountain Time					
Date and Time Setting Mor	le Synchronize Date	And Time Over Network	. 💌			
POSIX TZ String	MST7MDT,M3.2.0,	M11.1.0				
NTP Server	pool.ntp.org					
NTP Server Port	123					
Remove NTP Server						
Remove NTP Server Add NTP Server						
Add NTP Server	80					
Add NTP Server Web Configuration Settings	80 On 💌					
Add NTP Server Web Configuration Settings HTTP Port	1					
Add NTP Server Web Configuration Settings HTTP Port HTTP SSL	On 💌					
Add NTP Server Web Configuration Settings HTTP Port HTTP SSL HTTP SSL PORT	On 💌					
Add NTP Server Web Configuration Settings HTTP Port HTTP SSL HTTP SSL PORT HTTPD Access From LAN	On • 443 On •	1figuration will only be	available			





up to 30 characters

Time Settings

The VIP4G can be set to use a local time source, thus keeping time on its own, or it can be configured to synchronize the date and time via a NTP Server. The options and menus available will change depending on the current setting of the Date and Time Setting Mode, as seen below.



The Host Name must not be confused with the Network Name (SSID) (Wireless Configuration menu). The Network Name MUST be exactly the same on each wireless device within a VIP4G network



Setting Mode			
Date (yyyy.mm.dd)	2011.04.01		
Time (hh:mm:ss)	21:38:12		
Date and Time Setting Mode Timezone			5): 05:16:37
POSIX TZ String	MST7MDT,M3.2.0,M11.1.0		
NTP Server	pool.ntp.org		
NTP Server Port	123		
Remove NTP Server			
	Time (hh:mm:ss) Time Settings : Current E Date and Time Setting Mode Timezone POSIX TZ String NTP Server NTP Server Port	Time (hh:mm:ss) 21:38:12 Time Settings : Current Date(yyyy.mm.dd) 2011.04.0 Date and Time Setting Mode Timezone POSIX TZ String MST7MDT,M3.2.0,M11.1.0 NTP Server Pool.ntp.org NTP Server Port	Time (hh:mm:ss) 21:38:12 Time Settings : Current Date(yyyy.mm.dd) 2011.04.01 Time(hh:mm:s: Date and Time Setting Mode Timezone Mountain Time POSIX TZ String MST7MDT.M3.2.0.M11.1.0 NTP Server pool.ntp.org NTP Server Port 123

0101

01010

Date	and Time Setting Mode
Select the Date and Time Setting Mode required. If set for 'Use Local Time' the unit will keep its own time and not attempt to synchronize	Values (selection)
with a network server. If 'Synchronize Date And Time Over Network' is selected, a NTP server can be defined.	Use Local Time Source Synchronize Date And Time Over Network
	Date
The calendar date may be entered in this field. Note that the entered value is lost should the VIP4G lose power for some reason.	Values (yyyy-mm-dd)
	2011.04.01 (varies)
	Time
The time may be entered in this field. Note that the entered value is lost should the VIP4G lose power for some reason.	Values (hh:mm:ss)
	11:27:28 (varies)
	Timezone
If connecting to a NTP time server, specify the timezone from the dropdown list.	Values (selection)
dropdown list.	User Defined (or out of date)
	POSIX TZ String
This displays the POSIX TZ String used by the unit as determined by the timezone setting.	Values (read only)
the unrecone setting.	(varies)



	NTP Server
Enter the IP Address or domain name of the desired NTP time server.	Values (address)
	pool.ntp.org
	NTP Port
Enter the IP Address or domain name of the desired NTP time server.	Values (port#)
	123

Web Configuration Settings

The last section of the System Setting menu allows the configuration of the HTTP and HTTPS Ports used for the web server of the WEBUI.

Web Configuration Settings		
HTTP Port	80	
HTTP SSL	On 💌	
HTTP SSL PORT	443	
HTTPD Access From LAN		
LAN access	On 💌	
WARNING: When LAN ac	cess is turned off, web configuration will only be available	
through a WAN connect	ion!	

Image 4-1-4: System Settings > Web Configuration Settings

		HTTP Port
The default web server port for the web based configuration tools used		Values (port#)
n the VIP4G is port 80. If a non standard port is used, it must be specified in a internet browser to access the unit. (example: http://192.168.168.1:8080)	80	
		HTTP SSL Port
The secure web port (HTTPS) can be enabled or disabled using the		Values (port#)
HTTP SSL On/Off drop down menu. If enabled, the port used can be specified, the default is port 443.		
		LAN Access
This option can be used to disable LAN access of the HTTP WebUI		Values (selection)
port. If disabled, connection can only be made from the WAN side (Wired or 4G).	On /	Off



4.1.3 System > Access Control

Password Change

The Password Change menu allows the password of the user 'admin' to be changed. The 'admin' username cannot be deleted, but additional users can be defined and deleted as required as seen in the Users menu below.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Compo	t I/0	GPS	Firew	all VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
Summary	Settings	Access	Control	Services	Mainten	ance	Reboot	Logout		
Access C	ontrol									
Passwor	d Change									
	Name : admi	n								
New	Password :				(min 5 c	haracter	s)			
Conf	irm Password:				Change	Passwd]			
Addition	- Alata Chan			uneil else euro						
Add Use	r: (Note: Chan	iges will no	t take effect	until the sys	tem is repo	oted)				
User	name :				(5-32 ch	aracters)			
Passy	word				(min 5 c	haracter	s)			
Confi	irm Password									
Carrie	er		Hide Sub	muenu 🔻						
Com	port		Hide Sub	muenu 🔻						
Firew	vall		Hide Sub	muenu 🔻						
GPS			Hide Sub	muenu 🔻						
I/O			Hide Sub	muenu 🔻						
Multi	WAN		Hide Sub	muenu 🔻						
Netw	ork		Hide Sub	muenu 🔻						
Syste	em		Hide Sub	muenu 💌						
Tools	5		Hide Sub	muenu 💌						
VPN			Hide Sub	muenu 💌						
Wirel	ess		Hide Sub	muenu 💌						
Add	User		Add User							

Image 4-1-5: Access Control > Password Change

	New Password
Enter a new password for the 'admin' user. It must be at least 5 characters in length. The default password for 'admin' is 'admin'.	Values (characters)
	admin
	min 5 characters
	Confirm Password
The exact password must be entered to confirm the password change, if there is a mistake all changes will be discarded	Values (characters)
The exact password must be entered to confirm the password change, if there is a mistake all changes will be discarded.	Values (characters) admin

4.1.3 System > Access Control

Users

Different users can be set up with customized access to the WebUI. Each menu or tab of the WebUI can be disabled on a per user basis as seen below.

Username :		(5-5	Carrier	Show Submuenu
Password		(mi	Status	Disable 💌
Confirm Password			Settings	Disable 💌
Carrier	Hide Submuenu 💌		Keepalive	Disable 💌
Comport	Hide Submuenu 💌		TrafficWatchdog	Disable 💌
Firewall	Hide Submuenu		DynamicDNS	Disable 💌
GPS			SMSConfig	Disable 💌
	Land and the second		SMS	Disable 💌
1/0	Hide Submuenu		DataUsage	Disable 💌
MultiWAN	Hide Submuenu 💌		Comport	Show Submuenu
Network	Hide Submuenu 💌		Status	Disable 💌
System	Hide Submuenu 💌		Settings	Disable 💌
Tools	Hide Submuenu 💌		Firewall	Show Submuenu
VPN	Hide Submuenu 💌		Status	Disable 💌
Wireless	Hide Submuenu 💌		General	Disable 💌
Add User	Add User		Rules	Disable 💌
/ldd Ober	Add Osei		PortForwarding	Disable 💌
Jsers Summary			MACIPList	Disable 💌
Sector Contraction			CPS	Hide Submuenu
No users defined.			I/O	Hide Submuenu
			MultiWAN	Hide Submuenu
			Network	Hide Submuenu
			System	Hide Submuenu
			Tools	Hide Submuenu
			VPN	Hide Submuenu
			Wireless	Hide Submuenu
			Add User	Add User

Image 4-1-6: Access Control > Users

Username

Enter the desired username. Minimum or 5 character and maximum of 32 character. Changes will not take effect until the system has been restarted.

Values (characters)

(no default) Min 5 characters Max 32 characters

Password / Confirm Password

Passwords must be a minimum of 5 characters. The Password must be re-entered exactly in the Confirm Password box as well.

Values (characters)

(no default) min 5 characters



4.1.4 System > Services

Available Services

Certain services in the VIP4G can be disabled or enabled for either security considerations or resource/ power considerations. The Enable/Disable options are applied after a reboot and will take affect after each start up. The Start/Restart/Stop functions only apply to the current session and will not be retained after a power cycle.

ystem	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Com	port	1/0 0	SPS I	irewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tool	S
mmary	Settings	Access	Control	Service	s Ma	intenan	ce Reb	oot Log	gout			
rvices												
Available	e Services											
0	RSSI LED		OAuto Sta	rt Enable	Auto	Start Disa	ble OStar	CRestart	Stop		Service	Auto Start Enabled
0	Throughput T	est Server	OAuto Sta	rt Enable	Auto	Start Disa	ble OStar	Restart	Stop		Service	Auto Start Disabled
0	SSH Service		OAuto Sta	rt Enable	Auto	Start Disa	ble OStar	Restart	Stop			
0	Telnet Service	9	OAuto Sta	rt Enable	Auto	Start Disa	ble OStar	Restart	Stop			
0	FTP Server		OAuto Sta	rt Enable	Auto	Start Disa	ble OStar	Restart	Stop			
0	Microhard Sh		ON/A		ON/A		Star	<u>Restart</u>	Stop			
Services	Status											
RSS	LED				0	Service	Auto Start	Enabled			0	Started
Thro	oughput Test S	erver			0	Service	Auto Start	Enabled			0	Started
SSH	Service				0	Service	Auto Start	Enabled			0	Started
Teln	et Service				0	Service	Auto Start	Enabled			0	Started
FTP :	Server				0	Service	Auto Start	Enabled			0	Started
Distant.	ohard Sh				0	N/A					0	Stopped

Image 4-1-7: System > Services

	RSSI LED			
The VIP4G has the ability to turn off the RSSI LED's. The RSSI value can still be read from the unit, but the status will not be visible on the	Values (selection)			
unit itself.	Enable / Disable			
	Throughput Test Server			
For testing purposes the VIP4G has an internal iperf server that can be used to test unit performance. The user must install a iperf client to	Values (selection)			
use this functionality.	Enable / Disable			
	SSH Service			
Using the SSH Service Enable/Disable function, you can disable the SSH service (Port 22) from running on the VIP4G.	Values (selection)			
	Enable / Disable			



	Telnet Service		
Using the Telnet Service Enable/Disable function, you can disable the Telnet service (Port 23) from running on the VIP4G.	Values (characters)		
remet service (Port 23) from running on the VIP4G.	Enable / Disable		
	FTP Serve		
Using the FTP Service Enable/Disable function, you can disable the FTP service (Port 21) from running on the VIP4G. This port is reserved	Values (selection)		
for internal use / future use.	Start / Restart / Stop		
	Microhard S		
Custom SSH Port. Reserved for internal use.	Values (selection)		
	Start / Restart / Stop		

4.1.5 System > Power Saving (Factory Installed Option)

The Power Saving feature of the VIP4G is only available in firmware version 1.1.6-1170 or later. It also requires a factory installed modification that must be specified at the time of order, or returned to the factory for an upgrade.

VIP4G

The Power Saving feature of the VIP4G works with the IGN line located on the PWR connector. It was designed with vehicle systems in mind, but could be useful in other applications. The VIP4G must run for at least 5 minutes before power saving will work.

The VIP4G requires that the IGN line be ON (1.8 - 32V) to boot up and perform normal operations. If the IGN line goes OFF (Less than 1.8V) or floating (The Ignition of the vehicle turned OFF), the VIP4G will then look at the Power Down Delay and start counting down to when it will turn itself off. It will also look at the Power Down Voltage, if the voltage drops below the set value, the VIP4G will power down.

The VIP4G will power up and resume normal operation once the IGN line is retuned to the ON state.

	mi	cro	hare	d syst	rems	INC	1010	101	0	11	0
System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Compor	t I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	Multi	WAN	Tools
Summary	Settings	Access	Control	Services	Power S	aving	Maintenand	e Rel	poot	Logout	
Power Sa System S											
Powe	er Saving Status	s	Enable •								
Powe	er Down Delay(Minutes)	60								
Powe	er Down Voltag	ge (8-32 V)	10								

Image 4-1-8: System > Power Saving

	Power Saving Status		
Enable or disable the power saving feature of the VIP4G. If enabled, it	Values (selection)		
requires that the IGN line is high to run, if IGN is low it will initiate the power down delay.	Enable / Disable		
	Power Down Delay		
Once the VIP4G is running for at least five minutes, and the IGN line goes low (less than 1.8V), the VIP4G will stay on for the amount of time (minutes) defined here.	Values (minutes)		
	60		
	Power Down Voltage		
The VIP4G can be configured to power down if the supply voltage	Values (8 - 32 V))		
drops below the value defined here. This ensures that the unit will power down before it causes a significant drain on the vehicles battery.	10		



4.1.6 System > Maintenance

Version Information

Detailed version information can be found on this display. The Product Name, Firmware Version, Hardware Type, Build Version, Build Date and Build Time can all be seen here, and may be requested from Microhard Systems to provide technical support.

	mi	icro	har	d sys	TEMS INC.	101010	1010	10101 01010
System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Compor	t I/O GPS	Firewall VP	MultiWAN To	pols
Summary	Settings	Access	Control	Services	Maintenance	Reboot Logout		
System I	Maintenance							
Version	Information							
Pro	duct Name	Part No	D.	Serial No.	Hardware Type	Build Versio	n Build Date	Build Time
VIP4	IG_WIFI_N	MHS11	6700	1057883	v2.0.0	v1.1.6 build	2014-03-06	16:12:10
Firmwar	e Upgrade							
Erase	e Current Conf	iguration	Keep AL	L Configuration	•			
Firmv	vare Image		Choose	File No file ch	iosen			
1000	ade		I Incorporate 1	Firmware				

Image 4-1-9: Maintenance > Version Information / Firmware Upgrade

Firmware Upgrade

Occasional firmware updates may be releases by Microhard Systems which include fixes and new features. The firmware can be updated here wirelessly using the WebUI.

Eras	e Current Configuration
Allows a user to select if the unit is to keep its current configuration, erase its configuration, or to erase the configuration, but keep Carrier	Values (selection)
Settings during the firmware upgrade process.	Keep ALL Configuration Keep Carrier Configuration Erase Configuration
	Firmware Image
Use the Browse button to find the firmware file supplied by Microhard Systems. Select "Upgrade Firmware" to start the upgrade process. This can take several minutes.	Values (file) (no default)



4.1.6 System > Maintenance

Reset to Default

The VIP4G may be set back to factory defaults by using the Reset to Default option under System > Maintenance > Reset to Default. *Caution* - All settings will be lost!!!

Reset to Default			
Reset to Default	Reset to Default	Carrier Settings	
Backup Configuration			
Name this configuration	VIP4G		
Backup	Backup Configuration		
Restore Configuration	Down	loading Configuration File, please wait	
Restore Configuration file	Choose File No file If do	ownloading does not start automatically, click here <u>VIP4G.</u>	config
Check Configuration file	Check Restore File		
	Restore Configuration		
	The configuration looks	good!	
	Config file Name	VIP4G	
	Generated	Wed Dec 4 13:47:08 MST 2013	
	Vendor	2012 Microhard Systems Inc.	
	Product	VIP4G_WIFI_N-VIP4G	
	Hardware Type	v2.0.0	
	Restore		

Image 4-1-10: Maintenance > Reset to Default / Backup & Restore Configuration

Backup & Restore Configuration

The configuration of the VIP4G can be backed up to a file at any time using the Backup Configuration feature. The file can the be restored using the Restore Configuration feature. It is always a good idea to backup any configurations in case of unit replacement. The configuration files cannot be edited offline, they are used strictly to backup and restore units.

Name this Configuration / Backup Configuration

Use this field to name the configuration file. The .config extension will automatically be added to the configuration file.

Restore Configuration file / Check Restore File / Restore

Use the 'Browse' button to find the backup file that needs to be restored to the unit. Use the 'Check Restore File' button to verify that the file is valid, and then the option to restore the configuration is displayed, as seen above.



4.1.7 System > Reboot

The VIP4G can be remotely rebooted using the System > Reboot menu. As seen below a button 'OK, reboot now' is provided. Once pressed, the unit immediately reboots and starts its boot up procedure.

System	microhard systems INC. Network Carrier Wireless Comport I/O GPS Firewall VPN MultiWAN Tools y Settings Access Control Services Maintenance Reboot Logout	0
OK, rebo	microbord merry me	
	System Network Carrier Wireless Comport I/O GPS Firewall VPN MultiWAN Tools Summary Settings Access Control Services Maintenance Reboot Logout Rebooting now Please wait about 60 seconds. The web interface should automatically reload. Image: Control of the second sec	
	Copyright © 2012 Microhard Systems Inc. VIP4G_MH51234	56

Image 4-1-11: System > Reboot

4.1.8 System > Logout

The logout function allows a user to end the current configuration session and prompt for a login screen.

7	mi	icroha	rd sys	TEMS IN	C. 10	noto	101	01	010101
System	Network	Carrier Wire	less Compo	rt I/O GP	S Firew	vall VPN	MultiWAN	Tools	
Summary	y Settings	Access Contr	ol Services	Maintenance	Reboot	Logout			
Are you	sure you wa	nt to log out							
Logout N	ow								
		Authentication Q User Name: Password:		nd password ar	e being requi	ested by htt Cance		3.1. The site sa	ys: "VIP4G+wifi"

Image 4-1-12: System > logout



4.2 Network

4.2.1 Network > Status

The Network Status display gives a overview of the currently configured network interfaces including the Connection Type (Static/DHCP), IP Address, Net Mask, Default Gateway, DNS, and IPv4 Routing Table.

tem	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Col	nport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiW	AN	1010 101 Tools	
tus	LAN WAN	Switch	Routes	GRE	SNMP	sdpS		LocalMoni					
twork	Status												
AN Por	t Status												
Gen	eral Status												
IP Ac	ddress		Connection	Type		Ne	t Mask		M	AC Addre	255		
192.	168.168.1		static			25	5.255.255	5.0	00):0F:92:0	D:85:73		
Traf	fic Status												
Rece	eive bytes		Receive p	ackets		1	Fransmit	oytes		Transmi	t packe	ts	
313.	242KB		2314			5	50.914KE			813			
AN Por	t Status												
Gen	eral Status												
IP Ac	ddress		Connection	туре		Ne	et Mask		M	AC Addre	255		
192.	168.168.1		static			25	5.255.255	5.0	00):0F:92:0	D:85:73		
Traf	fic Status												
Rece	eive bytes		Receive p	ackets		1	Fransmit I	oytes		Transmi	t packe	ts	
313.	288KB		2316			5	52.227KE			814			
efault (Gateway												
Gatev	way	7	4.198.186.19	8									
NS													
DNS	Server(s)		4.71.255.205 4.71.255.253										
Pv4 Rou	uting Table												
Des	tination	Gate	eway		Netm	ask		Flags	<u>Metric</u>	Ref	Use	Interface	
74.1	98.186.196	0.0.	0.0		255.2	55.255.25	52	U	0	0	0	(br-wan2)	
1000	168.168.0	0.0.			107217	55.255.0		U	0	0	0	(br-lan)	
0.0.0	0.0	74.1	98.186.198		0.0.0.	.0		UG	0	0	0	(br-wan2)	

Image 4-2-1: Network > Network Status



4.2.2 Network > LAN

Network LAN Configuration

The Ethernet port (RJ45) on the back of the VIP4G is the LAN port, used for connection of devices on a local network. By default, this port has a static IP Address of 192.168.168.1. It also, by default is running a DHCP server to provide IP Addresses to devices that are connected to the physical port, and devices connected by a WiFi connection (if equipped).

System	Net	work	Carrier	Wireless	Con	nport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
Status	LAN	WAN	Switch	Routes	GRE	SNMP	sdp	Server	LocalMon	itor		
Networl	k LAN	Config	uration									
LAN Inte	erfaces											
No.	Na	ame	IP Addr	ess			F	rotocol	t.	DHCP	Config	
1	lar	1	192.16	8.168.1			5	tatic	(Dn	Remove	Edit
Add	3											
Nam MAC IP A	ne C Addre ddress		HCP)									
	static IP	9										
Static Add	6. S.											
MAC	Address			IP Address				Name			NetStatus	
Active DH	CP Lease	25										
MAC	Address			IP Address				Name			Expires in	
00:88	:65:50:2d	i:df		192.168.168	162			Pauls-iPhone 5			33sec	Release
Re	lease A	II) Ref	resh									

Image 4-2-2: Network > LAN Configuration

LAN Add/Edit Interface

The VIP4G has the capability to have multiple SSID's for the WiFi radio (optional). New Interfaces can be added for additional SSID's, providing, if required, separate subnets for each SSID. By default any additional interfaces added will automatically assign IP addresses to connecting devices via DHCP. Additional interfaces can only be used by additional WIFI SSID's (virtual interfaces).

Network LAN Configuratio	n		
lan Configuration			
Spanning Tree (STP)	On 💌		
Connection Type	Static IP 💌		
IP Address	192.168.168.1		
Netmask	255.255.255.0		
Default Gateway			
lan DNS Servers			
DNS Server 1			

Image 4-2-3: Network > Add/Edit LAN Interface



DHCP: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol may be used by networked devices (Clients) to obtain unique network addresses from a DHCP server.

Advantage:

Ensures unique IP addresses are assigned, from a central point (DHCP server) within a network.

Disadvantage:

The address of a particular device is not 'known' and is also subject to change.

STATIC addresses must be tracked (to avoid duplicate use), yet they may be permanently assigned to a device.





Within any IP network, each device must have its own unique IP address.



A SUBNET MASK is a bit mask that separates the network and host (device) portions of an IP address.

The 'unmasked' portion leaves available the information required to identify the various devices on the subnet.



A GATEWAY is a point within a network that acts as an entrance to another network.

In typical networks, a router acts as a gateway.



DNS: Domain Name Service is an Internet service that translates easilyremembered domain names into their not-so-easilyremembered IP addresses.

Being that the Internet is based on IP addresses, without DNS, if one entered the domain name www.microhardcorp.com (for example) into the URL line of a web browser, the website 'could not be found').

	Spanning Tree (STP)
Use this option to enable or disable the use of Spanning Tree Protocol (STP).	Values (selection)
	On Off
	Connection Type
This selection determines if the VIP4G will obtain an IP address from a DHCP server on the attached network, or if a static IP address will be	Values (selection)
entered. If a Static IP Address is chosen, the fields that follow must also be populated.	DHCP Static
	IP Address
If 'Static' Connection Type is selected, a valid IPv4 Address for the network being used must be entered in the field. If 'DHCP' is chosen	Values (IP Address)
this field will not appear and it will be populated automatically from the DHCP server.	192.168.168.1
	Netmask
If 'Static' Connection Type is selected, the Network Mask must be entered for the Network. If 'DHCP' is chosen this field will not appear	Values (IP Address)
and it will be populated automatically from the DHCP server.	255.255.255.0
	Default Gateway
If the VIP4G is integrated into a network which has a defined gateway, then, as with other hosts on the network, this gateway's IP address will	Values (IP Address)
be entered into this field. If there is a DHCP server on the network, and the Connection Type (see previous page) is selected to be DHCP, the DHCP server will populate this field with the appropriate gateway address.	(no default)
A simple way of looking at what the gateway value should be is: If a denot know where to send, send it to the gateway. If necessary - and appet the packet onwards to another network.	
	LAN DNS Servers
DNS (Domain Name Service) Servers are used to resolve domain	Values (IP Address)

1010

DNS (Domain Name Service) Servers are used to resolve domain names into IP addresses. If the Connection Type is set for DHCP the DHCP server will populate this field and the value set can be viewed on the Network > Status page.

(no default)

VIP4G

LAN DHCP

A VIP4G may be configured to provide dynamic host control protocol (DHCP) service to all attached (either wired or wireless (WiFi)-connected) devices. By default the DHCP service is enabled, so devices that are connected to the physical Ethernet LAN ports, as well as any devices that are connected by WiFi will be assigned an IP by the VIP4G.

101

101

VIP4G

HCP Server	Enable 💌
Start	192.168.168.100
Limit	150
Lease Time (in minutes)	2
Alternate Gateway	
Preferred DNS server	
Alternate DNS server	
Domain Name	lan
WINS/NBNS Servers	
WINS/NBT Node Type	none 💌

Image 4-2-4: Network > Add/Edit Interface DHCP

	DHCP
The option is used to enable or disable the DHCP service for devices connected to the LAN Port and devices connected through a Wireless	Values (selection)
connection. This includes VIP connected as clients and other wireless devices such as 802.11 connections.	On / Off
	Start
Select the starting address DHCP assignable IP Addresses. The first octets of the subnet will be pre-set based on the LAN IP configuration,	Values (IP Address)
and can not be changed.	192.168.168.100
	Limit
Set the maximum number of IP addresses that can be assigned by the VIP4G.	Values (integer)
VII 40.	150
	Lease Time
The DHCP lease time is the amount of time before a new request for a network address must be made to the DHCP Server.	Values (minutes)
network address must be made to the DHCF Server.	(minutes)

Prior to enabling this service, verify that there are no other devices - either wired (e.g. LAN) or wireless (e.g. another VIP Series unit) with an active DHCP SERVER service. (The Server issues IP address information at the request of a DHCP Client, which receives the information.)



	Alternate Gateway
Specify an alternate gateway for DHCP assigned devices if the default gateway is not to be used.	Values (IP Address)
galeway is not to be used.	(IP Address)
	Preferred DNS Server
Specify a preferred DNS server address to be assigned to DHCP devices.	Values (IP Address)
	(IP Address)
	Alternate DNS Server
Specify the alternate DNS server address to be assigned to DHCP devices.	Values (IP Address)
devices.	(IP Address)
	Domain Name
Enter the Domain Name for the DHCP devices.	Values (string)
Enter the Domain Name for the DHCP devices.	Values (string) (IP Address)
Enter the Domain Name for the DHCP devices.	
Enter the address of the WINS/NBNS (NetBIOS) Server. The WINS	(IP Address)
	(IP Address) WINS/NBNS Servers
Enter the address of the WINS/NBNS (NetBIOS) Server. The WINS server will translate computers names into their IP addresses, similar	(IP Address) WINS/NBNS Servers Values (IP/Domain)
Enter the address of the WINS/NBNS (NetBIOS) Server. The WINS server will translate computers names into their IP addresses, similar to how a DNS server translates domain names to IP addresses.	(IP Address) WINS/NBNS Servers Values (IP/Domain) (no default)
Enter the address of the WINS/NBNS (NetBIOS) Server. The WINS server will translate computers names into their IP addresses, similar to how a DNS server translates domain names to IP addresses. Select the method used to resolve computer names to IP addresses. Four name resolution methods are available: B-node: broadcast	(IP Address) WINS/NBNS Servers Values (IP/Domain) (no default) WINS/NBT Node Type Values (selection) none
Enter the address of the WINS/NBNS (NetBIOS) Server. The WINS server will translate computers names into their IP addresses, similar to how a DNS server translates domain names to IP addresses. Select the method used to resolve computer names to IP addresses. Four name resolution methods are available:	(IP Address) WINS/NBNS Servers Values (IP/Domain) (no default) WINS/NBT Node Type Values (selection)
Enter the address of the WINS/NBNS (NetBIOS) Server. The WINS server will translate computers names into their IP addresses, similar to how a DNS server translates domain names to IP addresses. Select the method used to resolve computer names to IP addresses. Four name resolution methods are available: B-node: broadcast P-node: point-to-point	(IP Address) WINS/NBNS Servers Values (IP/Domain) (no default) WINS/NBT Node Type Values (selection) none b-node



Static IP Addresses (for DHCP)

In some applications it is important that specific devices always have a predetermined IP address. This section allows for MAC Address binding to a IP Address, so that whenever the device that has the specified MAC address, will always get the selected IP address. In this situation, all attached (wired or wireless) devices can all be configured for DHCP, but still get a known IP address.

ic IP addresses (for DHCI	P)	
Name		
MAC Address		
P Address		

Image 4-2-5: Network > MAC Address Binding

	Name
The name field is used to give the device a easily recognizable name.	Values (characters)
	(no default)
	MAC Address
Enter in the MAC address of the device to be bound to a set IP address. Set the IP Address in the next field. Must use the format:	Values (MAC Address)
AB:CD:DF:12:34:D3. It is not case sensitive, but the colons must be present.	(no default)
	IP Address
Enter the IP Address to be assign to the device specified by the MAC address above.	Values (IP Address)
address above.	(minutes)

Static Addresses

This section displays the IP address and MAC address currently assigned through the DCHP service, that are bound by it's MAC address. Also shown is the Name, and the ability to remove the binding by clicking "Remove _____".

Active DHCP Leases

This section displays the IP Addresses currently assigned through the DCHP service. Also shown is the MAC Address, Name and Expiry time of the lease for reference.

Network Interfaces

When additional Network Interfaces are added, they will show up here in a list. You can remove Network Interfaces by clicking "Remove _____".



4.2.3 Network > WAN

WAN Configuration

The WAN configuration refers to the wired WAN connection on the VIP4G. The WAN port can be used to connect the VIP4G to other networks, the internet and/or other network resources.

System	Netwo	ork	Carrier	Wireless	Compo	ort I/	0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools	
Status	LAN V	VAN	Switch	Routes	GRE	SNMP	sdp	Server	LocalMon	itor			
Network	WAN C	onfig	uration										
WAN Co	onfigurati	on											
Wor	king Mode	e		Independer	it 💌								
Con	nection T	ype		Static IP	-								
IP Ac	dress												
Netn	nask												
Defa	ult Gatew	vay											
WAN DI	NS Servers	5											
auto	,			Re	move								
			Add										

Image 4-2-6: Network > WAN Configuration

		Working Mode			
	Use this to set the function of the physical WAN RJ45 port. If set to	Values (selection)			
У	independent, the physical WAN port will operate as a standard WAN port, if disabled, the physical port will operate as another LAN port on the LAN.	Independent Bridge to LAN			
		Connection Type			
	This selection determines if the VIP4G will obtain an WAN IP address from a DHCP server, or if a static IP address will be entered. If a Static	Values (selection)			
ses al a	IP Address is chosen, the fields that follow must also be populated.	DHCP Static			
		IP Address			
6	If 'Static' Connection Type is selected, a valid IPv4 Address for the	Values (IP Address)			
e	network being used must be entered in the field. If 'DHCP' is chosen this field will not appear and it will be populated automatically from the DHCP server.	(no default)			
		Netmask			
	If 'Static' Connection Type is selected, the Network Mask must be entered for the Network. If 'DHCP' is chosen this field will not appear	Values (IP Address)			
	and it will be populated automatically from the DHCP server.	(no default)			



DHCP: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol may be used by networked devices (Clients) to obtain unique network addresses from a DHCP server.

Advantage:

Ensures unique IP addresses are assigned, from a central point (DHCP server) within a network.

Disadvantage:

The address of a particular device is not 'known' and is also subject to change.

STATIC addresses must be tracked (to avoid duplicate use), yet they may be permanently assigned to a device.

Default Gateway

If the VIP4G is integrated into a network which has a defined gateway, then, as with other hosts on the network, this gateway's IP address will be entered into this field. If there is a DHCP server on the network, and the Connection Type (see previous page) is selected to be DHCP, the DHCP server will populate this field with the appropriate gateway address.

(no default)

Values (IP Address)

VIP4G

WAN Static DNS Servers

Values (IP Address)

(no default)

WAN St rvers are used to resolve domain Value

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DNS (Domain Name Service) Servers are used to resolve domain names into IP addresses. If the Connection Type is set for DHCP the DHCP server will populate this field and the value set can be viewed on the Network > Status page. To add additional static servers, enter them here.

4.2.4 Network > Switch

The VIP4G has the capability to add multiple network interfaces. It may also be desirable to segment these different subnets. The VIP4G features two different VLAN mode, Port Based, and 802.1Q VLAN.

VIP4G

In port based VLAN port membership is exclusive, a port can only belong to a single VLAN, and is generally used to separate the different subnets. In a port based VLAN every port should be a Untagged Member, not a Tagged Member.

802.1Q VLAN uses tagging to allow separation of network segments. Ports can belong to multiple VLANs. A Trunk port can be configured to communicate with other VLAN switch by adding all configured VLANs to a single port. The native VLAN1 is used by default, it is important that any connected VLAN switch use the same Native VLAN.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Compo	t I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
Status	LAN WA	N Switch	Routes	GRE S	NMP	sdpServer	LocalMor	nitor		
Etherne	t Switch Set	up								
VLAN M	lode									
Port	t based 💌									
VLAN C	onfiguration									
VLA	N ID		2		[212	7]				
VLA	N Name		vlan2							
Port	:1		Untagged M	lember 💌						
Port	2		Untagged M	lember 💌						
Port	3		Untagged M	1ember 💌						
Add	VLAN									
VLAN S	ummary									
VLA	N ID	VLAN Name	Port1			Port2			Port3	
1		vlan1	Untagged I	Member 💌		Untagge	d Member 💌		Untagged M	ember 💌

Image 4-2-7: Network > Switch

	VLAN Mode
By default the VIP4G is configured to Port Based VLAN with all ports bridged. See above description for differences between Port Based	Values (selection)
and Tagged VLANs.	Port Based 802.1Q (Tagged)
	Native VLAN
If 802.1Q is selected for the VLAN mode, the Native VLAN can be configured here. It is important for switch-to-switch connections to use	Values
a consistent Native VLAN.	1



	VLAN Mod
By default the VIP4G is configured to Port Based VLAN with all ports	Values (selection)
ed. See above description for differences between Port Based Fagged VLANs. 2.1Q is selected for the VLAN mode, the Native VLAN can be gured here. It is important for switch-to-switch connections to use isistent Native VLAN. In adding a VLAN you must select a VLAN ID. Select between 2 127 for valid VLAN IDs. In ammes can be added to aid in VLAN identification (purpose, I,e heering, Accounting, etc). In port to the current VLAN. In port to the current VLAN. In adde: Not part of the current VLAN Inted Member: In 802.1Q this assigns the current VLAN to the port, Integed Member: In port based VLAN this assigns a port to the nt VLAN. As mentioned previously, in port based VLAN, ports can belong to a single VLAN.	Port Based
fault the VIP4G is configured to Port Based VLAN with all ports Values (selected for the VLAN for differences between Port Based 802.1Q (Tagged) Agged VLANs. N 1Q is selected for the VLAN mode, the Native VLAN can be ured here. It is important for switch-to-switch connections to use isstent Native VLAN. Values adding a VLAN you must select a VLAN ID. Select between 2 Values 27 for valid VLAN IDs. Values adding a VLAN you must select a VLAN ID. Select between 2 Values 27 for valid VLAN IDs. Values added to aid in VLAN identification (purpose, I,e erring, Accounting, etc). Values addere: Not part of the current VLAN. Values (select Tagged Member: In 802.1Q this assigns the current VLAN to the port, error values 1. In port based VLAN, in port based VLAN, ports can elong to a single VLAN. at the user the ability to assign specific configured network ces to a specific VLAN. (802.1Q) Values (select None LAN	802.1Q (Tagged)
	Native VLA
If 802.1Q is selected for the VLAN mode, the Native VLAN can be	Values
a consistent Native VLAN.	1
	VLAN I
When adding a VLAN you must select a VLAN ID. Select between 2	
and 127 for valid VLAN IDs.	
ridged. See above description for differences between Port Based and Tagged VLANs. 802.1Q is selected for the VLAN mode, the Native VLAN can be onfigured here. It is important for switch-to-switch connections to use consistent Native VLAN. 1 //hen adding a VLAN you must select a VLAN ID. Select between 2 v/ hen adding a VLAN you must select a VLAN ID. Select between 2 v/ hen adding a VLAN you must select a VLAN ID. Select between 2 v/ nd 127 for valid VLAN IDs. 2 LAN names can be added to aid in VLAN identification (purpose, I,e ngineering, Accounting, etc). v ssign port to the current VLAN. v exclude: Not part of the current VLAN v agged Member: In 802.1Q this assigns the current VLAN to the port, urrent VLAN. As mentioned previously, in port based VLAN, ports can nly belong to a single VLAN. v Ilows the user the ability to assign specific configured network therfaces to a specific VLAN. (802.1Q) N	
	VLAN Nam
VLAN names can be added to aid in VLAN identification (purpose, I,e Engineering, Accounting, etc).	Values
	vlan2
	Port 1 -
Assign port to the current VLAN.	Values (selection)
Exclude: Not part of the current VLAN	
By default the VIP4G is configured to Port Based VLAN with all ports bridged. See above description for differences between Port Based and Tagged VLANs. Values (select Port Based 802.1Q (Tagged) National State Values If 802.1Q is selected for the VLAN mode, the Native VLAN can be configured here. It is important for switch-to-switch connections to use a consistent Native VLAN. Values 1 When adding a VLAN you must select a VLAN ID. Select between 2 and 127 for valid VLAN IDs. Values 2 (2-127) WLAN names can be added to aid in VLAN identification (purpose, I,e Engineering, Accounting, etc). Values van2 Assign port to the current VLAN. Values (values) van2 Assign port to the current VLAN. Exclude: Naged Member: In 802.1Q this assigns the current VLAN to the port, untagged Member: In port based VLAN this assigns a port to the current VLAN. As mentioned previously, in port based VLAN, ports can only belong to a single VLAN. Values (select Yalues (select Tagged Member: None Allows the user the ability to assign specific configured network Values (select Yalues (select Tagged Nember)	Tagged Member Untagged Member
pridged. See above description for differences between Port Based and Tagged VLANs. Port Based and Tagged VLANs. Port Based 802.1Q is selected for the VLAN mode, the Native VLAN can be configured here. It is important for switch-to-switch connections to use a consistent Native VLAN. When adding a VLAN you must select a VLAN ID. Select between 2 Values and 127 for valid VLAN IDS. VLAN names can be added to aid in VLAN identification (purpose, I,e VLAN names can be added to aid in VLAN identification (purpose, I,e Values Engineering, Accounting, etc). Values	
current VLAN. As mentioned previously, in port based VLAN, ports can only belong to a single VLAN.	
	Netwo
Allows the user the ability to assign specific configured potwork	
	LAN



4.2.5 Network > Routes

Static Routes Configuration

It may be desirable to have devices on different subnets to be able to talk to one another. This can be accomplished by specifying a static route, telling the VIP4G where to send data.

itus LAN	WAN Switch	Routes GRI	E SNMP	sdpServer	Localmon	llor	
atic Routes	Configuration						
Castic Bouts C.	afiguration						
Static Route Co	omiguration						
Name		route1					
Destination	1	192.168.168.0					
Gateway		192.168.168.1					
Netmask		255.255.255.0					
Metric		0					
Interface		LAN 💌					
Add Static I	Route						
Static Route Su	immary						
Name	Destination	0	ateway	Netmas	ik.	Metric	Interface

Image 4-2-8: Network > Routes

	Name
Routes can be names for easy reference, or to describe the route being added.	Values (characters)
being added.	(no default)
	Destination
Enter the network IP address for the destination.	Values (IP Address)
	(192.168.168.0)
	Gateway
Specify the Gateway used to reach the network specified above.	Values (IP Address)
	192.168.168.1
	Netmask
Enter the Netmask for the destination network.	Values (IP Address)
	255.255.255.0



	Metric
n some cases there may be multiple routes to reach a destination. The Metric can be set to give certain routes priority, the lower the	Values (Integer)
netric is, the better the route. The more hops it takes to get to a estination, the higher the metric.	0
	Interface
Define the exit interface. Is the destination a device on the LAN, or the VAN?	Values (Selection)
	LAN WAN
	4G None



4.2.6 Network > GRE

GRE Configuration

The VIP4G supports GRE (Generic Routing Encapsulation) Tunneling which can encapsulate a wide variety of network layer protocols not supported by traditional VPN. This allows IP packets to travel from one side of a GRE tunnel to the other without being parsed or treated like IP packets.

tatus	s LAI	N V	/AN S	Switch		loute	GRE	SNMP sdps	Server Lo	ocalMonitor			
Sumn	nary												
No. I	Name	Status	Multicast	ARP	TTL	IPsec	Local Tunnel IP	Local Gateway	Local Subnet	Remote Gateway	Remote Subnet	RX/TX Bytes	Tunnel Te
1 1	tunnel_1	Enable	Disable	Disable		Disable	192.168.168.1 255.255.255.0	74.186.198.197	192.168.168.1 255.255.255.0	74.186.198.195	192.168.20.1 255.255.255.0		N/A
Add	d												

Image 4-2-9: Network > GRE Summary

stem	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Com	port I	/O GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools	
atus	LAN WAI	Switch	Routes	GRE	SNMP	sdpServe	er LocaiMo	nitor			
Edit a Ti	unnel										
Nam	e		tunnel_1								
Enab	ble		V								
Mult	icast										
TTL			255								
Key			password								
ARP			V								
Inter	face		4G 💌								
Local Se											
	way IP Addre		74.186.198								
	nel IP Address		192.168.16								
Netn			255.255.25								
1000	net IP Addres	5	192.168.16								
Subr	net Mask		255 255 25	5.0							
Remote	Setup										
Gate	way IP Addre	\$\$	74.186.198	. 195							
Subr	net IP Address	5	192.168.20	.1							
Subr	net Mask		255.255.25	5.0							
IPsec Se	tup										

Image 4-2-10: Network > Edit/Add GRE Tunnel





	Enable
Enable / Disable the GRE Tunnel.	Values (selection)
	Disable / Enable
	Multicast
Enable / Disable Multicast support over the GRE tunnel.	Values (selection)
	Disable / Enable
	TTL
Set the TTL (Time-to-live) value for packets traveling through the GRE tunnel.	Values (value)
	1 - 255
	Key
Enter a key is required, key must be the same for each end of the GRE tunnel.	Values (chars)
	(none)
	ARP
Enable / Disable ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) support over the GRE tunnel.	Values (selection)
	Disable / Enable
Local Setup	
The local setup refers to the local side of the GRE tunnel, as opposed	to the remote end.
	Gateway IP Address
This is the WAN IP Address of the VIP4G, this field should be populated with the current WAN IP address.	Values (IP Address)

	(varies)
	Tunnel IP Address
This is the IP Address of the local tunnel.	Values (IP Address)
	(varies)
	Netmask
Enter the subnet mask of the local tunnel IP address.	Values (IP Address)
	(varies)



	Subnet IP Address
Enter the subnet address for the local network.	Values (IP Address)
	(varies)
	Subnet Mask
	Subhet Mask
The subnet mask for the local network/subnet.	Values (IP Address)

Remote Setup

The remote setup tells the VIP4G about the remote end, the IP address to create the tunnel to, and the subnet that is accessible on the remote side of the tunnel.

	Gateway IP Address
Enter the WAN IP Address of the VIP4G or other GRE supported device in which a tunnel is to be created with at the remote end.	Values (IP Address)
	(varies)
	Subnet IP Address
The is the IP Address of the remote network, on the remote side of the GRE Tunnel.	Values (IP Address)
GRE fuille.	(varies)
	Subnet Mask
The is the subnet mask for the remote network/subnet.	Values (IP Address)
	(varies)

IPsec Setup

Refer to the IPsec setup in the VPN Site to Site section of the manual for more information.



4.2.7 Network > SNMP

The VIP4G may be configured to operate as a Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) agent. Network management is most important in larger networks, so as to be able to manage resources and measure performance. SNMP may be used in several ways:

1010

VIP4G

- configure remote devices
- monitor network performance
- detect faults
- audit network usage
- detect authentication failures

A SNMP management system (a PC running SNMP management software) is required for this service to operate. This system must have full access to the VIP4G. Communications is in the form of queries (information requested by the management system) or traps (information initiated at, and provided by, the SNMP agent in response to predefined events).

Objects specific to the VIP4G are hosted under private enterprise number 21703.

An object is a variable in the device and is defined by a Management Information Database (MIB). Both the management system and the device have a copy of the MIB. The MIB in the management system provides for identification and processing of the information sent by a device (either responses to queries or device-sourced traps). The MIB in the device relates subroutine addresses to objects in order to read data from, or write data to, variables in the device.

An SNMPv1 agent accepts commands to retrieve an object, retrieve the next object, set and object to a specified value, send a value in response to a received command, and send a value in response to an event (trap).

SNMPv2c adds to the above the ability to retrieve a large number of objects in response to a single request.

SNMPv3 adds strong security features including encryption; a shared password key is utilized. Secure device monitoring over the Internet is possible. In addition to the commands noted as supported above, there is a command to synchronize with a remote management station.

The pages that follow describe the different fields required to set up SNMP on the VIP4G. MIBS may be requested from Microhard Systems Inc.

The MIB file can be downloaded directly from the unit using the 'Get MIB File' button on the Network > SNMP menu.

Download MIB File			
Get MIB File			
Get MID FIle			

Image 4-2-11: Network > MIB Download

SNMP: Simple Network Management Protocol provides a method of managing network devices from a single PC running network management software.

Managed networked devices are referred to as SNMP agents.



SNMP Settings

system	Networ	k (Carrier	Wireless	Com	port	1/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
tatus	LAN W	AN	Switch	Routes	GRE	SNMP	sd	pServer	LocalMo	nitor		
	ettings Settings											
SNN	MP Operation	n Mod	le	© Disable	<mark>● V1&</mark> V	2c&V3						
Rea	ad Only Com	munit	y Name	public								
Rea	ad Write Corr	nmuni	ty Name	private								
SNN	MP V3 User N	lame		V3user								
V3	User Read W	Vrite L	imit	Read Or	nly 🔘 Re	ad Write						
V3	User Authen	ticati	on Level	AuthNoPriv	/ 💌							
V3	Authenticati	on Pa	ssword	00000000								
V3	Privacy Pass	word		00000000								
SNM	MP Trap Vers	ion		V1 Traps	0							
Aut	h Failure Tra	ps		Disable	🖲 Enabl	е						
Tra	p Community	y Nam	e	TrapUser								
Traj	p Manage Ho	ost IP		0.0.0.0								
SNN	MP Listening	Proto	col	IDP 🔘	ГСР							
SNM	MP Listening	Port		161								
Downl	oad MIB File											
Get	MIB File											

Image 4-2-12: Network > SNMP

	SNMP Operation Mode			
If disabled, an SNMP service is not provided from the device. Enabled, the device - now an SNMP agent - can support SNMPv1, v2,	Values (selection)			
& v3.	Disable / V1&V2c&V3			
Read	Only Community Name			
Effectively a plain-text password mechanism used to weakly authenticate SNMP queries. Being part of the community allows the				
SNMP agent to process SNMPv1 and SNMPv2c requests. This community name has only READ priority.	public			
Read	Only Community Name			
Also a plain-text password mechanism used to weakly authenticate	Only Community Name Values (string)			
Also a plain-text password mechanism used to weakly authenticate SNMP queries. Being part of the community allows the SNMP agent to process SNMPv1 and SNMPv2c requests. This community name has	Values (string)			

V3user

V	/3 User Read Write Limit		
Defines accessibility of SNMPv3; If Read Only is selected, the SNMPv3 user may only read information; if Read Write is selected, the	Values (selection)		
SNMPv3 user may read and write (set) variables.	Read Only / Read Write		
V3 Us	ser Authentication Level		
Defines SNMPv3 user's authentication level: NoAuthNoPriv: No authentication, no encryption.	Values (selection)		
AuthNoPriv:Authentication, no encryption.AuthPriv:Authentication, encryption.	NoAuthNoPriv AuthNoPriv AuthPriv		
V3 User A	uthentication Password		
SNMPv3 user's authentication password. Only valid when V3 User Authentication Level set to AuthNoPriv or AuthPriv.	Values (string)		
	0000000		
V3	User Privacy Password		
SNMPv3 user's encryption password. Only valid when V3 User Authentication Level set to AuthPriv (see above).	Values (string)		
	0000000		
	SNMP Trap Version		
Select which version of trap will be sent should a failure or alarm condition occur.	Values (string)		
	V1 Traps V2 Traps V3 Traps V1&V2 Traps V1&V2&V3 Traps		
	Auth Failure Traps		
If enabled, an authentication failure trap will be generated upon authentication failure.	Values (selection)		
	Disable / Enable		
	Trap Community Name		
The community name which may receive traps.	Values (string)		
	TrapUser		
	Trap Manage Host IP		
Defines a host IP address where traps will be sent to (e.g. SNMP	Values (IP Address)		
management system PC IP address).	0.0.0.0		

10101

101010

VIP4G



4.2.8 Network > sdpServer

sdpServer Settings

Microhard Radio employ a discovery service that can be used to detect other Microhard Radio's on a network. This can be done using a stand alone utility from Microhard System's called 'IP Discovery' or from the Tools > Discovery menu. The discovery service will report the MAC Address, IP Address, Description, Product Name, Firmware Version, Operating Mode, and the SSID.

System	m: Network	icro _{Carrier}	hard	l syst	-		1010 Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	O1 Tools	01
	LAN WAN					dpServer	LocalMon		MUILIVYAN	10015	
	er Settings statuse Setting	s									
	overy server s	tatus	O Disable	Discovable	e 🖱 Char	ngable					
Serv	er Port		20097]						

Image 4-2-13: Network > sdpServer Settings

	Discovery Service Status
Use this option to disable or enable the discovery service.	Values (selection)
	Disable / Discoverable / Changable
	Server Port Settings
Specify the port running the discovery service on the VIP4G unit.	Values (Port #)
	20097

4.2.9 Network > Local Monitor

The Local Device Monitor allows the VIP4G to monitor a local device connected locally to the Ethernet port or to the locally attached network. If the VIP4G cannot detect the specified IP or a DHCP assigned IP, the unit will restart the DHCP service, and eventually restart the modem to attempt to recover the connection.

System	Net	vork	Carrier	Wireless	Comp	ort I/C	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN
Status	LAN	WAN	Switch	Routes	GRE	SNMP	sdpServer	LocalMor	itor	
Local D	evice M	Ionitor								
Monito	or Settin	gs								
St	atus	7494. 		Enable Loo	al Device	Monitor 💌				
0165	Mode			Fixed Loca		Monitor 2				
	cal IP S	etting		0.0.0.0		[0.0.0.	0]			
Lo							-1			
	atus Tin	eout		10		[5~655				

Image 4-2-14: Network Configuration , Local Monitor

	Status
Enable or disable the local device monitoring service.	Values (selection)
	Disable / Enable
	IP Mode
Select the IP mode. By selecting a fixed IP address the service will monitor the connection to that specific IP. If auto detect is selected, the VIP4G will	Values (selection)
detect and monitor DHCP assigned IP address.	Fixed local IP Auto Detected IP
	Local IP Setting
This field is only shown if Fixed Local IP is selected for the IP Mode. Enter the static IP to be monitored in this field.	Values (IP)
	0.0.0.0
	Status Timeou
The status timeout is the maximum time the VIP4G will wait to detect the monitored device. At this time the VIP4G will restart the DHCP service. (5-	Values (seconds)
65535 seconds)	10
W	aiting DHCP Timeou
This field defines the amount of time the VIP4G will wait to detect the monitored device before it will reboot the modem. (30-65535 seconds)	Values (seconds)



4.3 Carrier

4.3.1 Carrier > Status

The Carrier Status window provides complete overview information related to the Cellular Carrier portion of the VIP4G. A variety of information can be found here, such as Activity Status, Network (Name of Wireless Carrier connected), Data Service Type WCDMA/HSPA/HSPA+/LTE etc), Frequency band, Phone Number etc.

System	Network C	arrier Wireless Comp	ort I/O GPS	Firewall VPN	MultiWAN Tools
itatus	Settings Kee	epalive Traffic Watchdog	J Dynamic DNS	SMS Config SM	S Data Usage
Carrier	Status				
Carrie	er Status				
Cu	urrent APN	staticip.apn		Core Temperature(° C) 45
A	ctivity Status	Connected		IMEI	012773002108452
Ne	etwork	ROGERS		SIM PIN	READY
Ho	ome/Roaming	Home		SIM Number (ICCID)	8930272040102535553
Se	ervice Mode	Automatic		Phone Number	+15878938645
Se	ervice State	WCDMA CS and PS		RSSI (dBm)	-61
Ce	ell ID	2744979		RSRP (dBm)	N/A
LA	AC	63333		RSRQ (dBm)	N/A
Cu	urrent Technolog	HSPA+		Connection Duratio	n 19 hour 51 min 3 sec
A	vailable Technolo	gy UMTS, HSDPA, HSU	PA, HSPA+	WAN IP Address	74.198.186.197
				DNS Server 1	64.71.255.205
				DNS Server 2	64.71.255.253
Receiv	ved Packet Statistic	s	Transi	mitted Packet Statistics	
Re	eceive bytes	1.175MB		Transmit bytes	699.727KB
Re	eceive packets	4778		Transmit packets	5046
Re	eceive errors	0		Transmit errors	0
Dr	rop packets	0		Drop packets	0
					Stop Refreshing Interval: 2

Image 4-3-1: Carrier > Status

Not all statistics parameters displayed are applicable.

The Received and Transmitted bytes and packets indicate the respective amount of data which has been moved through the radio.

The Error counts reflect those having occurred on the wireless link.

For best practices and to control data usage it is critical that the firewall be configured properly. It is recommended to block all incoming 4G/Cellular traffic and create rules to open specific ports and/or use ACL lists to limit incoming connections.

4.3.2 Carrier > Settings

The parameters within the Carrier Configuration menu must be input properly; they are the most basic requirement required by your cellular provider for network connectivity.

01

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
Status	Settings	Keepalive	Traffic Wa	atchdog	Dynami	ic DNS	SMS Config	SMS	Data Usage	
Carrier	Configurati	on								
Config	guration									
Car	rrier status		Enable •							
Dat	ta Roaming		Disable v							
Car	rriers		Auto	¥						
IP-P	assthrough		Disable •							
DN	S-Passthrough	1	Disable T							
APM	N		staticip.apn							
SIM	1 Pin									
Tec	chnologies Typ	pe	ALL 🔻							
Tec	chnologies Mo	de	AUTO	•						
Dat	ta Call Paramet	ters								
Prin	mary DNS Add	ress								
Sec	condary DNS A	Address								
Prin	mary NetBIOS I	Name Server								
Sec	condary NetBl	OS Server								
IP A	Address									
Aut	thentication		Device deci	de 🔻						
Use	e <mark>r N</mark> ame									
Pas	sword									

Image 4-3-2: Carrier > Settings

		Carrier Status
	Carrier Status is used to Enable or Disable the connection to the Cellular Carrier. By default this option is enabled. If disabled the	Values (Selection)
\bigwedge	cellular module is disabled and the modem will not even attempt to connect to the cellular carrier.	Enable Disable
<u>··</u>		Data Roaming
Enabling Data Roaming may result in increased data charges from the	Enable or disable Data Roaming. If enabled the modem will be allowed to roam on another carriers' network if their home carrier is not	Values (Selection)

to roam on another carriers' network if their home carrier is not available. In most cases the data roaming usage data charges are much higher than home service areas. Roaming is Disabled by default.

Enable **Disable**

VIP4G



Carrier. In some cases this

and unexpected amount. It is important to understand the data plan with the Cellular Carrier.

could be an excessive.

Carriers

In some cases, a user may want to lock onto certain carrier to avoid data roaming. There were four options presented to a user to choose from, Auto, SIM based, Scan & Select and Fixed.

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- Auto will allow the VIP4G to pick the carrier automatically. Data roaming is permitted.
- SIM based will only allow the VIP4G to connect to the network indicated by the SIM card used in the unit.
- Manual will scan for available carriers and allow a user to select from the available carriers. It takes 2 to 3 minutes to complete a scan.
- Fixed allows a user to enter the carrier code (numerical) directly and then the VIP4G will only connect to that carrier.

Values (Selection)

VIP4G

Auto Based on SIM Manual Fixed

IP-Passthrough

Values (Selection)

Disable Ethernet WAN Port

IP pass-through allows the 4G WAN IP address to be assigned to the device connected to the physical LAN or WAN Port. In this mode the VIP4G is for the most part transparent and forwards all traffic to the device connected to the specified port except that listed below:

- The WebUI port (*Default Port:TCP 80*), this port is retained for remote management of the VIP4G. This port can be changed to a different port under the System > Settings Menu.
- The SNMP Listening Port (Default Port: UDP 161).

The connected device must support and be configured for DHCP, or the static WAN IP must be set on the end device.

Local WebUI of the VIP4G is retained by using the first 3 octets of the Wan IP and changing the last octet to 1, so if the assigned WAN IP is A.B.C.D, the local WebUI is available at A.B.C.1.

	DNS-Passthrough	
When enabled DNS-Passthrough will pass on the WAN assigned DNS information to the end device.	Values (Selection)	
	Enable / Disable	
A	PN (Access Point Name)	
The APN is required by every Carrier in order to connect to their networks. The APN defines the type of network the VIP4G is	Values (characters)	
connected to and the service type. Most Carriers have more than one APN, usually many, dependant on the types of service offered.	auto	

Auto APN (default) may allow the unit to quickly connect to a carrier, by cycling through a predetermined list of common APN's. Auto APN will not work for private APN's or for all carriers.

	SIM I
The SIM Pin is required for some international carriers. If supplied and required by the cellular carrier, enter the SIM Pin here.	Values (characters)

(none)

Pin

Set to ALL by default, the Technologies field allows the selection of Values (Selection)	
	уре
3GPP technologies (LTE), and or 3GPP2 technology (CDMA).	
ALL / 3GPP / 3GPP2	
Technologies Mo	bde
The Technologies Mode option allows a user the ability to specify what type of Cellular networks to connect to.	
AUTO / LTE Only / WCDMA Only / GSM Only	4
Data Call Paramet	ers
Sets the modems connect string if required by the carrier. Not usually Values (string) required in North America.	
(none)	
Primary DNS Addro	ess
If let blank the VIP4G with use the DNS server as specified Values (IP Address)	
automatically by the service provider. (none)	
Secondary DNS Addr	
Secondary DNS Addro	ess
If let blank the VIP4G with use the DNS server as specified Values (IP Address)	ess
	ess
If let blank the VIP4G with use the DNS server as specified automatically by the service provider.	
If let blank the VIP4G with use the DNS server as specified automatically by the service provider. (none)	
If let blank the VIP4G with use the DNS server as specified automatically by the service provider. (none) Primary NetBIOS Name Ser	
If let blank the VIP4G with use the DNS server as specified automatically by the service provider. Values (IP Address) (none) Primary NetBIOS Name Server Enter the Primary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address)	ver
If let blank the VIP4G with use the DNS server as specified automatically by the service provider. Values (IP Address) (none) Primary NetBIOS Name Server Enter the Primary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none)	ver
If let blank the VIP4G with use the DNS server as specified automatically by the service provider. Values (IP Address) (none) Primary NetBIOS Name Server Enter the Primary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none) Enter the Primary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none) Secondary NetBIOS Name Server (none)	ver
If let blank the VIP4G with use the DNS server as specified automatically by the service provider. Values (IP Address) (none) Primary NetBIOS Name Server Enter the Primary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none) Enter the Primary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none) Enter the Secondary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none) Enter the Secondary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none)	ver
If let blank the VIP4G with use the DNS server as specified automatically by the service provider. Values (IP Address) (none) Primary NetBIOS Name Server Enter the Primary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none) Enter the Primary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none) Enter the Secondary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) Enter the Secondary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address)	ver
If let blank the VIP4G with use the DNS server as specified automatically by the service provider. Values (IP Address) (none) Primary NetBIOS Name Server Enter the Primary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none) Enter the Primary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none) Enter the Secondary NetBIOS Name Server if required by the carrier. Values (IP Address) (none) (none)	ver

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	Authenticatio		
Sets the authentication type required to negotiate with peer.	Values (Selection)		
PAP - Password Authentication Protocol. CHAP - Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol.	Device decide (AUTO) PAP CHAP		
	User Nan		
A User Name may be required for authentication to a remote peer. Although usually not required for dynamically assigned IP addresses	Values (characters)		
from the wireless carrier, but required in most cases for static IP addresses. Varies by carrier.	Carrier/peer dependant		
	Passwo		
Enter the password for the user name above. May not be required by some carriers, or APN's	Values (characters)		
	Carrier/peer dependant		

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4.3.3 Carrier > Keepalive

The Keep alive tab allows for the configuration of the keep alive features of the VIP4G. The VIP4G can either do a ICMP or HTTP keep alive by attempting to reach a specified address at a regular interval. If the VIP4G cannot reach the intended destination, it will reset the unit in an attempt to obtain a new connection to the carrier. The Keepalive ensures that there is internet/network connectivity to the address specified at all times. *If the VIP4G does not have a SIM card installed, is not connected to the Carrier, or is on a private APN, the default keepalive may not work and the unit will reboot at the interval configured.*

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/O	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Too
Status	Settings	Keepalive	Traffic W	atchdog	Dynamic	DNS	SMS Config	SMS	Data Usage	
Keepali	ve Configur	ation								
Config	uration									
Kee	p alive status		Enable 💌	1						
Тур	e									
Host Name		8.8.8.8]						
Inte	rval (60 ~ 60	000)	300		(s)					
Cou	int		10		1					

Image 4-3-3: Carrier > Keepalive

	Keep Alive Status		
Enable or Disable the keep alive functions in the VIP4G.	Values (Selection)		
	Enable / Disable		
	Туре		
Select the type of keep alive used. ICMP uses a "ping" to reach a select destination.	Values (Selection)		
	ICMP / HTTP		
	Host Name		
Specify a IP Address or Domain that is used to test the VIP4G connection.	Values (IP or Domain)		
connection.	8.8.8.8		
	Interval		
The Interval value determines the frequency, or how often, the VIP4G	Values (seconds)		
will send out PING messages to the Host.	300		
	Count		
The Count field is the maximum number of PING errors such as "Host	Values (number)		
unreachable" the VIP4G will attempt before the unit will reboot itself to attempt to correct connection issues. If set to zero (0), the unit will never reboot itself.	10		



4.3.4 Carrier > Traffic Watchdog

The Wireless Traffic Watchdog will detect if there has been no wireless traffic, or communication with the Cellular carrier for a configurable amount of time. Once that time has elapsed, the unit will reset, and attempt to re-establish communication with the cellular carrier.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
Status	Settings	Keepalive	Traffic W	atchdog	Dynami	c DNS	SMS Config	SMS	Data Usage	
Traffic V Configu		o <mark>nfi</mark> guration	n							
2000 - 100 - 10				ř						
	ic Watchdog ck Interval		Enable 💌		(1~6000	0)				
	oot Time Limi		1		1					
Keb	oot nine Limi	L	600		(300~60	000\$)				

Image 4-3-4: Carrier > Traffic Watchdog

	Traffic Watchdog			
Enable or Disable the Traffic Watchdog.	Values (Selection)			
	Enable / Disable			
	Check Interval			
The Check Interval tells the VIP4G how often (in seconds) to check for wireless traffic to the cellular carrier. (1-60000 seconds)	Values (seconds)			
whereas traine to the central carrier. (1-00000 seconds)	1			
	Reboot Time Limit			
The Reboot Timer will reset the unit if there has been no Cellular RF activity in the configured time. (300 –60000 seconds)	Values (seconds)			
activity in the configured time. (Sou –60000 seconds)	600			



4.3.5 Carrier > Dynamic DNS

Unless a carrier issues a Static IP address, it may be desirable to use a dynamic DNS service to track dynamic IP changes and automatically update DNS services. This allows the use of a constant resolvable host name for the VIP4G.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools		
Status	Settings	Keepalive	Traffic W	atchdog	Dynami	C DNS	SMS Config	SMS	Data Usage			
Dynami	Dynamic_DNS Configuration											
	by manie_bris configuration											
Config	uration											
DD	NS status		Enable -									
Ser	vice		changeip									
Use	er Name]							
Pas	sword				1							
Hos	st]							

Image 4-3-5: Carrier > Traffic Watchdog

	DDNS Status			
This selection allows the use of a Dynamic Domain Name Server (DDNS), for the VIP4G.	Values (Selection)			
	Enable / Disable			
	Service			
This is a list of supported Dynamic DNS service providers. Free and premium services are offered, contact the specific providers for more	Values (selection)			
information.	changeipodsdyndnsovheurodyndnsregfishhntzonoipzoneedit			
	User Name			
Enter a valid user name for the DDNS service selected above.	Values (characters)			
	(none)			
	Password			
Enter a valid password for the user name of the DDNS service selected above.	Values (characters)			
Selected above.	(none)			
	Host			
This is the host or domain name for the VIP4G as assigned by the DDNS provider.	Values (domain name)			
טועט אוטען אויטען אויטען אויטען אויטען אויען אויען אויען איזעען אויען אויען אויען אויען אויען אויען אויען אויע	(none)			



4.3.6 Carrier > SMS Config

SMS messages can be used to remotely reboot or trigger events in the VIP4G. SMS alerts can be set up to get SMS messages based on system events such as Roaming status, RSSI, Ethernet Link Status or IO Status.

System SMS Command

ystem	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
atus	Settings	Keepalive	Traffic W	atchdog	Dynami	C DNS	SMS Config	SMS	Data Usage	
MS Cor	figuration									
System	SMS Comm	and:								
Stat	us		Enable SM	S Command						
Set	Phone Filter		Enable Pho	ne Filter 💌						
Valid	Phone Num	bers:								
Pho	one No.1].					
Pho	one No.2]					
Pho	one No.3]					
Pho	one No.4]					
Pho	one No.5]					
Pho	one No.6		[1					

Image 4-3-6: SMS > SMS Configuration

This option allows a user to enable on SMS commands to reboot or trigger events to reb	5	Values (Selection)
		Enable / Disable
MSC#REBOOT Reboot system MSC#NMS Send NMS UDP Report MSC#WEB Send web client inquiry MSC#MIOP1 open I/O ouput1 MSC#MIOP2 open I/O ouput2 MSC#MIOP3 open I/O ouput3 MSC#MIOP4 open I/O ouput4 MSC#MIOC1 close I/O ouput1 MSC#MIOC2 close I/O ouput2 MSC#MIOC3 close I/O ouput3 MSC#MIOC4 close I/O ouput4	MSC#EURD0 trigger even MSC#EURD1 trigger even MSC#EURD2 trigger even MSC#EURD3 trigger even MSC#GPSR0 trigger gps MSC#GPSR1 trigger gps MSC#GPSR2 trigger gps MSC#GPSR3 trigger gps MSC#GPSR3 trigger gps	nt report1 nt report2 nt report3 report0 report1 report2 report3
		Set Phone Filte

enabled, the VIP4G will only accept and execute commands originating from the phone numbers in the Phone Filter List. Up to 6 numbers can be added.

values (Selection)

Enable / Disable



System SMS Alerts

Status	Enable SMS Alert V		
Received Phone Numbers:			
Phone No.1	0		
Phone No.2	0		
Phone No.3	0		
Phone No.4	0		
Phone No.5	0		
Phone No.6	0		
Alert Condition Settings:			
Time Interval(s)	300	[5~65535]	
RSSI Check	Enable RSSI Check V		
Low Threshold(dBm):	-99	default: -99	
Carrier Network	Enable Roaming Check	•	
Home/Roaming Status:	Changed	•	
Ethernet	Enable Ethernet Check	•	
Link Status:	Changed	1	
IO Status	Enable: INPUT or OUTF	UT Changed V	

Image 4-3-7: SMS > SMS Alerts

	Status
Enable SMS Alerts. IF enabled SMS alerts will be send when	Values (Selection)
conditions are met as configured to the phone numbers listed.	Enable / Disable
	Received Phone Numbers
SMS Alerts can be sent to up to 6 different phone numbers that are	Values (Selection)
sing Alerts can be sent to up to 6 different phone numbers that are	(no default)
	Time Interval(s)
SMS alerts, when active, will be sent out at the frequency defined here.	Values (Seconds)
	300
	RSSI Check
Enable or disable the RSSI alerts. If enable, enter the low RSSI threshold.	Values (Selection)
	Disable RSSI check Enable RSSI check



	RSSI Check
Set the threshold for RSSI alerts.	Values (dBm)
	-99
	Carrier Network
Enable or disable SMS Alerts for Roaming Status.	Values (Selection)
	Disable Roaming Check Enable Roaming Check
	Home / Roaming Status
The VIP4G can send alerts based on the roaming status. Data rates during roaming can be expensive and it is important to know when a	-99 Carrier Network Values (Selection) Disable Roaming Check Enable Roaming Check
device has started roaming.	Changed or In Roaming
	Ethernet
Enable or disable SMS Alerts for the Ethernet Link status of the LAN RJ45 port.	ning can be expensive and it is important to know when a started roaming. In Roaming Changed or In Roaming Changed to Roaming Ethernet disable SMS Alerts for the Ethernet Link status of the LAN Values (Selection)
	Ethernet Link Status
The status of the Ethernet Link of the LAN (RJ45) can be used to send SMS Alerts. The link status may indicate an issue with the connected	Values (Selection)
device.	Changed In no-link Changed or in no-link Changed to no-link
	I/O Status
SMS Alerts can be sent based on the state changes of the Digital I/O lines.	Values (Selection)
	Disable IO Check Enable: INPUT Changed Enable: Output Changed Enable: INPUT or OUTPUT Changed.



4.3.7 Carrier > SMS

SMS Command History

The SMS menu allows a user to view the SMS Command History and view the SMS messages on the SIM Card.

101

101

VIP4G

yster	m Netwo	rk Carrier	Wireless	Comport	t I/O	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	То
atus	Settings	Keepalive	Traffic Wa	atchdog	Dynamic	DNS	SMS Config	SMS	Data Usage	
SMS (Command H	listory								
Fron	n	Send Time		Conte	ent	Re	sult			
+140	036129217	26/03/2014 10	:58:44 -0600 ((MDT) MSC#	REBOOT	Ru	n:reboot @Wed	Mar 26	10:58:46 2014	
+140	036129217	26/03/2014 11	:02:58 -0600 (MDT) MSC#	NMS	Se	nd NMS report	@Wed M	ar 26 11:03:06 20	014
+140	036129217	26/03/2014 11	:06:18 -0600 (MDT) MSC#	MIOC1	Se	t output 1 close	ed @Wed	Mar 26 11:06:24	1 201
+140	036129217	26/03/2014 11	:09:52 -0600 (MDT) MSC#	REBOOT	Ru	in:reboot @Wed	Mar 26	11:09:56 2014	
SMS	Untreated	In SIM Card								
No.	From	Time		C	Content					
1	+140361292	17 26/03/201	4 11:04:03 -0	600 (MDT) T	est Messag	ge #2 De	lete <u>Reply</u>			
2	+140361292	17 26/03/201	4 11:04:41 -0	600 (MDT) T	est Messag	ge - Tech	onsite 3/25 De	lete Rep	lγ	
3	+140361292	17 26/03/201	4 11:00:27 -0	600 (MDT) T	est Messa	ge #1 <u>De</u>	lete Reply			
				le le	Delete All Al	AND CLAC	Send New S	140		

Image 4-3-8: SMS > SMS Command History

Send SMS Message

The SMS messages can be sent directly from the VIP4G WebUI interface. Also, the SMS message history can be viewed.

036129217		
age from VIP4G		
Cancel	6	
nd Time	Content	Result
ed Mar 26 14:19:55 2014	Test Message from VIP4G	Succeed to send.
	Cancel end Time ed Mar 26 14:19:55 2014	end Time Content

Image 4-3-9: SMS > SMS Send

Set up appropriate firewall rules to block unwanted data which may result in excessive

data charges.

4.3.8 Carrier > Data Usage

The Data Usage tool on the VIP4G allows users to monitor the amount of cellular data consumed. Since cellular devices are generally billed based on the amount of data used, alerts can be triggered by setting daily and/or monthly limits. Notifications can be sent using SMS or Email, allowing a early warning if configurable limits are about to be exceeded. The usage data reported by the Data Usage Monitor may not precisely match the data reported by the carrier, but it gives the users an idea of the bandwidth consumed by the VIP4G.

	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Compor	t I/O	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Т
tatus	Settings	Keepalive	Traffic W	atchdog	Dynami	c DNS	SMS Config	SMS	Data Usage	
Data U	sage Monito	or								
Data l	Usage Statistic									
То	day's Usage:		12.532 MB							
Yes	sterday's Usag	e:	0 Bytes							
	rrent Monthly		105.805 M	в						
Las	st Monthly Usa	age:	0 Bytes							
Re	set and Clear	all Record:	Reset Reco	ord To Zero						
Att	tention:Data u	sage statistic i	is not exact s	ame to you	r carrier's c	aculatio	n on			
		with different		(123)						
Data (Usage Monitor									
Se.	atus		Enable Dat		4 A					
JLd	itus		Lindble Dat	a Usage ivior	itor 🔻					
	ast Config Tim	e	· Companya in a second second	12:02:47 M						
La			· Companya in a second second	12:02:47 M						
La Mo	ast Config Tim	imit	Thu Jun 20	12:02:47 M						
La Ma M	ast Config Tim onthly Over L	imit	Thu Jun 20 Send Notic	12:02:47 M		5]				
La Mo M	ast Config Tim Onthly Over L Ionthly Data U	imit nits	Thu Jun 20 Send Notic M Bytes V	12:02:47 M	DT 2013	·	nth)			
La Ma M D	ast Config Tim Onthly Over L Ionthly Data U Data Limit	imit Inits Y	Thu Jun 20 Send Notic M Bytes ¥ 500	12:02:47 M	DT 2013	·	nth)			
Li Mo M P P	ast Config Tim onthly Over L Ionthly Data U Data Limit eriod Start Da	imit Inits Y	Thu Jun 20 Send Notic M Bytes ▼ 500	12:02:47 MI e SMS ▼]	DT 2013	·	nth)			
La Mo D Pe Da	ast Config Tim onthly Over L Ionthly Data U Data Limit eriod Start Da hone Number	imit Inits Y	Thu Jun 20 Send Notic M Bytes V 500 1 +1403	12:02:47 MI e SMS V	DT 2013	·	nth)			
Lá Mo D Pí Da Da	ast Config Tim onthly Over L Ionthly Data U Data Limit eriod Start Da hone Number iily Over Limi	imit Inits Y	Thu Jun 20 Send Notic M Bytes V 500 1 +1403 Send Notic	12:02:47 MI e SMS V	DT 2013	ay of mor	nth)			
Li Mo D Pi Da D D D	ast Config Tim onthly Over L Ionthly Data U Data Limit eriod Start Dat hone Number hily Over Limi Daily Data Units	imit Inits Y	Thu Jun 20 Send Notic M Bytes ▼ 500 1 +1403 Send Notic M Bytes ▼ 50	12:02:47 MI e SMS V	DT 2013 [1~65535 [1~31](da] [1~65535	ay of mor	nth)			
La Mo D Pe Da D D D M	ast Config Tim onthly Over L Ionthly Data U Pata Limit eriod Start Da hone Number hily Over Limi Paily Data Units Pata Limit	imit Inits Y t	Thu Jun 20 Send Notic M Bytes ▼ 500 1 +1403 Send Notic M Bytes ▼ 50	12:02:47 Mi e SMS V	DT 2013 [1~65535 [1~31](da] [1~65535	ay of mor	nth)			
La Mo D Pi Da D D M M	ast Config Tim onthly Over L Ionthly Data U Data Limit eriod Start Data hone Number Lily Over Limit Daily Data Units Data Limit fail Subject	imit Inits Y t	Thu Jun 20 Send Notic M Bytes ▼ 500 1 +1403 Send Notic M Bytes ▼ 50 Monthly Dat	12:02:47 Mi e SMS V	DT 2013 [1~65535 [1~31](da] [1~65535 [1	ay of mor	nth)			
La Mo Pe Da Da D D M M	ast Config Tim onthly Over L Ionthly Data U Data Limit eriod Start Data hone Number hily Over Limi Daily Data Units Data Limit Itail Subject Mail Server(IP/N	imit Inits Y t	Thu Jun 20 Send Notic M Bytes V 500 1 +1403 Send Notic M Bytes V 50 Monthly Dat smtp.gmail.	12:02:47 Mi e SMS V	DT 2013 [1~65535 [1~31](da] [1~65535 [1	ay of mor	nth)			

Image 4-3-10: Carrier > Data Usage

Status

If enabled the VIP4G will track the amount of cellular data consumed. If disabled, data is not recorded, even in the Current Data Usage display.

Values (selection)

Disable Enable

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72

Monthly/Daily Over Limit

VIP4G

Select the notification method used to send alerts when daily or monthly thresholds are exceeded. If none is selected, notifications will not be sent, but data usage will be recorded for reference purposes.

Values (selection)

None Send Notice SMS Send Notice Email

Monthly Over Limit	Send Notice SMS 💌	
Monthly Data Units	M Bytes 💌	
Data Limit	500	[1~65535]
Period Start Day	1	[1~31](day of month)
Phone Number	+1	

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Image 4-3-11: Data Usage > SMS Config

			onthly/Daily Data Uni
Select the data unit to I	be used for data usage	e monitoring.	Values (selection)
			Bytes / K Bytes / M Bytes G Bytes
			Data Limi
		sed in connection with the data le limit to 250 Mbytes, select M	Values (1-65535)
Bytes for the data unit,			500
			Period Start Day
	alaat tha day tha hilli		
		ng/data cycles begins. On this	Values (1-31)
		ng/data cycles begins. On this a usage monitor numbers.	Values (1-31) 1 (Day of Month)
			1 (Day of Month)
day each month the VII	P4G will reset the data	a usage monitor numbers.	
day each month the VII If SMS is selected as send any SMS messa	P4G will reset the data	a usage monitor numbers.	1 (Day of Month) Phone Numbe
day each month the VI f SMS is selected as send any SMS messa	P4G will reset the data	a usage monitor numbers. od, enter the phone number to the data usage exceeds the	1 (Day of Month) Phone Numbe Values (phone)
day each month the VII f SMS is selected as send any SMS messa configured limits.	P4G will reset the data the notification metho ages generated when	a usage monitor numbers. od, enter the phone number to the data usage exceeds the	1 (Day of Month) Phone Numbe Values (phone)
day each month the VII f SMS is selected as send any SMS messa configured limits. Daily Over Limit	P4G will reset the data the notification metho ages generated when Send Notice Email	a usage monitor numbers. od, enter the phone number to the data usage exceeds the	1 (Day of Month) Phone Numbe Values (phone)
day each month the VII f SMS is selected as send any SMS messa configured limits. Daily Over Limit Daily Data Units	P4G will reset the data the notification metho ages generated when Send Notice Email • M Bytes •	a usage monitor numbers.	1 (Day of Month) Phone Numbe Values (phone)
day each month the VII If SMS is selected as send any SMS messa configured limits. Daily Over Limit Daily Data Units Data Limit	P4G will reset the data the notification metho ages generated when Send Notice Email • M Bytes • 50	a usage monitor numbers.	1 (Day of Month) Phone Numbe Values (phone)
day each month the VII If SMS is selected as send any SMS messa configured limits. Daily Over Limit Daily Data Units Data Limit Mail Subject	P4G will reset the data the notification metho ages generated when Send Notice Email • M Bytes • 50 Monthly Data Usage N	a usage monitor numbers.	1 (Day of Month) Phone Numbe Values (phone)
day each month the VII If SMS is selected as send any SMS messa configured limits. Daily Over Limit Daily Data Units Data Limit Mail Subject Mail Server(IP/Name)	P4G will reset the data the notification metho ages generated when Send Notice Email • M Bytes • 50 Monthly Data Usage N smtp.gmail.com:465	a usage monitor numbers.	1 (Day of Month) Phone Numbe Values (phone)

Image 4-3-12: Data Usage > Email Config

	Mail Subject
If Email is selected as the notification method, enter the desired email subject line for the notification email sent when daily and/or monthly usage	Values (string)
limits are exceeded.	Daily/Monthly Data Usage Notice
	Mail Server(IP/Name)
If Email is selected as the notification method, enter the SMTP server details for the account used to send the Email notifications. Domain or IP	Values (xxx:port)
address with the associated port as shown.	smtp.gmail.com:465
	Username
If Email is selected as the notification method, enter the username of the Email account used to send Emails.	Values (username)
	@gmail.com
	Password
If Email is selected as the notification method, enter the password of the Email account used to send Emails. Most email servers require	Values (string)
authentication on outgoing emails.	***
	Mail Recipient
Enter the email address of the individual or distribution list to send the email notification to.	Values (xx@xx.xx)
	host@

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VIP4G



4.4 Wireless (WiFi)

4.4.1 Wireless > Status

The Status window gives a summary of all radio or wireless related settings and connections.

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The **General Status** section shows the Wireless MAC address of the current radio, the Operating Mode (Access Point, Client, MESH etc), the SSID being used, frequency channel information and the type of security used.

VIP4G

Traffic Status shows statistics about the transmitted and received data.

The VIP4G shows information about all Wireless connections in the **Connection Status** section. The Wireless MAC address, Noise Floor, Signal to Noise ratio (SNR), Signal Strength (RSSI), The transmit and receive Client Connection Quality (CCQ), TX and RX data rates, and a graphical representation of the signal level or quality.

	Umi	croh	ard	SVST	TMS	INC	_		AN Tools	0101
1		CIUM	lare	1 51511	CIVIS	INC.	10101	010	10010	2100
System	n Network	Carrier V	Vireless	Comport	1/0	GPS	Firewall V	PN MultiW	AN Tools	
Status	Radio1									
Wirele	ss Interfaces									
Radio	1 Status									
C	General Status									
M	IAC Address	Mode		SSID		Frequer	ncy Band	Radio Frequency	y Security mode	
0	0:80:48:79:8E:46	Access Po	oint	MHSMKT		Dual-Ba	and Mode	2.462	WPA+WPA2(PSK)	
1	raffic Status									
R	eceive bytes		Receive	packets		Tran	smit bytes		Transmit packets	
6	3.883KB		558			209.	.343KB		2466	
c	Connection Status									
N	IAC Address	Noise Floo (dBm)	or SNR (d	1B) RSSI (dBm)	тх ссо	2 % RX CCC	Q (%) TX Rate	RX Rate	Signal Level	
9	8:03:d8:c5:52:18	-93	68	-27	86	95	65.0 MBit/s	65.0 MBit/s	100%	
4	8:5d:60:98:8c:94	-93	60	-35	87	96	54.0 MBit/s	54.0 MBit/s	100% Stop Refreshing Inte	erval: 20(s)

Image 4-4-1: Wireless > Status



4.4.2 Wireless > Radio1

Radio1 Phy Configuration

The top section of the Wireless Configuration allows for the configuration of the physical radio module. You can turn the radio on or off, and select the channel bandwidth and frequency as seen below.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	Mult
Status	Radio1			•					
Wireless	Configuratio	on							
Radio1	Phy Configuration	on							
Radi	0		● On ◎ Off						
Mod	e		802.11NG -	High Throughpu	ut on 2.4	GHz 👻			
н	igh Throughput	t Mode	HT20 -						
A	dvanced Capab	ilities	Show						
Char	nel-Frequency	1	11 - 2.462 G	Hz 🕶					
Wire	less Distance		10000	(m)				
RTS	Thr (256~2346	5)	OFF						
Frag	ment Thr (256-	~2346)	OFF						
Add	Virtual Interfac	e							

Image 4-4-2: Wireless > Radio Configuration

		Radio
This option is used to turn the radio module on or off. If turned	off	Values (selection)
Wireless connections can not be made. The default is On.		On / Off
		Mode
The Mode defines which wireless standard to use for the wireless network. The VIP4G supports all 802.11a/b/g/n modes as seen	Va	lues (selection)
here. Select the appropriate operating mode from the list. The options below are dependant and vary on the operating mode chosen here.	802 802 802	2.11B ONLY 2.11BG 2.11NG-High Throughout 2.4GHz 2.11A ONLY 2.11NA-High Throughout 5GHz
		Channel Bandwidth
Only appears when using 802.11b, bg or a modes. Lower chant bandwidths may provide longer range and be less susceptible to noi		Values (selection)
but at the trade off of data rates. Higher channel bandwidth m provide greater data rates but will be more susceptible to noise a shorter distance potentials.	ay	20MHz Normal Rate

Select HT20 for a 20MHz channel, or HT40 for a 40 MHz Channel. The 40MHz channel is comprised of 2 adjacent 20MHz channels and the + and—designate to use the higher or lower of the adjacent channels.

Advanced Capabilities (Only shown if box is checked)

MPDU Aggregation (Enable/Disable) - Allows multiple data frames to be sent in a single transmission block, allowing for acknowledging or retransmitting if errors occur.

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Short GI (<u>Enable</u>/Disable) - GI (guard interval) is the time the receiver waits for any RF reflections to settle before sampling data. Enabling a short GI (400ns) can increase throughput, but can also increase the error rate in some installations.

HT Capabilities Info - TX-STBC RX-STBC1 DSSS_CCK-40 Maximum AMSDU (byte) - 3839 Maximum AMPDU (byte) - 65535

Channel-Freq

The Channel-Freq setting allows configuration of which channel to operate on, auto can be chosen where the unit will automatically pick a channel to operate. If a link cannot be established it will try another channel.

Auto Auto Channel 01 : 2.412 GHz Channel 02 : 2.417 GHz Channel 02 : 2.417 GHz Channel 36: 5.18 GHz Channel 03 : 2.422 GHz Channel 40: 5.2 GHz Channel 04 : 2.427 GHz Channel 44: 5.22 GHz Channel 05 : 2.432 GHz Channel 48: 5.24 GHz Channel 06 : 2.437 GHz Channel 149 : 5.745 GHz Channel 07 : 2.442 GHz Channel 153 : 5.765 GHz Channel 08 : 2.447 GHz Channel 157 : 5.785 GHz Channel 09 : 2.452 GHz Channel 161 : 5.805 GHz Channel 10 : 2.457 GHz Channel 165 : 5.825 GHz Channel 11 : 2.462 GHz Channel 165 : 5.825 GHz	2.4 GHz Channels	5 GH Channels
	Channel 01 : 2.412 GHz Channel 02 : 2.417 GHz Channel 03 : 2.422 GHz Channel 04 : 2.427 GHz Channel 05 : 2.432 GHz Channel 06 : 2.437 GHz Channel 07 : 2.442 GHz Channel 08 : 2.447 GHz Channel 09 : 2.452 GHz Channel 10 : 2.457 GHz	Channel 36: 5.18 GHz Channel 40: 5.2 GHz Channel 44: 5.22 GHz Channel 48: 5.24 GHz Channel 149 : 5.745 GHz Channel 153 : 5.765 GHz Channel 157 : 5.785 GHz Channel 161 : 5.805 GHz

Wireless Distance

Values (meters)

The Wireless Distance parameter allows a user to set the expected distance the WiFi signal needs to travel. The default is 10km, so the VIP4G will assume that the signal may need to travel up to 10km so it sets various internal timeouts to account for this travel time. Longer distances will require a higher setting, and shorter distances may perform better if the setting is reduced.

10000

Values (selection)

VIP4G

HT20 HT40-HT40+

Once the RTS Threshold defined packet size is reached, the system will invoke RTS/CTS flow control. A large RTS Threshold will improve bandwidth, while a smaller RTS Threshold will help the system recover from interference or collisions caused by obstructions.

The Fragmentation Threshold allows the system to change the maximum RF packet size. Increasing the RF packet size reduces the need to break packets into smaller fragments. Increasing the fragmentation threshold slightly may improve performance if a high packet error rate is experienced.

RTS Thr (256 ~ 2346)

Values (selection)

VIP4G

On / OFF

Fragment Thr (256 ~ 2346) ange the Values (selection) duces the

 $\text{On}\,/\,\text{OFF}$

Radio1 Virtual Interface

The bottom section of the Wireless Configuration provides for the configuration of the Operating Mode of the Wireless Interface, the TX power, Wireless Network information, and Wireless Encryption. The VIP4G can support multiple virtual interfaces. These interfaces provide different SSID's for different users, and can also be assigned to separate subnets (Network Interfaces) to prevent groups from interacting.

etwork	LAN -
Mode	Access Point 👻
TX bitrate	Auto 👻
Tx Power	17 dbm 👻
WDS	On Off
ESSID Broadcast	🖲 On 🔘 Off
AP Isolation	On Off
SSID	MyNetwork
Encryption Type	WPA+WPA2 (PSK) 👻
WPA PSK	•••••
Show password	

Image 4-4-3: Wireless > Radio Configuration

	Networl
Choose between LAN or WAN for the Virtual Interface. If additional	Values (selection)
Network Interfaces have been defined in the Network > LAN section, the Interface name will also appear here.	LAN WAN (Additional Interfaces)

Mode

Access Point - An Access Point may provide a wireless data connection to many clients, such as stations, repeaters, or other supported wireless devices such as laptops etc.

Values (selection)

VIP4G

Access Point Client Repeater Mesh Point

If more than 1 Virtual Interface (more than 1 SSID) has been defined, the VIP4G can **ONLY** operate as a Access Point, and will be locked into this mode.

Station/Client - A Station may sustain one wireless connection, i.e. to an Access Point.

Repeater - A Repeater can be connected to an Access Point to extend the range and provide a wireless data connection to many clients, such as stations.

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Mesh Point - Units can be configured as a Mesh "Node". When multiple units are configured as a Mesh node, they automatically establish a network between each other. SSID for each radio in a Mesh network must be the same.

TX Rate

This setting determines the rate at which the data is to be wirelessly transferred.

The default is 'Auto' and, in this configuration, the unit will transfer data at the highest possible rate in consideration of the receive signal strength (RSSI).

Setting a specific value of transmission rate has the benefit of 'predictability' of that rate, but if the RSSI drops below the required minimum level to support that rate, communications will fail.

802.11 b/g	802.11a	802.11n (HT20/HT40)
Auto	Auto	Auto
1 Mbps (802.11b,g)	6 Mbps	mcs-0 (7.2/15) Mbps
2 Mbps (802.11b,g)	9 Mbps	mcs-1 (14.4/30.0) Mbps
5.5 Mbps (802.11b,g)	12 Mbps	mcs-2 (21.7/45.0) Mbps
11 Mbps (802.11b,g)	18 Mbps	mcs-3 (28.9/60.0) Mbps
6 Mbps (802.11g)	24 Mbps	mcs-4 (43.3/90.0) Mbps
9 Mbps (802.11g)	36 Mbps	mcs-5 (57.8/120.0) Mbps
12 Mbps (802.11g)	48 Mbps	mcs-6 (65.0/135.0) Mbps
18 Mbps (802.11g)	54 Mbps	mcs-7 (72.2/150.0) Mbps
24 Mbps (802.11g)		mcs-8 (14.4/30.0) Mbps
36 Mbps (802.11g)		mcs-9 (28.9/60.0) Mbps
48 Mbps (802.11g)		mcs-10 (43.3/90.0) Mbps
54 Mbps (802.11g)		mcs-11 (57.8/120.0) Mbps
		mcs-12 (86.7/180.0) Mbps
		mcs-13 (115.6/240.0) Mbp
		mcs-14 (130.3/270.0) Mb

mcs-15 (144.4/300.0) Mbps

		TX Power
•	This setting establishes the transmit power level which will be	Values (selection)
Refer to FCC (or as otherwise applicable) regulations to ascertain, and not operate beyond, the maximum allowable transmitter output power and effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP).	presented to the antenna connectors at the rear of the VIP4G. Unless required, the Tx Power should be set not for maximum, but rather for the minimum value required to maintain an adequate system fade margin.	11 dBm21 dBm12 dBm22 dBm13 dBm23 dBm14 dBm24 dBm15 dBm25 dBm16 dBm26 dBm17 dBm27 dBm18 dBm28 dBm19 dBm29 dBm20 dBm30 dBm
		WDS
	Wireless distribution system (WDS) is a system enabling the wireless interconnection of access points. WDS preserves the MAC addresses of client frames across links between access points	Values (selection)
1		
		ESSID Broadcast
SSID: Service Set Identifier. The 'name' of a wireless network. In an open wireless network, the SSID is	Disabling the SSID broadcast helps secure the wireless network. Enabling the broadcast of the SSID (Network Name) will permit others to 'see' the wireless network and perhaps attempt to 'join' it.	Values (selection) On / Off
broadcast; in a closed system it is not. The SSID must be known by a potential client for		
it to be able to access the wireless network.		AP Isolation
	When AP Isolation is enabled wireless devices connected to this SSID will not be able to communicate with each other. In other words if the	Values (selection)
	VIP4G is being used as a Hot Spot for many wireless clients, AP Isolation would provide security for those clients by not allowing access to any other wireless device.	On / Off
£≸5		SSID
	All devices connecting to the VIP4G in a given network must use the SSID of the VIP4G. This unique network address is not only a security	Values (string)
Change the default value for the Network Name to something unique for your network. Do this for an added measure of security	feature for a particular network, but also allows other networks - with their own unique network address - to operate in the same area without the possibility of undesired data exchange between networks.	wlan0
and to differentiate your network from others which may be operating nearby.		MESH ID
	In Mesh Networks, this must be the same for all VIP4G, or VIP	Values (string)
	Series units participating, similar to the SSID for other wireless networks.	(no default)

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VIP4G



Encryption Type

Security options are dependent on the version type. This section describes all available options. Export versions may not have all optional available to meet regulatory requirements set government policies.

Disabled WEP WPA (PSK) WPA2 (PSK)

WPA+WPA2 (PSK)

Values (selection)

VIP4G

WEP: Wired Equivalency Privacy is a security protocol defined in 802.11b. It is commonly available for Wi-Fi networks and was intended to offer the equivalent security of a wired network, however, it has been found to be not as secure as desired.

Operating at the data link and physical layers, WEP does not provide complete end-toend security. **WEP:** Wired Equivalency Protocol (WEP) encryption adds some overhead to the data, thereby negatively effecting throughput to some degree.

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The image below shows the associated configuration options:

Encryption Type	WEP	*
Passphrase	X58B77p0JsdE	x3OfrF
	Generate 40bit	Keys
	Generate 104b	it Key
WEP Key 1	0	
WEP Key 2	0	
WEP Key 3	0	
WEP Key 4	0	
MAC Filter	Disabled -	

Image 4-4-4: Encryption Type > WEP

Key Generation

4 complex WEP keys may be generated based on the supplied Passphrase

<u>Procedure:</u> Input a Key Phrase, select the type of Key to be generated using the Generate Key soft button.

Using the same Passphrase on all VIP4G/VIP Series units within the network will generate the same Keys on all units. All units must operate with the same Key selected.

Alternately, key phrases may be entered manually into each Key field.

WPA: Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA/WPA2). It provides stronger security than WEP does. The configuration is essentially the same as for WEP (described above), without the option for automatic Key generation.

	Show Password
Check this box to show the currently configured password for WPA/ WPA2 encryption passphrase.	Values (selection)
WFAZ encryption passpillase.	unchecked





4.5 Comport

4.5.1 Comport > Status

The Status window gives a summary of the Serial port on the VIP4G. The Status window shows if the comport has been enabled, how it is configured (Connect As), and the connection status.

Also shown is statistical information about the serial port, including the number of transmitted and received packets and bytes. This can be used to diagnose connection and data usage issues.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	То
Status	Settings									
Comport	t Status									
Port Sta	atus									
Ge	neral Status									
Por	t Status		Baud R	ate		Co	nnect As		Conn	ect Sta
Ena	ble		11520	0		тс	P Server		Activ	e (1)
Tra	affic Status									
Rec	eive <mark>by</mark> tes		Receiv	e packets		Tra	insmit bytes		Trans	mit pac
208	8		207			0			0	
									Stop F	Refreshir

Image 4-5-1: Comport > Comport Status



4.5.2 Comport > Settings

This menu option is used to configure the serial device server for the serial communications port. Serial device data may be brought into the IP network through TCP, UDP, or multicast; it may also exit the VIP4G network on another VIP4G serial port. The fully-featured RS232 interface supports hardware handshaking.

Basic configuration of the serial port would be to first, set the appropriate interface connection settings such as the baud rate and data format. Next, it is critical to define the IP Protocol Config, since all serial data entering the VIP4G is essentially converted to IP, to either TCP, or UDP packets. The following section describes the configuration of the serial port.

		-
micro	ard systems inc.	1010101010
System Network Carrier	ireless Comport I/O GPS Fir	ewall VPN MultiWAN Tool
Status Settings		
Comport Configuration		
Comport Configuration		
Com Port status	nable 🔻	
Channel Mode	RS232 -	
Data Baud Rate	600 👻	
Data Format	N1 -	
Flow Control	one 👻	
Pre-Data Delay (ms)	00	
Post-Data Delay (ms)	00	
Data Mode	Seamless 🖲 Transparent	
Character Timeout		
Maximum Packet Size	024	
Priority	Normal 🔘 Medium 🔘 High	
No-Connection Data	Disable 🖲 Enable	
TCP MODBUS Status	Disable 🔘 Enable	
IP Protocol Config	CP Server 🗸	
TCP Configuration		
Local Listening port	0001	
Incoming Connection Timeout	00	

Image 4-5-2: Comport > Settings Configuration

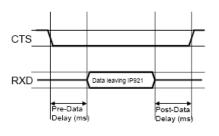
		Co	om Port Status
	Select operational status of the Serial Port. The port is disabled by default, to allow the port to be used for console and AT command operations. If it is required to connect to a serial based device, the port first must be enabled.	Values (s Disabled / E	
			Channel Mode
	Determines which serial interface shall be used to connect to external devices: RS232, RS485, or RS422. When an interface other than	Values (s	
	RS232 is selected, the DE9 port will be inactive.	RS232 / RS	485 / RS422
		D	ata Baud Rate
	The serial baud rate is the rate at which the modem is to communicate with the attached local asynchronous device.	Values (b	ops)
Note: Most PCs do not readily support serial communications greater than 115200bps.		921600 460800 230400 115200 57600 38400 28800 19200 14400	9600 7200 4800 3600 2400 1200 600 300
			Data Format
	This setting determines the format of the data on the serial port. The default is 8 data bits, No parity, and 1 Stop bit.	Values (s	election)
Software flow control (XON/ XOFF) is not supported.		8N1 8N2 8E1 8O1 7N1	7N2 7E1 7O1 7E2 7O2
			Flow Control

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VIP4G

Flow control may be used to enhance the reliability of serial data communications, particularly at higher baud rates. If the attached device does not support hardware handshaking, leave this setting at the default value of 'None'. When CTS Framing is selected, the VIP4G uses the CTS signal to gate the output data on the serial port.



Drawing 4A: CTS Output Data Framing

Values (selection)

None Hardware **CTS** Framing



	Pre-Data Delay
Refer to Drawing 4A on the preceding page.	Values (time (ms))
	100
	Post-Data Delay
Refer to Drawing 4A on the preceding page.	Values (time (ms))
	100
	Date Mode
This setting defines the serial output data framing. In Transparent mode (default), the received data will be output promptly from the	Values (selection)
VIP4G.	Seamless / Transparent
When set to Seamless, the serial port server will add a gap between	

When set to Seamless, the serial port server will add a gap between data frames to comply with the MODBUS protocol for example. See 'Character Timeout' below for related information.

In Seamless mode (see Data Mode described on the preceding page),	V
this setting determines when the serial server will consider the recently	•
-received incoming data as being ready to transmit. As per the MODBUS standard, frames will be marked as 'bad' if the time gap	0
between frames is greater than 1.5 characters, but less than the	
Character Timeout value.	

The serial server also uses this parameter to determine the time gap inserted between frames. It is measured in 'characters' and related to baud rate.

Example: If the baud rate is 9600bps, it takes approximately 1ms to move one character. With the Character Timeout set to 4, the timeout period is 4ms. When the calculated time is less than 3.5ms, the serial server will set the character timeout to a minimum value of 3.5ms.

If the baud rate is greater than 19200bps, the minimum character timeout is internally set to 750us (microseconds).

	Maximum Packet Size
Defines the buffer size that the serial server will use to receive data from the serial port. When the server detects that the Character	Values (bytes)
Timeout criteria has been met, or the buffer is full, it packetizes the received frame and transmits it.	1024
	Priority
This setting effects the quality of service associated with the data traffic on the COM port.	Values (selection)

Normal / Medium / High

Character Timeout

Values (characters)

	No-Connection Data
When enabled the data will continue to buffer received on the serial data port when the radio loses synchronization. When disabled the	Values (selection)
VIP4G will disregard any data received on the serial data port when radio synchronization is lost.	Disable / Enable
	MODBUS TCP Status
This option will enable or disable the MODBUS decoding and encoding features.	Values (selection)
encouring reatures.	Disable / Enable
N	IODBUS TCP Protectior
The field allows the MODBUS TCP Protection Status flag to be enabled or disabled. If enabled the MODBUS data will be encrypted	Values (selection)
with the MODBUS Protection Key.	Disable / Enable
MODE	BUS TCP Protection Key
MODBUS encryption key used for the MODBUS TCP Protection Status feature.	Values (string)
	1234

11010

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VIP4G

IP Protocol Config

VIP4G

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The protocol selected in the IP Protocol Config field will determine which configuration options appear in the remainder of the COM1 Configuration Menu. This setting determines which protocol the serial server will use to transmit serial port data over the VIP4G network.

The protocol selected in the IP Protocol Config field will determine which configuration options appear in the remainder of the COM1 Configuration Menu.

The serial port will not work unless the IP Protocol Config has been configured properly. Once serial data is collected at the serial port, the modem must be told how to deal with it, and where to send it. TCP Client TCP Server TCP Client/Server UDP Point-to-Point UDP Point-to-Multipoint (P) **UDP Point-to-Multipoint** MTP Client SMS Transparent Mode GPS Transparent Mode

Values (selection)

TCP Client: When TCP Client is selected and data is received on its serial port, the VIP4G takes the initiative to find and connect to a remote TCP server. The TCP session is terminated by this same unit when the data exchange session is completed and the connection timeout has expired. If a TCP connection cannot be established, the serial port data is discarded.

Remote Server Address

IP address of a TCP server which is ready to accept serial port data through a TCP connection. For example, this server may reside on a LAN network server. Default: **0.0.0**

Remote Server Port

A TCP port which the remote server listens to, awaiting a session connection request from the TCP Client. Once the session is established, the serial port data is communicated from the Client to the Server. Default: **20001**

Outgoing Connection Timeout

This parameter determines when the VIP4G will terminate the TCP connection if the connection is in an idle state (i.e. no data traffic on the serial port). Default: **60** (seconds)

TCP Server: In this mode, the VIP4G Series will not INITIATE a session, rather, it will wait for a Client to request a session of it (it's being the Server—it 'serves' a Client). The unit will 'listen' on a specific TCP port. If a session is established, data will flow from the Client to the Server, and, if present, from the Server to the Client. If a session is not established, both Client-side serial data, and Server-side serial data , if present, will be discarded.

Local Listening Port

The TCP port which the Server listens to. It allows a TCP connection to be created by a TCP Client to carry serial port data.

Default: 20001

Incoming Connection Timeout

Established when the TCP Server will terminate the TCP connection is the connection is in an idle state.

Default: 300 (seconds)

UDP: User Datagram Protocol does not provide sequencing information for the packets sent nor does it establish a 'connection' ('handshaking')

to communicating small packets of data.

and is therefore most suited

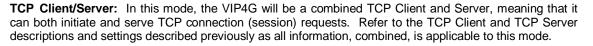


TCP: Transmission Control Protocol in contrast to UDP does provide sequencing information and is connection -oriented; a more reliable protocol, particularly when large amounts of data are being communicated.

Requires more bandwidth than UDP.

IP Protocol Config (Continued...)

VIP4G



UDP Point-to-Point: In this configuration the VIP4G will send serial data to a specifically-defined point, using UDP packets. This same VIP4G will accept UDP packets from that same point.

Remote IP Address

IP address of distant device to which UDP packets are sent when data received at serial port. Default: **0.0.0**

Remote Port

UDP port of distant device mentioned above. Default: **20001**

Listening Port

UDP port which the IP Series listens to (monitors). UDP packets received on this port are forwarded to the unit's serial port. Default: **20001**

UDP Point-to-Multipoint (P): This mode is configured on an VIP4G which is to send multicast UDP packets; typically, the Access Point in the VIP4G network.

Multicast IP Address

A valid multicast address this unit uses to send multicast UDP packets upon receiving data from the serial port. The default value is a good example of a valid multicast address. Default: **224.1.1**

Multicast Port

A UDP port that this IP Series will send UDP packets to. The Multipoint (MP - see the UDP Point-to-Multipoint (MP) description) stations should be configured to listen to this point in order to receive multicast packets from this VIP4G unit. Default: **20001**

Listening Port

The UDP port that this unit receives incoming data on from multiple remote units. Default: **20011**

• Time to Live

Time to live for the multicast packets. Default: **1** (hop)

A UDP or TCP port is an application end-point. The IP address identifies the device and, as an extension of the IP address, the port essentially fine tunes' where the data is to go 'within the device'.

Be careful to select a port number that is not predetermined to be associated with another application type, e.g. HTTP uses port 80.

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Multicast is a one-to-many transmission of data over an IP network. It is an efficient method of transmitting the same data to many recipients. The recipients must me members of the specific multicast group.



TTL: Time to Live is the number of hops a packet can travel before being discarded.

In the context of multicast, a TTL value of 1 restricts the range of the packet to the same subnet.

IP Protocol Config (Continued...)

VIP4G

UDP Point-to-Multipoint (MP): This protocol is selected on the units which are to receive multicast UDP packets, typically the Remote units. See the previous description of UDP Point-to-Multipoint (P).

Remote IP Address

The IP address of a distant device (VIP4G or, for example, a PC) to which the unit sends UDP packets of data received on the serial port. Most often this is the IP address of the Access Point.

Default: 0.0.0.0 Remote Port

The UDP port associated with the Remote IP Address (above). In the case of this 'Remote' being the VIP Series Station, the value in this field should match the Listening Port of the Access Point (see UDP Point-to-Multipoint (P)). Default: **20011**

Multicast IP Address

A valid MULTICAST address that this unit will use to receive multicast UDP packets sent by a UDP Point-to-Multipoint (P) unit. Note that the default value for this field matches the default Multicast IP Address of the UDP Point-to-Multipoint (P) configuration described on the previous page.

Default: 224.1.1.1

Multicast Port

The UDP port that this unit will use, along with the Multicast IP Address detailed above, to receive the multicast UDP packets sent by the UDP Point-to-Multipoint (P) unit. Default: **20001**

UDP Multipoint-to-Multipoint

Multicast IP Address

A valid multicast address the unit will use to send multicast UDP packets upon receiving them at its serial port. Default: **224.1.1**

Multicast Port

UDP port that the packets are sent to. Multipoint stations should be configured to listen to this port in order to receive multicast packets. Default: **20011**

Time to Live

Time to live for the multicast packets. Default: **1** (hop)

Listening Multicast IP Address

A valid multicast address the unit is to listen to receive multicast UDP packets sent by another UDP Multipoint-to-Multipoint unit.

- Default: 224.1.1.1
- Listening Multicast Port

UDP port that the unit will listen to for multicast UDP packets sent by another UDP Multipoint-to-Multipoint unit.

Default: 20011



In a Point-to-Multipoint (PMP) network topology which is to utilize UDP multicast, typically the MASTER would be configured as '(P)' (the POINT) and the REMOTES would be configured as '(MP)' (the MULTIPOINTS).



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4.0 Configuration

IP Protocol Config (Continued...)

VIP4G

SMTP Client: If the VIP4G has Internet access, this protocol may be used to send the data received on the serial port (COM1), in a selectable format (see Transfer Mode (below)), to an e-mail addressee. Both the SMTP Server and the e-mail addressee must be 'reachable' for his feature to function.

- Mail Subject Enter a suitable 'e-mail subject' (e-mail heading). Default: **COM1 Message**
- Mail Server (IP/Name) IP address or 'Name' of SMTP (Mail) Server. Default: 0.0.0.0
 - Mail Recipient A valid e-mail address for the intended addressee, entered in the proper format. Default: **host**@
 - Message Max Size Maximum size for the e-mail message. Default: **1024**
 - Timeout (s)

How long the unit will wait to gather data from the serial port before sending an e-mail message; data will be sent immediately upon reaching Message Max Size.

Default: 10

Transfer Mode

Select how the data received on COM1 is to be sent to the email addressee. Options are: Text, Attached File, Hex Code. Default: **Text**



SMTP: Simple Mail Transport Protocol is a protocol used to transfer mail across an IP network.



IP Protocol Config (Continued...)

SMS Transparent Mode: Serial data from the COM1 port can be send to one or multiple destinations via SMS text messaging. SMS messages received by the VIP4G can also be sent to the COM1 port.

Message Max Size	160		1160]
Reply Timeout(s)	10		165535] default: 10
Access Control	Anonymous	•	
Read SMS Control	Delete	•	
Example: +1403xxxxxx	<u>د</u>		
Example: +1403xxxxxx Phone Number 1 Phone Number 2	+15878938644		
Phone Number 1			
Phone Number 1 Phone Number 2			

Image 4-5-3: Comport > SMS Transparent Mode

- Message Max Size Enter the maximum message size. Once the number of characters has been reached the VIP4G will package the data up and send it as a SMS message to the number(s) specified. [1....160]. The character timeout can be used to send messages more frequently by detecting a pause in the incoming data. Default: 160
 - Reply Timeout(s)
 Enter a value for the Reply Timeout in seconds.
 Default: 10
 - Access Control By selecting Anonymous, the VIP4G will accept a SMS message from any number. If Control Phone List is selected, only messages from the numbers in the Access Control List will be accepted. Default: Anonymous
 - Read SMS Control Select Keep in SIM Card to save incoming SMS messages in the SIM card, select Delete to delete messages once they have been output to serial port. Default: Keep in SIM Card
 - Access Control Phone List Messages can be sent to up to five (5) numbers, also, this list can be used to filter incoming SMS messages (See Access Control) Default: None



IP Protocol Config (Continued...)

GPS Transparent Mode: When in GPS Transparent Mode, GPS data is reported out the serial port at 1 second intervals. Sample output is shown below:

GPS - HyperTermin		elp						1	X
🗅 🗃 🍘 🔏 💷	ነ 🗃 🖻								
\$GPVTG,.T, \$GPGSV,1,1 \$GPGGA,.,, \$GPRMC,.V, \$GPGSA,A,1 \$GPVTG,.T, \$GPGSV,1,1 \$GPGGA,.,, \$GPRMC,.V, \$GPGSA,A,1	,00*79 ,0,,, ,M,,N,,K*, ,00*79 ,0,,	,,*66 N*53 ,,,*1E 4E ,,*66 N*53							
Connected 0:08:02	Auto detect	9600 8-N-1	SCROLL	CAPS	NUM	Capture	Print echo		

Image 4-5-4: Comport > GPS Transparent Mode

Values (selection)

TCP Client TCP Server TCP Client/Server UDP Point-to-Point UDP Point-to-Multipoint (P) **UDP Point-to-Multipoint** MTP Client SMS Transparent Mode GPS Transparent Mode



4.6 I/O

4.6.1 I/O > Status

The VIP4G has 4 status inputs, which can be used with various alarms and sensors for monitoring, telling the modem when certain events have occurred, such as an intrusion alarm on a door, a temperature threshold has been exceed, or a generator has failed, out of fuel. Also included are 4 outputs, that can be used to drive external relays to remotely control equipment and devices.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Too
tatus	OUTPUT	I/O Rules	Accelero	meter						
I/O Stat	us									
INPUT S	TATUS									
INPL	П 1		Open							
INPU	IT 2		Open							
INPL	IT 3		Open							
INPU	IT 4		Open							
OUTPUT	T STATUS									
OUT	PUT 1		Close							
OUT	PUT 2		Open							
OUT	PUT 3		Close							
OUT	PUT 4		Open							

Image 4-6-1: I/O > Status

Input Status

The WebUI will display the current state of each input. The I/O pins are all normally open so an open status indicates that there is nothing connected to the input pins, or that an event has not occurred to trigger the input. The inputs have a small wetting current (Vin) used to detect a contact closure, and prevent false readings by any noise or intermittent signals, it has a threshold sensitivity of 1.8V.

Output Status

The WebUI will display the current state of each control output. Using the Output menu discussed in the next section, a user can remotely control the status of the output pins.



4.6.2 I/O > OUTPUT

Each of the 4 Outputs can be controlled separately, allowing a user to remotely trigger an event.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	То
Status	OUTPUT	I/O Rules	Accelero	meter						
OUTPU	T Configurat	tion								
ou	TPUT 1		Open 🖲	Close						
OU	TPUT 2		Open	Close						
ou	TPUT 3		Open	Close						
011	TPUT 4		Open	Close						

Image 4-6-2: I/O > OUTPUT

The output pins on the VIP4G can be used provide output signals, which can be used to drive an external relay to control an external device. Maximum recommended load for the Output Pin is 150mA @ 32 VDC (Vin)

4.6.3 I/O > I/O Rules

Custom rules can be applied to the I/O behavior, such as setting a output after a specified time, or an input or combination of inputs triggering output(s).

ystem	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools	
tatus	Ουτρυτ	I/O Rules	Accelero								
/O Rule	P.5										
I/O Rule	es Configuratio	on									
1/0	Port Rule Def	ine	User Custo	m Rules 🔻							
RUL	E NAME		rule0								
1/0	RULE MODE:		Use Timer	Only	-						
			1	Se	conds						
INPL	JT EVENT:										
IN	NPUT 1		Open	Close							
IN	NPUT 2		Open	Close							
IN	NPUT 3		Open	Close							
IN	NPUT 4		Open	Close							
ACT	ION TO OUTPU	JT:									
0	UTPUT 1		🧿 n/a 🔘 O	pen 🔘 Close							
0	UTPUT 2		🖲 n/a 🖱 Open 🖱 Close								
0	UTPUT 3		In /a ◎ 0	pen 🔘 Close							
0	UTPUT 4		n/a ◎ 0	pen 🔘 Close							
			Add To I/C	RULELIST							
I/O RUL	LE LIST										
Nar	me Rule Mod	le Expira	tion Time	Input1	Input2	Input3	Input4	Dutput1	Output2	Output3 Or	utput4

Image 4-6-3: I/O > I/O Rules



I/O Port Rule Define

Values (selection)

Disable Default Rules

Custom Rules

Set the type of I/O rules to perform:

Disabled: Outputs have no logical connection to inputs.

Default Rules: Each input has a logical connection to each output as follows: Input 1 -> Output 1 Input 2 -> Output 2 Input 3 -> Output 3 Input 4 -> Output 4

Custom Rules:

User can make custom rules to trigger output states. Custom rules can contain any of the following I/O rules:

- A timer has finished counting down
- A input signal has changed state
- A combination of a input state and a timer.

	Rule Name
Each I/O rule must have a unique name. This is for reference purposes and has no effect on the rule itself.	Values (characters)
	rule0

Define the parameters of the desired rule:

Use *Timer Only:* Once the programmed timer has expired, the defined output state will be triggered.

Use Input States Only: The VIP4G will set puts as defined based on input states.

Use Input States With Timer: A combination of inputs states and a timer would trigger an output action when the input state if changed for more than the specified time.

I/O Rule Mode

Values (selection)

Use Timer Only Use Input States Only Use Input States With Timer



4.6.4 I/O > Accelerometer

The VIP4G has a internal Accelerometer, which can be configured to report events to a remote host based on a specific physical activity.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tool
Status	OUTPUT	I/O Rules	Accelero	meter						
Acceler	ometer Rep	ort								
Report	Configuration									
Acc	elerometer R	eport	Enable	-						
Re	port Trigger M	Mode	Event	•						
In	terval Time(s)		120	[0	~ 65535	1				
Re	port Messsag	e	🔽 All 🔲 Im	pact 🔲 Activit	y 🗖 Inac	tivity				
Re	port Format T	ype	TAIP -							
Re	emote IP		0.0.0	0.0	0.0.0					
Re	emote PORT		20100	[0	~ 65535	1				

Image 4-6-4: I/O > Accelerometer

	Accelerometer Report
Enable or disable reporting by the Accelerometer.	Values (selection)
	Disable Enable
	Report Trigger Mode
Select reporting on event, timer or both.	Values (selection)
	Event Timer Event OR Timer
	Interval
Set the time at which events will be reported if the timer feature is selected.	
Set the time at which events will be reported if the timer feature is selected.	
Set the time at which events will be reported if the timer feature is selected.	Values (seconds)
Set the time at which events will be reported if the timer feature is selected. Select the types of events that cause a report to be sent.	Values (seconds) 120



	Report Format Type
Select the format in which the report will be sent, TAIP or Text.	Values (selection)
	TAIP Text
	Remote IP
Enter the IP Address of the remote host. This is the address in	Values (IP Address)
which the reports will be sent via UDP packets.	0.0.0.0
	Remote PORT
Enter the UDP port number to send the reports.	Values (Port)
	20100



4.7 GPS

4.7.1 GPS > Location

Location Map

The location map shows the location on the VIP4G. The unit will attempt to get the GPS coordinates from the built in GPS receiver, and if unsuccessful, will use the Cell ID location reported by the Cellular Carrier.

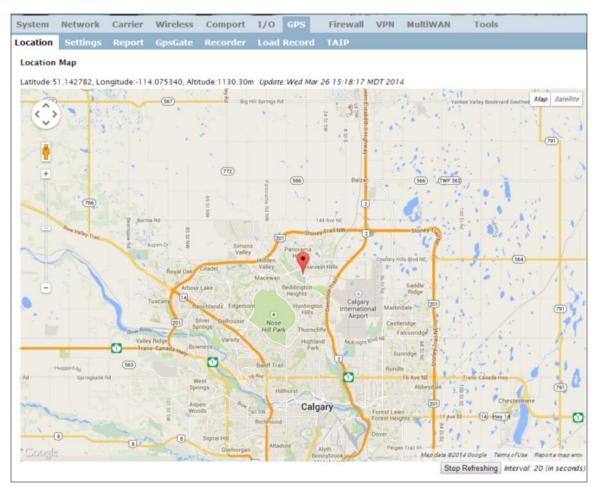


Image 4-7-1: GPS > Location Map

When using standalone GPS the specific coordinates are shown as in the above screenshot. If the VIP4G is unable to locate GPS satellites, or if configured to use Embedded Carrier GPS, only the estimated location of the VIP4G is shown with a radius drawn on the map.



4.7.2 GPS > Settings

The VIP4G can be polled fro GPS data via GPSD standards and/or provide customizable reporting to up to 4 different hosts using UDP or Email Reporting.

GPS data can also be reported to the COM1 serial port. For more information, refer to the COM1 > IP Protocol Config > GPS Transparent Mode section.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	То
Location	Settings	Report	GpsGate	Recorder	Load	Record	ΤΑΙΡ			
GPS Servio	ce Configui	ration								
Settings (Option:									
GPS St	tatus		Enable •							
GPS S	Source		Standalone	GPS V						
TCP Port			2947	0~65535,default:2947						

Image 4-7-2: GPS > Settings

	GPS Status
Enable or disable the GPS polling function of the VIP4G.	Values
	Disable / Enable
	GPS Source
Select the data source for GPS data.	Values
	Stand Alone GPS Embedded Carrier GPS
	TCP Port
Specify the TCP port on the VIP4G where the GPS service is running and remote systems can connect and poll for GPSD data.	Values
	2947



4.7.3 GPS > GPS Report

The VIP4G can provide customizable reporting to up to 4 hosts using UDP or Email Reporting.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools	
ocation	Settings	Report	GpsGate	Recorder	Load	Record	TAIP				
GPS Repo	ort Configur	ation									
606 D											
GPS Repo	rt NO.1										
Repo	rt Define		UDP Report								
Time	e Interval		600	(S)							
Mes	sage 1		ALL NMEA								
Mes	sage 2		None	۲							
Mes	sage 3		None	۲							
Mes	sage 4		None	۲							
Trig	ger Set		Only Timer	•							
Loca	al Streaming		Disable		۲						
UDP	Remote IP		0.0.0 (x.x.x.x)								
UDP	Remote POR	т	20175	[0~6	55535]						
GPS Repo											
2.00 40.00	rt Define		Email Repo								
Time	e Interval		600	(S)							
Mes	sage 1		ALL NMEA	۲							
	sage 2		None	۲							
Mes	sage 3		None	•							
Mes	sage 4		None	۲							
Trigger Set			Only Timer	۲							
Mail	Subject		GPSReportM	essage2							
Mail	Server(IP/Nar	me)	smtp.gmail.c	om:465 (xxx	:port)						
User	r Name		@gmail.com								
Pass	word		•••								

Image 4-7-3: GPS > GPS Report

	Report Define		
Enable UDP and/or Email or disable GPS Reporting. Up to 4 reports can be set up and configured independently.	Values (selection)		
	Disable UDP Report Email Report		
	Time Interval		
The interval timer specifies the frequency at which the GPS data is reported in seconds.	Values (seconds)		
	600		



	Message 1-4
The Message field allows customization of up to 4 different GPS messages to be sent to the specified host.	Values (selection)
NoneMessage is not used, no data will be sentALLSends all of the belowGGAGPS Fix DataGSAOverall Satellite DataGSVDetailed Satellite DataRMCRecommended Min Data for GPSVTGVector Track & Ground SpeedGPSGate -For use with GPSGate Tracking Software	None ALL NMEA GGA GSA GSV RMC VTG Latitude/Longitude GPSGate UDP Protocol
	Trigger Set
The trigger condition defines the conditions that must be met before a GPS update is reported. If OR is chosen, the Repeater Timer OR the Distance	Values (selection)
trigger conditions must be met before an update is sent. The AND condition, requires that both the Repeat timer AND the Distance trigger conditions be met before an update is sent.	Only Timer Timer AND Distance Timer OR Distance
	Distance Set
The distance parameter allows the GPS data to only be sent when a specified distance has been traveled since the last report.	Values (meters)
specified distance has been traveled since the last report.	1000
l	JDP Remote IP / Port
This is the IP Address and port of the remote host in which the UDP packets are to be sent.	Values (Address/Port)
	0.0.0.0 / 20175
	Mail Subject
If an Email report is chosen, the subject line of the Email can be defined here.	Values (characters)
	1000
	Mail Server
If an Email report is to be sent, the outgoing mail server must be defined, and the port number.	Values (Address:port)
	smtp.gmail.com:465
U	lsername / Password
Some outgoing mail servers required username and password to prevent an account being used for spam. Enter the login credentials here.	Values (characters)
an account being used for sparn. Enter the login credentials here.	Username / password
	Mail Recipient
Some outgoing mail servers require a username and password to prevent an account being used for spam. Enter the login credentials here.	Values (characters)
an account being used for sparn. Enter the login credentials here.	host@email.com



4.7.4 GPS > GpsGate

The VIP4G is compatible with *GpsGate - GPS Tracking Software*, which is a 3rd party mapping solution used for various GPS services including vehicle and asset tracking The VIP4G can communicate with GpsGate via Tracker Mode and TCP/IP. (UDP reporting can also send information to GpsGate, see the GPS > Report - UDP Reports)

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPI		
Location	Settings	Report	GpsGate	Recorder	Load	Record	TAIP			
GpsGate	TrackerOne	e Connecti	on							
Tracker D	evice Setting									
Mode	e Set		Enable Trac	ker Mode 🔹]					
Serv	er Command	Channel	TCP and SM	IS V						
TCP	Alive Mode		_Ping Comr	mand v						
Aliv	e Time Interva	al	150	(s)						
Setu	p Phone Filte	r	Disable: Acc	cept All 🔻						
Mot	ion Trigger		Enable Motion Trigger 🔻							
Sen	d IO Status		Disable		•					
Whe Data	n CPS Invalid,	Sending	Not Use Las	at Valid Position	•					

Image 4-7-4: GPS > GpsGate Tracker Mode

GpsGate - Tracker Mode

	Mode Set
Enable GpsGate Tracker Mode or TCP modes. In tracker mode The VIP4G	Values (selection)
and GpsGate software will communicate via TCP/IP, however if a connection is not available it will attempt to use SMS messaging.	Disable Enable Tracker Mode Enable TCP Send Mode
Serve	r Command Channel
By default VIP4G and GpsGate will use TCP and SMS to ensure communication between each other. It is also possible to specify TCP or	Values (seconds)
SMS communication only. Initial setup in Tracker mode must be via SMS.	TCP and SMS TCP Only SMS Only
TCP Alive Mode	/ Alive Time Interval
TCP alive mode will keep TCP connection alive if tracker is not enabled or the tracker interval is too long. The default is 150 seconds.	Values (seconds)
	150



	Setup Phone Filter
A phone number filter can be applied to prevent SMS commands not intended for the VIP4G from being processed.	Values (selection)
intended for the VIF4G from being processed.	Disable: Accept All Enable Filter
	Motion Trigger
Use this parameter to enable or disable the motion trigger in the VIP4G.	Values (selection)
	Disable Enable Motion Trigger
	Send IO Status
When enabled, the VIP4G will send the current status of the Digital I/O inputs and/or outputs to the GpsGate Server.	Values (selection)
	Disable Send Input Status Send Output Status Send Input&Output Status
When GPS	Invalid, Sending Data
Specify what happens when the GPS data is invalid, either use the last	Values (selection)

11010

0101

VIP4G

valid position or do not use the last valid position.

Not Use Last Valid Position Use Last Valid Position

GpsGate - TCP Mode

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	М
Location	Settings	Report	GpsGate	Recorder	Load	Record	TAIP		
GpsGate	TrackerOne	e Connecti	on						
Tracker D	evice Setting								
Mode	e Set		Enable TCP	Send Mode 🔻]				
Serv	er Address/IP	1	192.168.168	.1					
Serv	er Port		30175						
Serv	er Interval		60	(s)					
Mot	ion Distance		100	(m)					
Send	d IO Status		Disable		•				
Whe Data	n CPS Invalid,	Sending	Not Use Las	st Valid Position	1 🔻				

Image 4-7-5: GPS > GpsGate TCP Mode

	Mode
Enable GpsGate Tracker Mode or TCP modes. In TCP Mode the VIP4G will establish a connection with the GpsGate Server directly without the	Values (selection)
SMS setup process. If the TCP connection is not available, the VIP4G will continue to try to connect every few seconds.	Disable Enable Tracker Mode Enable TCP Send Mode
	Server Address
Enter the IP Address of the server running the GpsGate application.	Values (IP Address
	192.168.168.1
	Server P
Enter the TCP Port of the server running the GpsGate application.	Values (Port)
	30175
	Server Inter
Define the interval at which the VIP4G will send data to the GpsGate Server.	Values (seconds)
	60
	Motion Distar
Set the motion threshold in which the VIP4G will be triggered to send location data.	Values (meters)
	100
	Send IO Stat
When enabled, the VIP4G will send the current status of the Digital I/O inputs and/or outputs to the GpsGate Server.	Values (selection)
	Disable Send Input Status Send Output Status Send Input&Output Stat
When GPS	Invalid, Sending D
Specify what happens when the GPS data is invalid, either use the last valid position or do not use the last valid position.	Values (selection)

010101010101

VIP4G

Not Use Last Valid Position Use Last Valid Position

4.7.5 GPS > Recorder

The VIP4G can be configured to record events based on time intervals, and/or an event trigger and store them in non-volatile memory. These events can then be viewed within the WebUI, on a map, or sent to a remote server in a number of different formats.

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101

VIP4G

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0 C	PS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools	
ocation	Settings	Report	GpsGate	Recorder	Load Re	ecord	ТАІР				
GPS Reco	order Service	e									
Current (PS Infomation										
Local	Time:		Wed Mar 26	15:26:59 M	DT 2014						
	ites In View		Wed Mar 26 15:26:59 MDT 2014								
	ites tracked:		10								
Latitu			51.142662.	N							
	tude:		-114.07553								
Altitu			1130.2								
Spee			0(Km/h)								
Orientation: 0(Degree to North)				North)							
NMEA	UTC Time:			4 21:26:59							
GPS Reco	rder Setting										
Statu	s		Enable GPS	Recorder •							
Rec	ord Feature S	elections:	(Record iten	ns among 16,	000~36,00	0.)					
Tim	e Interval		30 [30		~65535](s)						
DI/D	O Changed		Record	•							
Spe	ed		Record	•							
Over Speed		120 [M		n 30](Km/h)							
Orie	ntation		Record	•							
Orientation Changed		60	[5~	180](180:D	isable)						
Carr	ier RSSI Level		Record	•							
Can											

Image 4-7-6: GPS > GPS Recorder Service

	Status
Use the Status parameter to enable the GPS recording functionality of the VIP4G. The total number of records that can be recorded varies between	Values (selection)
16,000 and 36,000, depending on the number of GPS parameters that are recorded.	Disable Enable GPS Recorder
	Time Interval
Define the interval at which the VIP4G will record GPS data. If there is no	Values (seconds)
valid data available at the specified time (i.e. no connected satellites), the unit will wait until the next time valid information is received.	300
	DI/DO Changed
The VIP4G can detect and report the current GPS info when a digital input or output status changes, regardless of the time interval setting.	Values (selection)
or output status originges, regardless of the time interval setting.	Record / Don't Record



	Speed
Select Record to include the current speed in the reported data.	Values (selection)
	Record / Don't Record
	Over Speed
Trigger a GPS record entry when the speed has exceeded the configured threshold. A minimum of 30 Km/hr is required.	Values (Km/hr)
	120
	Orientation
Select Record to record the current orientation when a GPS entry is recorded. (Degree to North).	Values (selection)
	Record / Don't Record
	Orientation Changed
Record a GPS, regardless of the time interval, if the orientation of the unit changes $(5 - 180; 180 - Disable)$	Values (5 ~ 180)
Record a GPS, regardless of the time interval, if the orientation of the unit changes. (5 \sim 180: 180 = Disable)	-
	Values (5 ~ 180)
changes. (5 ~ 180: 180 = Disable) Select Record to record the current 4G/Cellular RSSI level when a GPS	Values (5 ~ 180) 60
changes. (5 ~ 180: 180 = Disable)	Values (5 ~ 180) 60 Carrier RSSI Level
changes. (5 ~ 180: 180 = Disable) Select Record to record the current 4G/Cellular RSSI level when a GPS	Values (5 ~ 180) 60 Carrier RSSI Level Values (selection)
changes. (5 ~ 180: 180 = Disable) Select Record to record the current 4G/Cellular RSSI level when a GPS	Values (5 ~ 180) 60 Carrier RSSI Level Values (selection) Record / Don't Record

4.7.6 GPS > Load Record

Data that has been recorded and saved by the VIP4G can then be viewed or sent to a remote server in various formats. The data recorded can also be viewed directly by selecting "View Data" and the data can be traced on a map (internet access required), by selecting "Trace Map", or "Quick Trace". The screenshots below show the raw data that can be viewed and the Trace Map/Quick Trace output.

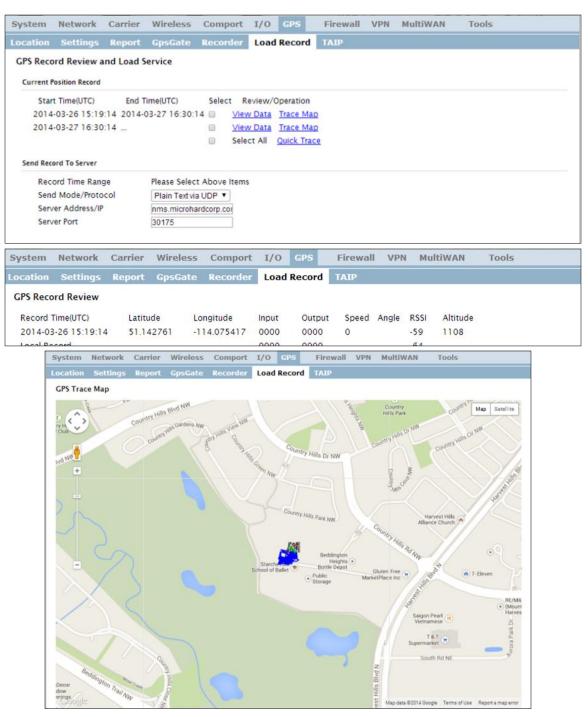


Image 4-7-7: GPS > GPS Load Record



	Record Time Range		
Check the boxes next to the records listed above that are to be sent to the server.	Values (selection)		
	(no default)		
5	Send Mode / Protocol		
Specify the data format / protocol type for the data to be sent.	Values (selection)		
	NMEA via UDP NMEA via TCP GpsGate via UDP GpsGate via TCP Plain Text via UDP Plain Text via TCP		
	Server Address/IP		
Enter the address or IP address of the remote server to which the data is to be sent.	Values (IP)		
	nms.microhardcorp.com		
	Server Port		
Enter the UDP/TCP port number of the remote server to which the data is to be sent.	Values (Port)		

30175



4.7.7 GPS > TAIP

The VIP4G has the ability to send GPS data in TAIP (Trimble ACSII Interface Protocol) format to up to 4 different TAIP servers. The following section describes the configuration parameters required to initialize TAIP reporting.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
Location	Settings	Report	GpsGate	Recorder	Load	Record	TAIP			
TAIP Cor Settings	figuration									
Remo Sock Remo	le ID		Enabled ▼ 0.0.0 UDP ▼ 21000 RPV ▼ 5 0000	(s)	pha-num	neric				
TAIP Settings	service status No.3		Disabled •]						
TAIP	service status		Disabled •]						
Settings	No.4									
TAIP	service status		Disabled •]						

Image 4-7-8: GPS > TAIP

	TAIP service status
Enable or disable TAIP service on the VIP4G. The VIP4G can report TAIP to up to 4 different hosts.	Values (selection)
to up to 4 different flosts.	Enable / Disable
	Remote TAIP Server
Enter the IP Address of the Remote TAIP Server.	Values (IP Address)
	0.0.0.0
	Socket Type
Select the socket type that is used by the Remote TAIP server. Select TCP or UDP, this will define how the connection (TCP) or data is sent (UDP) to	Values (selection)
the server.	UDP / TCP
	Remote TAIP Port
Enter the TCP or UDP port number used on the Remote TAIP server.	Values (TCP/UDP)
	UDP / TCP



	Message Type
Select between RPV and RLN message types.	Values (selection)
RPV - Position/Velocity RLN - Long Navigation Message	RPV / RLN
	Interval
Set the frequency at which TAIP messages are reported to the remote server. The unit used is seconds, and the default value is 60 seconds.	Values (seconds)
	60
	Vehicle ID
Set the Vehicle ID using 4 alpha-numeric characters.	Values (chars)
	0000

4.8 Firewall

4.8.1 Firewall > Status

Firewall Status allows a user to see detailed information about how the firewall is operating. The All, Filter, Nat, Raw, and Mangle options can be used to view different aspects of the firewall.

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VIP4G

			rk Carrier W							ewall VPN MultiWAN Tools
atus	Ge	enera	l Rules Port	Forwa	rdi	ng M	IAC-II	PList R	eset	
irewa	all Sta	tus								
St	tatus a	nd Rule	s All	T	C	heck				
					1 (122					
Targe	t Fliter									
Chain	INPUT	(policy	ACCEPT 0 packets, 0 byt	es)						
num	pkts	bytes	target	prot	opt	in	out	source	destination	options
1	26008	1366K	ACCEPT	all	-		*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	state RELATED, ESTABLISHED
2	591	30779	ACCEPT	a 0			*	0.0.0.0/0		
3	66	3536	syn_flood	tcp			*	0.0.0,0/0	0.0.0/0	tcp flags:0x17/0x02
			input_rule	all	-			6,2,2,3,2	0.0.0/0	
5	508	42855	input	all	ST2		*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
			icy DROP 0 packets, 0 b							Longer and the
		bytes	STATES CONTRACTOR AND AND AND	prot			out	source	destination	options
1	17		zone_wan2_MSSFIX	all			-	0.0.0.0/0		
2	17		zone_wan_MSSFIX	all	-				0.0.0.0/0	
-	0	0	ACCEPT	-	-				0.0.0.0/0	state RELATED, ESTABLISHED
4	17		forwarding_rule					E(2)2/2/2	0.0.0.0/0	
5	0	0	reject	all	-				0.0.0.0/0	
•	v.	v	rejecc	a.,		23	1.57	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
Chair		T (polic	y ACCEPT 0 packets, 0 t	autor 1						
		bytes		prot	opt	in	out	source	destination	options
1			ACCEPT						0.0.0.0/0	state RELATED, ESTABLISHED
2			ACCEPT	all	_	£.	lo		0.0.0/0	
3	23	1758	output_rule	all		é :		0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0/0	
4	23		output	all		k.	i.	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
Chain	forwar	d (1 refe	erences)							
num	pkts	bytes	target	prot	opt	in	out	source	destination	options
1	0	0	zone_wan_forward	all	-	br-wan	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
2	17	1375	zone_lan_forward	all		br-lan	1	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0/0	
3	0	0	zone_wan_forward	all	43	br-wan		0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
4	0	0	zone_wan2_forward	all		br-wan2	1	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0/0	
Chain	forwar	ding_lar	(1 references)							
num	pkts	bytes	target	prot	opt	in	out	source	destination	options
Chair	forwar	ding_rul	e (1 references)							
	26		target	prot	_	-	-	source	destination	

Image 4-8-1: Firewall > Status

4.8.2 Firewall > General

The General Firewall settings allow users to enable or disable the firewall, and to decide which areas of the modem to protect. The Firewall can also be reset to factory defaults from this area of the WebUI.

01

VIP4G

In a cellular device such as this, it is highly recommended to configure the firewall to protect any devices connected to the modem, and to control data usage. This is especially important units set up with a public IP address as the modem is effectively on the public internet and is susceptible to a wide range of threats which may severely impact the data usage. This can be avoided by blocking all 4G/Cellular traffic and setting up specific rules to either open only used ports, or even restrict access to specific IP/networks.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Тос
tatus	General Ru	iles Poi	rt Forward	ing MAC-1	IP List	Reset		а 		
Firewal	l General									
Firewa	II Mode Configu	ration								
Fire	wall Status		Enable •							
Firewa	II General Config	guration								
WA	N Remote Manag	gement 0	Enable	Disable						
4G	Remote Manage	ment 0	Enable	Disable						
WA	N Request 🛈		Block O	Allow						
4G	Request 0		Block	Allow						
LAN	to WAN Access	Control 0	Slock 🖲	Allow						
LAN	to 4G Access C	Control 0	Block	Allow						
Ant	i-Spoof 🕕		🔘 Enable 🖲	Disable						
Pac	ket Normalizatio	n O	🔘 Enable 🧐	Disable						

Image 4-8-2: Firewall > General

sage it is		
e firewall be operly.		Firewall Status
nded to block G/Cellular	When enabled, the firewall settings are in effect. When disabled, none of the settings configured in the menu's below have an effect, the modem is	Values
ate rules to ports and/or to limit	"open" to anyone.	Disable / Enable
nections.	WAN F	Remote Management
	Allow remote management of the VIP4G on the WAN side using the WebUI	Values
	on port 80(HTTP), and 443 (HTTPS). If disabled, the configuration can only be accessed from the LAN (or 4G if enabled)	Enable / Disable
	4G I	Remote Management
	Allow remote management of the VIP4G from the 4G side of using the	Values
	WebUI on port 80(HTTP), and 443 (HTTPS). If disabled, the configuration can only be accessed from the LAN (or WAN if enabled)	Enable / Disable



control data usage it is critical that the firewall be configured properly.

It is recommended to block all incoming 4G/Cellular traffic and create rules to open specific ports and/or use ACL lists to limit incoming connections.

		WAN Request
	When Blocked the VIP4G will block all requests from devices on the WAN unless specified otherwise in the Access Rules, MAC List, IP List	Values
	configurations. Access to ports 80 (HTTP) and 443 (HTTPS-if enabled), is still available unless disabled in the WAN Remote Management option.	Block / Allow
^		4G Request
<u>/!</u> \	When Blocked all requests from devices on the 4G (Wireless Carrier) side will be blocked, unless specified otherwise in the Access Rules, MAC List,	Values
When 4G is set to 'Allow' the modem is open to anyone, this is not recommended as it may	IP List configurations. Access to ports 80 (HTTP) and 443 (HTTPS-if enabled), is still available unless disabled in the 4G Remote Management option.	Block / Allow
impact data usage from unwanted sources.	LAN to	WAN Access Control
	Allows or Blocks traffic from the LAN accessing the WAN unless specified otherwise using the Access Rules, MAC, and IP List configuration.	Values
		Block / Allow
	LAN	to 4G Access Control
	Allows or Blocks traffic from the LAN accessing the 4G connection unless specified otherwise using the Access Rules, MAC, and IP List	Values
	configuration.	Block / Allow
		Anti-Spoof
	The Anti-Spoof protection is to create some firewall rules assigned to the external interface (WAN & 4G/Cellular) of the firewall that examines the	Values
	source address of all packets crossing that interface coming from outside. If the address belongs to the internal network or the firewall itself, the packet is dropped.	Enable / Disable
		Packet Normalization
	Packet Normalization is the normalization of packets so there are no	Values
	ambiguities in interpretation by the ultimate destination of the packet. The scrub directive also reassembled fragmented packets, protecting some operating systems from some forms of attack, and drops TCP packets that have invalid flag combinations.	Enable / Disable

10101

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4.8.3 Firewall > Rules

Once the firewall is turned on, rules configuration can be used to define specific rules on how local and remote devices access different ports and services. MAC List and IP List are used for general access, and are applied before rules are processed.

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VIP4G

It is highly recommended to block as much traffic as possible from the modem, especially when using a public IP address. The best security would to be to allow traffic only from trusted IP addresses, and only the specific ports being used, and block everything else. Not configuring the firewall and the firewall rules correctly could result in unpredictable data charges from the cellular carrier.

System Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
Status General <mark>R</mark> i	ules Port	Forwardin	ng MAC-	IP List	Reset				
Firewall Rules Firewall Rules Configu	ration								
Rule Name	rule1]						
ACTION	Accept •								
Source 0	None •								
Source IPs 0	192.168.0.0)	То	192.168.	0.0				
Destination 0	None •								
Destination IPs 0	192.168.0.0)	То	192.168.	0.0				
Destination Port 0	0]						
Protocol	TCP •								
Add Rule									
Firewall Rules Summar	у								
Name Action	Src Src IP Fre	om Sro	CIP TO C	Dest De	st IP From	Dest IP	Го	Destination Port	Protocol

Image 4-8-3: Firewall > Rules

	Rule Name
The rule name is used to identify the created rule. Each rule must have a unique name and up to 10 characters can be used.	Values (10 Chars) characters
	Action
The Action is used to define how the rule handles the connection request.	Values (selection)
ACCEPT will allow a connection, while REJECT (error) and DROP (quietly dropped), will refuse connections.	ACCEPT DROP REJECT
This is configured based on how the WAN/4G Request and LAN to WAN/4G Access Control are configured in the previous menus.	
	Source
Select the zone which is to be the source of the data traffic. WAN applies	Values
to the WAN RJ45 connection, and 4G refers to the connection to the cellular carrier. The LAN refers to local connections on the VIP4G (Ethernet/WiFi).	LAN / 4G / WIFI / WAN None



Refer to Appendix D for an example of how to set up a firewall to block all connections and then add access to only specific IP's and Ports.

<u>Appendix D: Firewall</u> <u>Example</u>

	Source IPs
Match incoming traffic from the specified source IP range. Boxes accept	Values (IP Address)
single IP Addresses without network masks, example: 192.168.1.0 to 192.168.1.255 represents all IP Addresses in the 192.168.1.0/24 network. (Put same IP in both boxes for a single IP match.)	192.168.0.0 to 192.168.0.0
	Destination
Select the zone which is the intended destination of the data traffic. WAN	Values (selection)
applies to the wireless connection to the cellular carrier and the LAN refers to local connections on the VIP4G (Ethernet/WiFi)	LAN / 4G / WIFI / WAN None
	Destination IPs
Match incoming traffic from the specified destination IP range. Boxes accept single IP Addresses without network masks, example: 192.168.1.0	Values (IP Address)
to 192.168.1.255 represents all IP Addresses in the 192.168.1.0/24 network. (Put same IP in both boxes for a single IP match.)	192.168.0.0 to 192.168.0.0
	Destination Port
Match incoming traffic directed at the given destination port or port range.	Values (port)
(To specify a port range use a From:To (100:200) format)	0
	Protocol
The protocol field defines the transport protocol type controlled by the rule.	Values
	TCP UDP Both ICMP

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4.8.4 Firewall > Port Forwarding

The VIP4G can be used to provide remote access to connected devices. To access these devices a user must define how incoming traffic is handled by the VIP4G. If all incoming traffic is intended for a specific connected device, DMZ could be used to simplify the process, as all incoming traffic can be directed towards a specific IP address.

In the case where there is multiple devices, or only specific ports need to be passed, Port forwarding is used to forward traffic coming in from the WAN (Cellular) to specific IP Addresses and Ports on the LAN. Port forwarding can be used in combination with other firewall features, but the Firewall must be enabled for Port forwarding to be in effect. If the WAN Request is blocked on the General Tab, additional rules and/ or IP Lists must be set up to allow the port forwarding traffic to pass through the firewall.

IP-Passthrough (Carrier > Settings) is another option for passing traffic through the VIP4G, in this case all traffic is passed to a single device connected to a RJ45 port on the VIP4G. The device must be set for DHCP or have the WAN IP set as its static IP, as the VIP4G assigns the WAN IP to the device, and the modem enters into a transparent mode, routing all traffic to the RJ45 port. This option bypasses all firewall features of the VIP4G, as well as all other features of the VIP4G such as COM, VPN, GPS etc.

ystem Netw	ork C	arrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
tatus Genera	al Rule	s Po	rt Forwardi	ng MAC-1	IP List	Reset				
Firewall Port Fo	orwardin	g								
Notice										
Port Forward	ling Rules	are take	en into consid	eration after :	the Cent	aral firewall				
			N and/or 4G ce				r.			
rules must b				change channell.	. oroente	a, adamona	87 			
1. Add rules	in the Ru	les confi	guration to op	en ports or a	llow IP a	ddresses.				
2. Create a ll	Mac List	to allow	v desired conn	ections.						
Firewall DMZ Co	onfigurati	on								
DMZ Mode			Disable •							
DMZ Source			4G 🔻							
DMZ Server	IP		192.168.100	100						
Exception Po	ort		0							
Firewall Port For	rwarding	Configur	ation							
Name			forward1							
Source			4G 🔻							
Internal Serv	er IP		192.168.2.1							
Internal Port			3000							
Protocol			TCP ·							
External Port	t		2000							
Add Port For	warding									
Firewall Port Fo	rwarding	Summary	Y							
Name	Source		Internal IP	Ir	ternal Por	τ	Pro	tocol	External P	ort

Image 4-8-4: Firewall > Port Forwarding

DMZ Mode

Enable or disable DMZ Mode. DMZ can be used to forward all traffic to a specific IP address (DMZ Server IP) on the LAN.

Values (selection)

Disable / Enable

VIP4G



If DMZ is enabled and an exception port for the WebUI is not specified, remote management will not be possible. The default port for remote management is TCP 80.



	DMZ Source
Select the source for the DMZ traffic, either 4G or from WAN.	Values (selection)
	4G / WAN
	DMZ Server IF
Enter the IP address of the device on the LAN side of the VIP4G where all the traffic will be forwarded to.	Values (IP Address)
	192.168.100.100
	Exception Por
Enter a exception port number that will NOT be forwarded to the DMZ	Values (Port #)
server IP. Usually a configuration or remote management port that is excluded to retain external control of the VIP4G.	443
	Nam
This is simply a field where a convenient reference or description is added to the rule. Each Forward must have a unique rule name and can use up to	Values (10 chars)
10 characters.	Forward
	Sourc
Select the source for the DMZ traffic, either 4G or from WAN.	Values (selection)
	4G / WAN
	Internal Server II
Enter the IP address of the intended internal (i.e. on LAN side of VIP4G)	Values (IP Address)
server. This is the IP address of the device you are forwarding traffic to.	192.168.2.1
	Internal Por
Target port number of internal server on the LAN IP entered above.	Values (Port #)
	3000
	Protoco
Select the type of transport protocol used. For example Telnet uses TCP, SNMP uses UDP, etc.	Values (selection)
	TCP / UDP / Both
	External Por
Port number of incoming request (from 4G/WAN-side).	Values (Port #)
	2000

VIP4G



If the firewall is set to block incoming traffic on the WAN and/or 4G interfaces, additional rules or IP/MAC lists must be configured to allow desired traffic access.



4.8.5 Firewall > MAC-IP List

MAC List configuration can be used to control which physical LAN devices can access the ports on the VIP4G, by restricting or allowing connections based on the MAC address. IP List configuration can be used to define who or what can access the VIP4G, by restricting or allowing connections based on the IP Address/Subnet.

MAC-IP List can be used alone or in combination with LAN to WAN/4G Access Control to provide secure access to the physical ports of the VIP4G.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Compo	rt I/O	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	То
Status	General	Rules P	ort Forward	ling MA	C-IP List	Reset				
Firewall	MAC/IP Lis	st								
Firewal	II MAC List Co	onfiguration								
Nam	ne		mac1							
Acti	ion		Accept ▼]						
Mac	Address		00:00:00:0	0:00:00						
Add	Mac List									
Firewal	II IP List Conf	guration								
Nam	ne	ip1								
Acti	ion	Accept	•							
Sou	irce 🕕	None •	•							
Sou	irce IPs 🕕	192.168	3.0.0	То	192.168.	0.0				
Des	tination IPs 🕕	192.168	.0.0	To	192.168.	0.0				
Add	I IP List									
Firewa	II MAC List Su									
Firewal	II MAC LIST SU	mmary								
Nan	me Act	ion	Mac Address							
Firewal	II IP List Sumr	mary								
Nan	me Act	ion s	Src Src IP Fr	om	Src	РТо	Dest IP F	rom	C	est IP To

Image 4-8-5: Firewall > MAC-IP List

Firewall MAC List Configuration

	Rule Name
The Rule Name field is required to give the rule a convenient name for reference. Each rule must have a unique name, up to 10 characters in	Values (10 chars)
length.	MAC_List
	MAC Address
Specify the MAC Address to be added to the list. Must be entered in the correct format as seen above. Not case sensitive.	Values (MAC Address)
correct format as seen above. Not case sensitive.	00:00:00:00:00:00

Firewall MAC List Configuration (Continued)	
	Action
The Action is used to define how the rule handles the connection request.	Values (selection)
ACCEPT will allow a connection, while REJECT (error) and DROP (quietly dropped), will refuse connections.	ACCEPT DROP REJECT
Firewall IP List Configuration	
	Rule Name
The Rule Name field is required to give the rule a convenient name for	Values (10 chars)
reference. Each rule must have a unique name, up to 10 characters in length.	IP_List
	Action
The Action is used to define how the rule handles the connection request.	Values (selection)
ACCEPT will allow a connection, while REJECT (error) and DROP (quietly dropped), will refuse connections.	ACCEPT / DROP / REJECT
	Source
Enter the specific zone that the IP List will apply to, 4G (Cellular), WAN,	Values (Selection)
LAN (Ethernet, WiFi) or None (both).	LAN / WAN / / WIFI / 4G / NONE
	Source Address
Match incoming traffic from the specified source IP range. Boxes accept single IP Addresses without network masks, example: 192.168.1.0 to	Values (IP Address)
192.168.1.255 represents all IP Addresses in the 192.168.1.0/24 network. (Put same IP in both boxes for a single IP match.)	192.168.0.0 to 192.168.0.0
	Destination Address
Match incoming traffic from the specified destination IP range. Boxes	Values (IP Address)
accept single IP Addresses without network masks, example: 192.168.1.0 to 192.168.1.255 represents all IP Addresses in the 192.168.1.0/24 network. (Put same IP in both boxes for a single IP match.)	192.168.0.0 to 192.168.0.0

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4.8.6 Firewall > Reset

To reset the firewall back to default settings and erase all rules, port forwards, and IP/MAC lists, use the reset button see below:



Image 4-8-6: Firewall > Reset to Defaults



4.9 VPN

4.9.1 VPN > Summary

A Virtual Private Network (VPN) may be configured to enable a tunnel between the VIP4G and a remote network. The VIP4G supports VPN IPsec Gateway to Gateway (site-to-site) tunneling, meaning you are using the VIP4G to connect a tunnel to network with VPN capabilities (Another VIP4G or VPN capable device). The VIP4G can also operate as a L2TP Server, allowing users to VPN into the unit from a remote PC, and a L2TP Client.

	etwork Carri	ier Wirele	ess Comport	I/O GPS I	Firewall VPN	MultiWA	N Tools	5
mmary	Gateway To G	ateway C	lient To Gateway	VPN Client A	ccess Certifi	cate Manag	jement	
ummary								
Gateway To G	iateway							
No. Name	Status Phase2 End	c/Auth/Grp	Interface Local Grou	p Remote Group	Remote Gateway	RX/TX Bytes	Tunnel Test	Confi
Add								
Client To Gate	wav							
	Status Interface	Local/Remote	IP Address See	ver Gateway Start	Time Duration	RX/TX Bytes	Tunnel Test	Confi
Add	status interrace	Local/Kemote	IF Address Ser	ver Gateway Start	Time Duration	KA/TA Bytes	runner rest	Conrig
Aug								
L2TP Server								
L2TP Server Status	Interface	Local IP	Client IP Range Star	Ĕ	Client IP Range Er	nd	Conf	ig.
	Interface br-wan	Local IP	Client IP Range Star	t.	Client IP Range Er	nd	Conf <u>Edit</u>	ig.
1.1.5	110.0000000000	Local IP	Client IP Range Start	t.	Client IP Range Ei	nd		ig.
Status disable disable	br-wan br-wan2	Local IP	Client IP Range Stari	t.	Client IP Range Er	nd	Edit	ig.
Status disable disable L2TP Connect	br-wan br-wan2		Client IP Range Start	t Start Time	Client IP Range Er	nd RX Btyes	Edit	- 4
Status disable disable L2TP Connect	br-wan br-wan2 tion List mote Address						<u>Edit</u> Edit	- 4
Status disable disable L2TP Connect No. Rei	br-wan br-wan2 tion List mote Address	121					<u>Edit</u> Edit	- 4

Image 4-9-1: VPN > Summary



4.9.2 VPN > Gateway To Gateway (Site-to-Site)

A Gateway to Gateway connection is used to create a tunnel between two VPN devices such as an VIP4G and another device (another VIP4G or Cisco VPN Router or another vendor...). The local and remote group settings will need to be configured below to mirror those set on the other VPN device.

stem Network Carrier	Wireless Comport I/O GPS Firewall VPN MultiWAN Tools
nmary Gateway To Gat	eway Client To Gateway VPN Client Access Certificate Management
teway To Gateway	
Add a New Tunnel	
Tunnel Name	
Enable	8
Authentication	Preshared Key V
Interface	4G T
Local Group Setup	
Local Security Gateway Type	IP + Server ID
Interface IP Address	74.198.188.197
Server ID	
Next-hop Gateway IP	
Group Subnet IP	
Group Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Group Subnet Gateway	
Remote Group Setup	
Remote Security Gateway	IP + Server ID V
Туре	IP + Server ID V
Gateway IP Address	
Server ID	
Next-hop Gateway IP	
Group Subnet IP	
Group Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
PSec Setup	
Aggressive Mode	0
Phase 1 DH Group	modp1024 V
Phase 1 Encryption	3des T
Phase 1 Authentication	md5 V
Phase 1 SA Life Time(s)	28800
Perfect Forward Secrecy	0
Phase 2 SA Type	ESP V
Phase 2 DH Group	modp1024 V
Phase 2 Encryption	3des V
Phase 2 Authentication	md5 ¥
Phase 2 SA Life Time(s)	3600
Preshared Key	
DPD Delay(s)	32
DPD Timeout(s)	122
DPD Action	hold ¥

Image 4-9-2: VPN > Gateway to Gateway

	Tunnel Name
Enter a name for the VPN Tunnel. Up to 16 different tunnels can be created, each requiring a unique name.	Values (chars)
	tunnel1



Enable

Used to enable (checked) is disable (unchecked) the VPN tunnel.

Values (checkbox)

Enable (Checked)

VIP4G

Local Group Setup

Local Se	ecurity Gateway Type
Specify the method for identifying the router to establish the VPN tunnel. The Local Security Gateway is on this router; the Remote Security	Values (selection)
Gateway is on the other router. At least one of the routers must have either a static IP address or a dynamic IP with server id to make a connection.	IP Only IP + Server ID Dynamic IP + Server ID
IP Only: Choose this option if this router has a static WAN IP address. The W automatically. For the Remote Security Gateway Type, an extra field appears of the remote VPN router, choose IP Address, and then enter the address.	
IP + Server ID: Choose this option if this router has a static WAN IP address address appears automatically. For the Remote Security Gateway Type, an e know the IP address of the remote VPN router, choose IP Address, and then	extra field appears. If you
Dynamic IP + Server ID: Choose this option if this router has a dynamic IP ac (available such as @microhard.vpn). Enter the server id to use for authentica used only for one tunnel connection.	
	Interface IP Address
Displays the IP address of the VIP4G, which is the local VPN Gateway.	Values (IP Address)
	Current IP Address
	Server ID
This option appears when the Local Security Gateway Type specifies that the Server ID is required for the connection. The Server ID must be in the	Values (IP Address)
format @ <u>name</u> , where name can be anything. Both routers must know	
each others names to establish a connection.	(no default)
each others names to establish a connection.	(no default) Next-hop Gateway IP
each others names to establish a connection.	. ,

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Values (IP Address) Define the local network by specifying the local subnet. The local and remote routers must use different subnets.

(no default)

Group Subnet IP



	Group Subnet Mas
Specify the subnet mask of the local network address.	Values (IP Address)
	255.255.255.0
Gr	oup Subnet Gatewa
Enter the Gateway for the local group network.	Values (IP Address)
	(no default)
Remote Group Setup	
Remote Se	ecurity Gateway Typ
Specify the method for identifying the router to establish the VPN tunnel. The Local Security Gateway is on this router; the Remote Security	Values (selection)
Gateway is on the other router. At least one of the routers must have either a static IP address or a dynamic IP with server id to make a connection. (See Local Group Setup for details)	IP Only IP + Server ID Dynamic IP + Server ID
	Gateway IP Addres
If the remote VPN router has a static IP address, enter the IP address of the remote VPN Gateway here.	Values (IP Address)
the remote vi th Galeway here.	(no default)
	Server I
This option appears when the Remote Security Gateway Type specifies that the Server ID is required for the connection. The Server ID must be in	Values (IP Address)
the format @ <u>name</u> , where name can be anything. Both routers must know each others names to establish a connection.	(no default)
	Next-hop Gateway I
Next-hop Gateway means the next-hop gateway IP address for the local or	Values (IP Address)
remote gateway participant's connection to the public network.	(no default)
	Subnet IP Addres
Define the remote network by specifying the local subnet.	Values (IP Address)
	(no default)
	Subnet Mas
Specify the subnet mask of the remote network address.	Values (IP Address)
	255.255.255.0

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(pfs) n)
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(pfs) n) roup n)
n) roup
n) roup
n) roup n)
n) roup n) otion



Ph	ase 2 Authentication
Select value to match the Phase 1 Authentication used by the remote VPN router.	Values (selection)
	md5
	sha1
	Phase 2 SA Life Time
Select value to match the values required by the remote VPN router.	Values
	3600
	Preshared Key
Set the Preshared Key required to authenticate with the remote VPN router.	Values (characters)
Touler.	password
	DPD Delay(s)
Dead Peer Detection is used to detect if there is a dead peer. Set the DPD	Values (seconds)
Delay (seconds), as required.	32
	DPD Timeout(s)
Set the DPD (Dead Peer Detection) Timeout (seconds), as required.	Values (seconds)
	122
	DPD Action
Set the DPD action, hold or clear, as required.	Values (seconds)
	Hold



4.9.3 VPN > Client To Gateway (L2TP Client)

The VIP4G can operate as a L2TP Client, allowing a VPN connection to be made with a L2TP Server.

stem Network Carrier	Wireless Comport I/O GPS Firewall VPN MultiWAN Tools
immary Gateway To Gat	eway Client To Gateway VPN Client Access Certificate Management
2tp Client	
Add a New Tunnel	
Tunnel Name	
Enable	*
IPsec	8
Interface	4G 🔻
Local Group Setup	
Local Security Gateway Type	IP Only
Interface IP Address	100.71 239.165
Next-hop Gateway IP	
Remote Group Setup	la
Remote Security Gateway Type	IP + Server ID ▼
Gateway IP Address	
Server ID	
Next-hop Gateway IP	
Group Subnet IP	
Group Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
PPP Setup	
Idle time before hanging up	0 seconds [065535]
PAP	Unencrypted Password
	Challenge Handshake Authentication
CHAP	Protocol
User Name	
Redial	8
Redial attempts	3
Time between redial attempts	15
IPSec Setup	
Authentication	Preshared Key 🔻
Phase 1 SA Life Time(s)	28800
Perfect Forward Secrecy	
Phase 2 SA Life Time(s)	3600
Preshared Key	
DPD Delay(s)	32
DPD Timeout(s)	122
DPD Action	clear 🔻
Advanced+	

Image 4-9-3: VPN > Client to Gateway

	Tunnel Name
Enter a name for the VPN Tunnel. Up to 16 different tunnels can be	Values (chars)
created, each requiring a unique name.	tunnel1
	Enable
Used to enable (checked) is disable (unchecked) the VPN tunnel.	Values (checkbox)



Loca	I Interface IP Addres
This will show the WAN or 4G IP Address used for the L2TP Interface.	Values (IP Address)
	Current IP
Remote	e Gateway IP Addres
Enter the IP Address of the Remote Gateway that you wish to establish a connection with.	Values (IP Address)
	none
	Remote Server
Some servers require that you know the Server ID as well as the IP address. Enter the Server ID of the remote router here.	Values
	none
	Remote Subnet
In order to communicate with the devices on the other side of the tunnel,	
the VIP4G must know which data to pass through the tunnel, to do this enter the Remote Subnet network IP address here.	Values (IP Address)
enter the Remote Subhet network if address here.	none
	Remote Subnet Ma
Enter the Remote Subnet Mask	Values (IP Address
	none
Idle ti	me before hanging ι
Enter the Idle time (in seconds) to wait before giving up the PPP	Values (seconds)
connection. The default is 0, which means the time is infinite. (0-65535)	0
	Usernan
Enter the Username	Values (chars)
	0
	Preshared K
The preshared key is required to connect to the L2TP Server.	Values (chars)
	0

IPSec Setup - See previous sections for additional info.



4.9.4 VPN > VPN Client Access

For VPN L2TP Server operation, users will be required to provide a username and password. Use VPN Client Access to set up the required users.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Т
Summary	Gateway	y To Gate	way Clien	t To Gatew	ay V	PN Clien	t Access	Certific	ate Managen	nent
VPN Clier	nt Access									
Usern	ame		ĺ.							
New	Password									
Confir	m New Passv	vord								

Image 4-9-4: VPN > VPN Client Access

Enter a username for the user bein	g set up.
------------------------------------	-----------

Enter a password for the use.

Values (characters)

Username

New Password

Values (characters)

Confirm New Password

Enter the password again, the VIP4G will ensure that the password match. Values (IP Address)



4.9.5 VPN > Certificate Management

When using the VPN features of the VIP4G, it is possible to select X.509 for the Authentication Type. If that is the case, the VIP4G must use the required x.509 certificates in order to establish a secure tunnel between other devices. Certificate Management allows the user a place to manage these certificates.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
Summary	Gateway	y To Gate	way Clien	t To Gatewa	ay V	PN Clien	t Access	Certific	ate Managem	ent
Certificat	e Managem	ent								
X509 Roo	t Certificates									
No.		ា	lame							Config.
Import	Certificate:	[Choose File	No file chosen						Import
X509 Cer	tificates									
No.			ame							Config.
Import	Certificate:	[Choose File	No file chosen						Import
X509 Priv	ate Keys									
No.		1	Name							Config.
Import	: Private key:		Choose File	No file chosen						Import
X509 Cer	tificates Revoca	tion Lists								
No.		,	lame							Config.
Import	Certificate:	ĺ	Choose File	No file chosen						Import

Image 4-9-5: VPN > Certificate Management



4.10 MultiWAN

4.10.1 MultiWAN > Status

The VIP4G is capable of having 2 WAN connections, one connected to the physical WAN port on the VIP4G and the Cellular WAN connection to the wireless carrier. The MultiWAN section allows a user to define how traffic uses these WAN's.

The main purpose of the MultiWan feature is to use one network for a primary connection, such as a local, wired ISP for broadband access, and if that connection fails or is offline, the VIP4G can automatically switch to an alternate network connection such as the 4G/Cellular connection.

The Status menu gives an overview of both WAN connections and their configuration. WAN group 1 is the wired WAN and WAN group 2 is the 4G/Cellular connection to a wireless carrier.

10	IIII	ICTO.	hard	SYSTE	MS	INC.	10101	10.	011	010
System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/O	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
tatus	Settings	Traffic								
Multi WA	AN Status									
Multi WA	N GROUP 1									
WAI	N Name						WAN [Primary]			
IP A	ddress					192.168.1.254				
Gat	eway						192.168.1.1			
DNS	5									
Stat	us						UP			
Multi WA	N GROUP 2									
WA	N Name						4G			
IP A	ddress						184.151.235.1	15		
Gat	eway						184.151.235.1	15		
DNS	5						70.28.245.227 184.151.118.254			
Stat	us						UP			
									Stop Refr	eshing Interval: 2

Image 4-10-1: MultiWAN > Status



4.10.2 MultiWAN > Settings

The following section describes the parameters required for MultiWan for failover purposes. The configuration for each interface in identical, so will only be described once.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools
Status	Settings	Traffic								
Multi W/	AN Configur	ation								
Configur	ation									
in the second second	i Wan status ary Connectio	n	Enable V WAN V							
WAN Inte	erface									
Heal Heal Atter Atter Reco	th Monitor Int th Monitor ICI th Monitor ICI mpts Before V mpts Before V vvery ver Traffic De	MP Host MP Timeout WAN Failover WAN	Disable V 8.8.8.8 3 sec. V 3 V 3 V 4G V							
Heal Heal Atter	th Monitor Int th Monitor ICI th Monitor ICI mpts Before 4 mpts Before 4 ver Traffic De	MP Host MP Timeout 4G Failover 4G Recovery	Disable V 8.8.8.8 3 sec. V 3 V 3 V WAN V							

Image 4-10-2: MultiWAN > Settings

	Multi Wan status
Enable or disable MultiWan. To use MultiWan, the WAN (wired)	Values (selection)
must be configured as independent in the Network > WAN settings, and a DHCP or Static IP Address set.	Enable / Disable
	Primary Connection
Define which connection is the primary network/internet connection	Values (selection)
for the VIP4G. Normally this is the wired WAN connection to an ISP.	WAN / 4G
Не	alth Monitor Interval
This is the frequency at which the VIP4G will send ICMP packets to	Values (selection)
the defined host to determine if the interface has failed.	5,10,20,30,60,120(sec.) Disable

Healt	th Monitor ICMP Host
This is the IP Address or domain name of a valid reachable host	Values (Address)
that can be used to determine link health.	8.8.8.8
Health N	Monitor ICMP Timeout
This is the amount of time the Health Monitor will wait for a	Values (selection)
response from the ICMP Host.	1, 2, 3 , 4, 5, 10 (seconds)
Attempts	Before WAN Failover
This is the number of attempts the VIP4G will attempt to reach the	Values (selection)
IMCP host before going into failover and switching WAN interfaces.	1, 3 , 5, 10, 15, 20
Attempts E	Before WAN Recovery
The VIP4G will continue to monitor the failed interface, even after	Values (selection)
failover has occurred. This defines the number of successful attempts required before recovering the failed interface.	1, 3 , 5 , 10, 15, 20
Failov	ver Traffic Destination
Select the interface to use once failover has occurred.	Values (selection)
	4G, WAN, Disable

10101

01010



4.10.3 MultiWAN > Traffic

The Traffic Menu allows a user to select the WAN/4G interface used based on different traffic types, or data from specific sources and/or destinations. For example, all traffic from a specific IP address could be set to use the 4G interface, while all other traffic uses the WAN, or that all UDP traffic uses the WAN interface, and TCP data uses the 4G, etc.

System Network Carrier Wireless Comport I/O GPS Firewall VPN MultiWAN Tools Status Settings Traffic Multi WAN Traffic Rules Traffic Rules Traffic Rules Configuration Rule Name Iule_01 Source Address II Destination Address II Protocol II Ports B0 Port Type III WAN WAN	1010
Status Settings Traffic Multi WAN Traffic Rules Traffic Rules Configuration Rule Name rule_01 Source Address all Destination Address all Protocol All Ports 80 Port Type All	
Rule Name rule_01 Source Address all Destination Address all Protocol All Ports 80 Port Type All	
Rule Namerule_01Source AddressallDestination AddressallProtocolAll •Ports80Port TypeAll •	
Rule Namerule_01Source AddressallDestination AddressallProtocolAllPorts80Port TypeAll	
Source Address all Destination Address all Protocol All Ports 80 Port Type All	
Destination Address all Protocol All Ports 80 Port Type All	
Protocol All Ports 80 Port Type All	
Ports 80 Port Type All •	
Port Type All 🔹	
Wat spans Wat *	
Add Rule	
Add Note	
Firewall Rules Summary	
Name Source Address Destination Address Protocol Ports P Type WAN Uplink	
192.168.1.0/24 ftp.netlab7.com TCP • 21 All • 4G • Remove Rul	<u>e</u>
192.168.0.3 ICMP - All - 4G - Remove Rul	5
www.whatismyip.com ALL - All - Default - Remove Rul	e

Image 4-10-3: MultiWAN > Traffic

	Rule Name
Each rule must have a unique user defined name.	Values (characters)
	rule_01
	Source Address
This would allow a user to create a rule based on the source	Values (IP Address)
address, or the address or which the data is coming from.	all, IP Address
	Destination Address
This would allow a user to create a rule based on the destination	Values (IP Address)
address, or the address or which the data is going to.	all, IP Address



	Protocol
The type of traffic can be selected using the Protocol field.	Values (characters)
	AII, TCP, UDP, ICMP
	Ports
Data can also be specified and directed to a specific interface	Values (IP Port)
based on which port it is going to, or from.	80
	Port Type
Used with the above Ports parameter to further define if the rules is	Values (selection)
to be based on incoming, outgoing or both types of data related to a specific IP Port.	all, source, destination
	WAN Uplink
The WAN Uplink defines the interface used for the current rule.	Values (selection)
	4G, WAN, Default



4.11 Tools

4.11.1 Tools > Discovery

Network Discovery

The Network discovery tool allows the VIP4G to send a broadcast to all VIP4G/VIP Series units on the same network. Other units on the network will respond to the broadcast and report their MAC address, IP address (With a hyperlink to that units WebUI page), description, firmware version, operating mode, and the SSID (regardless of whether it was set to broadcast or not).

The discovery service can be a useful troubleshooting tool and can be used to quickly find and indentify other units on the network. It can be disabled from the Network > sdpServer menu.

	m	icro	hard	lsyst	EMS	INC.			MultiWAN	01	010
System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	1/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools	2140
Discovery	y Netflow	Report	NMS Setting	js Event	Report	Modbus	Webso	ocket	Site Survey	Ping T	raceRoute
	Net	work Disc	overy								
Networ	k Discovery										
MA	C Address		IP Address	Des	cription	Produc	ct Name	Fi	rmware Ver	Mode	SSID
00:0	0F:92:00:C8:28		192.168.168.1	VIP4	IG-YU	VIP4G_	WIFI_N	vl	1.1.6-r1172	ap	VIP4G-YOU
Sta	art discovery net	work again	ĺ.								

Image 4-11-1: Tools > Discovery

To begin, click the *Start discovery network again* button, the VIP4G will send out a broadcast message, and will report back, by populating the network discovery screen as seen above. This will detect any VIP4G or Microhard enabled devices on the local broadcast domain, regardless of the IP address or subnet. Once devices are found, and if on a accessible subnet, the IP Address link can be used to automatically open a web browser WebUI session with that unit.



4.11.2 Tools > Netflow Report

The VIP4G can be configured to send Netflow reports to up to 3 remote systems. Netflow is a tool that collects and reports IP traffic information, allowing a user to analyze network traffic on a per interface basis to identity bandwidth issues and to understand data needs. Standard Netflow Filters can be applied to narrow down results and target specific data requirements.

System I	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Тоо	ls		
Discovery	Netflow	Report	NMS Settings	5 Event	Report	Modbus	s Webso	ocket	Site Survey	Ping	TraceR		
	Netf	low Repo	rt										
Report Conf	figuration No	.1											
Status			Enable *										
Source	e Address		0.0.0.0	defa	ault 0.0.0	0.0							
Interfa	ice		ALL 🔻										
Remot	te IP		0.0.0.0	.0.0.0									
Remot	te Port		2055	[0 ~	65535]								
Filter e	expression												
Versio	n		V5 ¥										
Report Conf	figuration No	.2											
Status	Status Disable V												
Report Conf	figuration No	.3											
Status			Disable 🔻										

Image 4-11-2: Tools > Netflow Report

	Status
Enable / Disable Netflow Reporting.	Values (selection)
	Disable / Enable
	Source Address
The Source Address is the IP Address, of which data is to be collected and analyzed. The default of 0.0.0.0 will collect and report information about all	Values (IP Address)
addresses connected to the interface selected below.	0.0.0.0
	Interface
Select between WAN ,4G/Cellular and LAN interfaces, or capture data from all interfaces.	Values (selection)
	LAN / WAN / 4G / ALL



	Remote IP
The Remote IP is the IP Address of the NetFlow collector where the flow reports are be sent.	Values (IP Address)
	0.0.0.0
	Remote Port
Enter the Remote Port number.	Values (IP Address)
	0
	Filter expression
Filter expression selects which packets will be captured. If no expression is given, all packets will be captured. Otherwise, only packets for which	Values (chars)
expression is `true' will be captured. Example: tcp&&port 80	(no default)

	Version
Select the Netflow version format to use. V1, 5 and 7 are supported.	Values (selection)
	V1 / V5 / V7



4.11.3 Tools > NMS Settings

The Microhard NMS is a no cost server based monitoring and management service offered by Microhard Systems Inc. Using NMS you can monitor online/offline units, retrieve usage data, perform backups and centralized upgrades, etc. The following section describes how to get started with NMS and how to configure the VIP4G to report to NMS.

To get started with NMS, browse to the Microhard NMS website, <u>nms.microhardcorp.com</u>, click on the register button in the top right corner to register for a Domain (profile), and set up a Domain Administrator Account.

C n Burchard Systems Inc. [CA]			
ps 💯 microhardcorp.com 💯 Microhard Dev Site 💈 hard NMS:	Microhard Support in OET FC	CID Search 📋 Webmail LOGIN 🤰	MantisBT 3 Constant Contact : L Register
and mild.			Augusta
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n_{-}			
microhard systems INC.			
	Login		
	Email Address:		
	Password:		
	Forgat your password?	Login	
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Choose your domain name *		CID Search 🕒 Webmail LOGIN 🛔	Mentisili (2) Constant Contact : L Register / Register / The Domain Name and Domain Passwork will be the credental used in the moderns 100 will be the credental used in the moderns 100
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Image 4-11-3: NMS Registration

Domain Name: A logical management zone for 3G or 4G devices will report to on NMS, the logged data is separated from any other users that are using NMS. The Domain Name is required in every 3G or 4G device for it to report to right zone. Under this user domain, one can create and manage sub-domain. The sub-domain can only be created by the domain administrator, NOT by the NMS subscription page.

01

VIP4G

Domain Password: This password is used to prevent misuse of the domain. This needs to be entered into each 3G or 4G device for it to report to right zone.

Email Address: The email address entered here will be the login username. During the registration stage, a confirmation email will be sent by the NMS system for verification and confirmation to activate your account.

Once confirmed, this account will be the administrator of the domain. The administrator can manage subdomain and user accounts that belong to this domain.

Once NMS has been configured, each VIP4G must be configured to report into NMS.

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Тоо	s
Discovery	y Netflow	Report	NMS Setting	s Event	Report	Modbus	Webso	ocket	Site Survey	Ping	TraceR
	NMS	6 Configu	ation								
Defau	lt Settings		Edit with def	ault configura	<u>ation</u>						
System S	etting										
NMS	Server/IP		nms.microha	dcorp.cor	ain NMS						
Doma	ain Name		default								
Doma	ain Password		•••••	Min	5 charac	cters					
Confi	rm Password		•••••								
NMS Rep	ort Setting										
Carri	er Location		Enable Upda	te Over Netwo	rk 🔻						
Repo	rt Status		Enable NMS	Report 🔻							
			20200	[0 ~	65535]						
Kerr	ote PORT		(default:2020	00)							
Inte	rval Time(s)		300	[0 ~	65535]						
Info	mation Selec	tion	Available Iter	ms:							
Ethe	met:		🖲 Disable 🗆	Enable							
Carr	ier:		Disable •	Enable							
Rad	io:		🖲 Disable 🔍	Enable							
Con	1:		🖲 Disable 🗆	Enable							
DI/E	00:		Disable	Enable							
Webclien	t Setting										
Statu	5		Enable 🔻								
Serve	r Type		HTTPS V								
Serve	r Port		9998								
User I	Name		admin								
Passv	vord		•••••								
Interv	al		30	(min	utes)						

Image 4-11-4: NMS Settings

Network Management System (NMS) Configuration	
	Default Settings
The default Settings link will reset the configuration form to the default factor to be submitted before any changes will occur.	y values. The form still needs
	NMS Server/IP
The default server address for NMS is nms.microhardcorp.com. The NMS can also be hosted privately, and if that is the case, enter the address here.	Values (IP/Name)
can also be nosled privalely, and it that is the case, enter the address here.	nms.microhardcorp.com
Doma	ain Name / Password
This is the domain name and password that was registered on the NMS website, it must be entered to enable reporting to the NMS system.	Values (chars)
website, it must be entered to enable reporting to the Nino system.	default
NMS Report Setting	
	Carrier Location
Enable or Disable location estimation via carrier connection. When enabled, the VIP4G will consume some data to retrieve location information	Values (chars)
from the internet.	Disable/Enable
	Report Status
Enable or Disable UDP reporting of data to the NMS system.	Values (chars)
	Enable NMS Report Disable NMS Report
	Remote Port
This is the port to which the UDP packets are sent, and the NMS system is listening on. Ensure this matches what is configured on NMS. The default	Values (UDP Port#)
is 20200.	20200
	Interval(s)
The Interval defines how often data is reported to NMS. The more often data is reported the more data is used so this should be set according to a	Values (seconds)
data is reported, the more data is used, so this should be set according to a user's data plan. (0 to 65535 seconds)	300

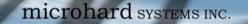
10101

101010

	Information Selection
The VIP4G can report information about the different interfaces it has. By lefault the VIP4G is set to send information about the Carrier, such as sage and RSSI. Statistical and usage data on the Radio (WiFi), Ethernel and Serial interfaces can also be reported.	Ethernet Carrier
The more that is reported, the more data that is sent to the NMS system, be aware of data plan constraints and related costs.	Radio COM DI / DO
Webclient Setting	
	Status
The Web Service can be enabled or disabled. This service is used to remotely control the VIP4G. It can be used to schedule reboots, firmware	
upgrade and backup tasks, etc.	Disable/Enable
	Server Type
Select between HTTPS (secure), or HTTP server type.	Values (chars)
	HTTPS/ HTTP
	Server Port
This is the port where the service is installed and listening. This port should be open on any installed firewalls.	Values (Port#)
	9998
	Username / Password
This is the username and password used to authenticate the unit.	Values (seconds)
	admin/admin
	Interval
The Interval defines how often the VIP4G checks with the NMS System to determine if there are any tasks to be completed. Carrier data will be	
consumed every time the device probes the NMS system.	60

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4.11.4 Tools > Event Report

4.11.4.1 Event Report > Configuration

Event Reporting allows the VIP4G to send periodic updates via UDP packets. These packets are customizable and can be sent to up to 3 different hosts, and at a programmable interval. The event packet can report information about the modem such as the hardware/ software versions, core temperature, supply voltage, etc; carrier info such as signal strength (RSSI), phone number, RF Band; or about the WAN such as if the assigned IP Address changes. All events are reported in binary.

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ystem	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport			Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Тоо	15
scovery	Netflow	Report	NMS Setting	s Event	Report	Modbus	Webso	cket	Site Survey	Ping	Trac
	Ever	nt Report									
Report Cor	figuration No	.1									
Event	Туре		Modem_Eve	nt 🔻							
Remo	te IP		0.0.0.0	0.0	.0.0						
Remo	te PORT		20200	[0 -	~ 65535]						
Interv	al Time(s)		600	[0 -	~ 65535]						
Mess	age Info Typ	be	Modem v	None 🔻	None 🔻]					
Report Cor	figuration No	.2									
Event	Type		SDP_Event	T							
Remo	te IP		0.0.0.0	0.0	.0.0						
Remo	te PORT		20200	[0 -	~ 65535]						
Interv	al Time(s)		600	[0 -	~ 65535]						
Report Cor	figuration No	.3									
Event	Туре		Managemen	T							
Remo	te IP		0.0.0.0	0.0	.0.0						
Remo	te PORT		20200	[0 -	~ 65535]						
Interv	al Time(s)		600	[0 -	~ 65535]						
Interf	ace Selectio	n									
Ethern	net:		Disable •	Enable							
Carrie	r:		🖲 Disable 🔍	Enable							
Radio	0		Disable	Enable							
Com:			🖲 Disable 🔍	Enable							
DI/DO	0:		Disable	Enable							

Image 4-11-5: Tools > Event Report

Event Type

This box allows the selection of the type of event to be reported. The default is disabled. If Modem_Event is selected, additional options appear to the right and allow for customization of the event reported via Messages. If Management is selected, additional check boxes appear below to select the interfaces to report to the Microhard NMS system.

Values (selection)

Modem_Event SDP_Event Management



	Remote IP
Enter the IP Address of a reachable host to send the UDP packets	Values (IP Address)
	0.0.0.0
	Remote Port
Specify the UDP port number of the Remote IP Address.	Values (Port #)
*Default Port Numbers for Microhard NMS (20100 for modem events, 20200 for Management)	20200
	Interval Time(s)
This is the interval time in seconds, that the VIP4G will send the configured UDP message to the Remote IP and Port specified.	Values (seconds)
ODF message to the Remote if and Foit specified.	600
	Message Info Type
When Modem_Event is selected, up to three different payloads can be selected.	Values (seconds)
	Modem Carrier WAN

4.11.4.2 Event Report > Message Structure

Modem_event message structure

- fixed header (fixed size 20 bytes)
- Modem ID (uint64_t (8 bytes))
- Message type mask (uint8_t(1 byte))
- reserved
- packet length (uint16_t(2 bytes))

Note: packet length = length of fixed header + length of message payload.

Message type mask

Modem info -	2 bits
	00 no
	01 yes (0x1)
Carrier info -	2 bits
	00 no
	01 yes (0x4)
WAN Info -	2 bits
	00 no
	01 yes (0x10)

sdp_event message structure

- spd_cmd (1 byte(0x01))
- content length (1 byte)
- spd_package same as spd response inquiry package format

4.11.4.3 Event Report > Message Payload

Modem info:

Content length Modem name Hardware version Software version Core temperature Supply voltage	- - - -	2 BYTES (UINT16_T) STRING (1-30 bytes) STRING (1-30 bytes) STRING (1-30 bytes) STRING (1-30 bytes) STRING (1-30 bytes)
Content length RSSI RF Band Service type Channel number SIM card number	- - - -	2 BYTES (UINT16_T) 1 BYTE (UINT8_T) 2 BYTES (UINT16_T) STRING (1-30 Bytes) STRING (1-30 Bytes) STRING (1-30 Bytes)

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WAN Info:

-	2 BYTES (UINT16_T)
-	4 BYTES (UINT32_T)
-	4 BYTES (UINT32_T)
-	4 BYTES (UINT32_T)
	-

Message Order:

Phone number

Messages will be ordered by message type number.

For example,

If message type mask = 0x15, the eurd package will be equipped by header+modem information+carrier information+wanip information.

STRING (1-30 Bytes)

If message type mask = 0x4, the eurd package will be equipped by header+carrier information.

If message type mask = 0x11, the eurd package will be equipped by header+modem infomation+wanip infomation.

VIP4G



4.11.5 Tools > Modbus

4.11.5.1 Modbus > TCP Modbus

The VIP4G can be configured to operate as a TCP/IP or Serial (COM) Modbus slave and respond to Modbus requests and report various information as shown in the Data Map.

			Wireless					Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tool	
scovery	Netflow	Report	NMS Setting	gs E	vent	Report	Modbus	Webso	ocket	Site Survey	Ping	Trace
	Mod	lbus										
Modbus Sla	ve Device Co	onfig:										
Status			Enable Servi	ce 🔻								
TCP M	de Status		Enable TCP	Conne	ction Se	ervice •						
Port			502		[1 ~	65535]						
Active	Timeout(s)	30		[0 ~	65535]						
Slave	ID		1		[1 ~	255]						
Coils	Address Off	fset	0		[0 ~	65535]						
Input	Address Of	fset	0		[0 ~	65535]						
Regist	er Address	Offset	0		[0 ~	65535]						
Maste	r IP Filter Se	et	Enable IP Fil	ter 🔻								
Accep	t Master IP	1	0.0.0.0		[0.0]	[0.0]						
Accep	t Master IP	1	0.0.0.0		[0.0]	.0.0]						
Accep	t Master IP	1	0.0.0.0		[0.0]	.0.0]						
Accep	ot Master IP	1	0.0.0.0		[0.0]	.0.0]						
COM N	ode Status	5	Enable COM	ASCILI	Mode	۲	1					
Data	Mode		RS232 *									
Baud	Rate		19200 •									
Data	Format		8N1 T									
Chara	cter Timeou	ut(s)	5		[0 ~	65535]						
Slave	ID		1		[1~	255]						
Coils	Address Off	fset	0		[0 ~	65535]						
Input	Address Of	fset	0		[0 ~	65535]						
Regist	er Address	Offset	0		[0 ~	65535]						
			View Data N									

Image 4-11-6: Tools > Modbus Configuration

	Status
Disable or enable the Modbus service on the VIP4G.	Values (selection)
	Disable Service Enable Service
	TCP Mode Status
Disable or enable the Modbus TCP Connection Service on the VIP4G.	Values (selection)
	Disable Enable



	Port
Specify the Port in which the Modbus TCP service is to listen and respond	Values (Port #)
to polls.	502
	Active Timeout(s)
Define the active timeout in seconds.	Values (seconds)
	30
	Slave ID
Each Modbus slave device must have a unique address, or Slave ID. Enter this value here as required by the Modbus Host System.	Values (value)
this value here as required by the Moubus host System.	1
	Coils Address Offset
Enter the Coils Address offset as required by the Master.	Values (value)
	0
	Input Address Offset
Enter the Input Address offset as required by the Master.	Values (value)
	0
Re	gister Address Offset
Enter the Register Address offset as required by the Master.	Values (value)
	0
	Master IP Filter Set
It is possible to only accept connections from specific Modbus Master IP's,	Values (selection)
to use this feature enable the Master IP Filter and specify the IP Addresses in the fields provided.	Disable / Enable

4.11.5.2 Modbus > COM (Serial) Modbus

The VIP4G can also participate in serial based Modbus, to configure and view the serial Modbus settings, the COM1 port must first be disabled in the *Comport > Settings* menu. Only the settings that are different from TCP Modbus will be discussed.

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0101

VIP4G

COM Mode Status	Enable COM	ASCIL	Node 👻
Data Mode	RS232 -		
Baud Rate	19200 -		
Data Format	8N1	•	
Character Timeout(s)	5		[0 ~ 65535]
Slave ID	1		[1 ~ 255]
Coils Address Offset	0		[0 ~ 65535]
Input Address Offset	0		[0 ~ 65535]
Register Address Offset	0		[0 ~ 65535]

Image 4-11-7: Tools > Modbus Serial Configuration

Disable to select the Serial (COM) mode for the Modbus service	Values (selection)			
mode, communication is in binary format and in ASCI communication is in ASCII format.	Disable Enable COM ASCII Mode Enable COM RTU Mode			
			Dat	ta Mod
Determines which (rear of unit) serial interface shall be used to c external devices: RS232, RS485, or RS422. This option applie		Value	es (selec	tion)
COM1. When an interface other than RS232 is selected, the DEsten inactive.	RS232 RS485 RS422	5		
			Ba	ud Rat
The serial baud rate is the rate at which the modem is to communicate with the attached local serial device.	Values	(selecti	on (bps)))
	921600 460800 230400 115200	57600 38400 28800 19200	14400 9600 7200 4800	3600 2400 1200 600 300
			Data	Forma
This setting determines the format of the data on the serial port. The default is 8 data bits, No parity, and 1 Stop bit.		Value	es (selec	tion)
		8N1 8N2 8E1	7N1 7 7N2 7	E1 O1 E2 O2

lodbus Dat	а Мар		Registers:		
	itput and Intern		16 Bits Address	Hex Format	Definition
	Hex Format	Definition	0	0x0000	Modem Model Type
0	0x0000	OUTPUT 1	1	0x0001	Build Version
1	0x0001	OUTPUT 2	2	0x0002	Modem ID Highest 2 Bytes
2	0x0002	OUTPUT 3	3	0x0003	Modem ID Higher 2 Bytes
3	0x0003	OUTPUT 4	4	0x0004	Modem ID Lower 2 Bytes
9	0x0009	COM2 Status	5	0x0005	Modem ID Lowest 2 Bytes
12	0x000c	LAN/eth0 Status	6	0x0006	RSSI(db)
13	0x000d	WAN/eth1 Status	8	0x0008	Core Temperature(C)
16	0x0010	Carrier Status	9	0x0009	Carrier Received Bytes(MB)
18	0x0012	Wifi Status	10	0x000a	Carrier Transmitted Bytes(MB)
22	0x0016	GPS Status	11	0x000b	GPS Altitude(m)
23	0x0017	Location Over Network	12	0x000c	GPS Latitude High 2 Bytes
24	0x0018	Event UDP Report 1	13	0x000d	Latitude Low 2 Bytes(x1000000)
5	0x0019	Event UDP Report 2	14	0x000e	GPS Longitude High 2 Bytes
26	0x001a	Event UDP Report 3	15	0x000f	Longitude Low 2 Bytes(x100000
27	0x001b	NMS Report	18	0x0001	COM2 Baud Rate(/100)(bps)
28	0x001c	Web Client Service	10	0x0012 0x0013	COM2 Data Format
29	0x001d	Firewall Status	19	0x0015	COM2 Data Format
40	0x0028	SYSTEM Reboot	Modem Mo	odel Types:	
Diam.			Type ID	Definition	
Input Bits:	Hex Format	Definition	0	Unknow	
Bit Address		INPUT 1	6	IPn3G	
	0x0000		7	VIP4G	
1	0x0001	INPUT 2	8	IPn4G	
2	0x0002	INPUT 3			
3	0x0003	INPUT 4	Com Data	Format Definition	:

10101

01010

VIP4G

Type ID	Definition
0	Unknow
1	8N1
2	8N2
3	8E1
4	801
5	7N1
6	7N2
7	7E1
8	701
9	7E2
10	702

Image 4-11-8: Tools > Modbus Data Map

4.11.6 Tools > Websocket

The Websocket service is a feature of HTML5.0 or later. Web Socket is designed to be implemented in web browsers and web servers to allow XML scripts to access the HTML web service with a TCP socket connection.

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VIP4G

It is mainly used for two purposes:

- refreshing page information without refreshing the entire page to reduce network stream.
- to integrate internet applications with xml to get required information in real time.

Currently we provide four types of information as configured:

- GPS Coordinate Information
- GPS NMEA Data
- Carrier Information
- Comport Data

System Network Carrier	Wireless Con	nport I/O	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tool	5
Discovery Netflow Report	NMS Settings	Event Report	Modbus	Websoo	ket	Site Survey	Ping	TraceRe
Web Socket Se	rvice							
Online Connected Data								
Browser Type: Chrome 33 Wir	dows							
Setting								
Status	Enable Web Socke	t Service 🔻						
Web Socket	7681	[100-65535	1					
Port(default:7681)								
Data Fresh Interval(seconds)	10	[2-65535]						
Connect Password		(Blank for Di	sable)					
Max Keep Time(minutes)	60	(0:keep alive	e)					
GPS Coordinate	Disable O Enabl	e						
GPS NMEA Data	Disable O Enabl	e						
Carrier Information	Disable O Enabl	e						
Comport Data	Disabled (Please	enable compo	rt tcp server.)				
•								

Image 4-11-9: Tools > Web Socket Service

	Status
Enable or disable the web socket service in the VIP4G.	Values (selection)
	Enable / Disable
	Web Socket Port
Enter the desired web socket TCP port number. The default is 7681, and he valid range is 100 to 65535.	Values (TCP port)
	7681

	Data Fresh Intervals
Enter in the time at which data is to be refreshed. The default is 10 seconds, the valid range is 2 to 65535 seconds.	Values (seconds) 10
	Connect Password
For added security a password can be required to connect to the web socket service. To disable, leave this field blank. The default is disabled.	Values
Socket service. To disable, leave this held blank. The default is disabled.	(blank)
	Max Keep Time
This field determines how long the web socket is open once started/ enabled. The default is 60 mins, a value of zero means the service with	Values (minutes)
continue to run indefinitely.	60
	GPS Coordinate
If enabled the VIP4G will report GPS coordinate data to the websocket.	Values (selection)
	Disable / Enable
	GPS NMEA Data
If enabled the VIP4G will report GPS NMEA data to the websocket.	Values (selection)
	Disable / Enable
	Carrier Information
If enabled the VIP4G will report carrier information to the websocket.	Values (selection)
	Disable / Enable
	Comport Data
If enabled, and the COM1 port is configured for TCP Server, the comport data will be reported to the web socket.	Values (selection)
	Disable / Enable

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VIP4G



4.11.7 Tools > Site Survey

Wireless Survey

The Wireless Survey feature will scan the available wireless channels for any other 802.11 wireless networks in proximity to the VIP4G. The Survey will display the Channel number the other networks are operating on, the MAC address, Encryption Type, Frequency and general signal level and quality information. This can be useful for finding available networks, or troubleshooting connection and sensitivity problems. If there are other networks operating on the same frequency, or a channel close to the one chosen, it can then be decided to try to use another channel.

	twork (Comport Igs Event R			Firewa			MultiWAN Site Survey	Ping
overy	MECHOWIN	12	Site Survey	igs evenen	report	Houbs	is we	1/50	.Ket a	Site Survey	Ping
192 (994			Site Survey								
reless Surv			non an								
		will be interr	upted during	this brief period.							
Start the	scan again										
dio1 Surve	y Results										
Channel	SSID	MACDD	R	Encryption	Free	quency F	SSI SI	NR	Noise	Signal Level	
1	neelTest	00:0F:9	2:FA:07:98	Roff	2.41	1204-	81 1- Bm 1-	4 dB	-80 dBm	46%	
1	ASUS	10:BF:4	8:91:6A:18	WPA/WPA2/PS	SK 2.41	2CH2:	71 Bm 24	4 dB	-80 dBm	80%	
1	Microguest	00:15:6	5D:69:7D:88	WPA/WPA2/PS	SK 2.41	12CH2	47 4: Bm 4:	8 dB	-95 dBm	1	20%
4	oceansales	1C:BD:E	9:7E:A0:89	WPA/WPA2/PS	SK 2.42	27CH=	79 11 Bm 11	6 dB	-95 dBm	53%	
6	work2901	00:15:6	5D:68:3D:0C	WPA/WPA2/PS	2.4	27CH+	51 4. Bm 4.	4 dB	-95 dBm	3	20%
6		00:26:F	3:EE:F5:1A	WPA/WPA2/PS	2.41	S7CHz	82 Bm 1	3 dB	-95 dBm	435	
6	AndrewW	74:D0:	28:89:0 <mark>8:5</mark> 0	WPA/WPA2/PS	2.4	SZCH2	58 Bm ²¹	7 dB	-95 dBm	907	
11	Sparrow	90:72:4	0:20:F0:6A	WPA/WPA2/PS	SK 2.46	52CHz	83 1. Bm	2 dB	-84 dBm	40%	
11	VIP4G	04:F0:2	1:04:8D:69	Poff	2.46	52CH2	44 5 Bm 5	1 dB	-84 dBm	51	00%
11	VIP4C	04:F0:2	1:02:3A:19	Roff	2.40	52CH=	33 6. Bm	2 dB	-84 dBm	1	10%
11	VIP4C	00:80:4	8:79:8E:38	Roff	2.40	52GHz	56 Bm 3	9 dB	-84 dBm	ti ti	10%
11	VIP4C	00:80:4	8:79:8E:3F	Roff	2.46	52GHz d	Bm	2 dB	-84 dBm	3	00%
11	VIP4C	00:0F:9	2:FA:03:5B	Roff	2.46	52GHz:	77 Bm 11	8 dB	-84 dBm	60%	
11	VIP4C	00:80:4	8:79:8E:50	Roff	2.46		54 4 Bm	1 dB	-95 dBm	B	N%
11	bin	00:0F:9	2:FA:09:AF	WPA/WPA2/PS	SK 2.46	N2CHZ	56 31 Bm 31	9 dB	-84 dBm	30	N96
149	AndrewW	74:D0:	2B:89:0 <mark>B:54</mark>	WPA/WPA2/PS	5.74		87 8 Bm	dB	-95 dBm	20%	
149	wlan0_X	00:15:6	5D:67:6D:E2	WPA/WPA2/PS	5.74	45087	74 2 Bm 2	1 dB	-95 dBm	70%	

Image 4-11-10: Tools > Site Survey



4.11.8 Tools > Ping

Network Tools Ping

The Network Tools Ping feature provides a tool to test network connectivity from within the VIP4G unit. A user can use the Ping command by entering the IP address or host name of a destination device in the Ping Host Name field, use Count for the number of ping messages to send, and the Packet Size to modify the size of the packets sent.

	Network	Carrier	Wireless	Comport	I/0	GPS	Firewall	VPN	MultiWAN	Tools	
Discovery	/ Netflow	Report	NMS Setting	ıs Event	Report	Modb	ıs Webso	ocket	Site Survey	Ping T	raceRoute
	Netv	vork Tool	Ping								
Ping Netw	vork Utilities										
Ping H	Host Name		google.com								
Ping C	Count		4								
Ping S	Size		56	Pi	ng Stop	Clear					
4 packets		4 packets r	eceived, 0% pac 109.804/154.81								
4 packets	s transmitted,	4 packets r									
4 packets	s transmitted,	4 packets r									

Image 4-11-11: Tools > Ping



4.11.9 Tools > TraceRoute

Network TraceRoute

The **Trace Route** command can be used to provide connectivity data by providing information about the number of hops, routers and the path taken to reach a particular destination.

Discovery	Netflow	Report	NMS Setting	s Event	Report	Modbus	Webs	ocket	Site Survey	Ping 1	TraceRout
	Net	work Trac	eRoute								
TraceRout	e Network Uti	lities									
Transa		122.20	google.com	R	un TraceR	oute					
Tracer	out Host Na	me	Stop TraceRo	ute Clear R	esult						
1 96.1.13 2 10.183 3 10.183 4 209.171 5 96.1.22 6 75.154 7 72.14.1 8 209.85 9 72.14.2 10 216.23 11 209.85	8.84 (96.1.1. 215.138 (10. 218.196 (10. .238.2 (209. 3.169 (96.1. 223.241 (75. 27.33 (72.14 254.130 (20. 37.130 (72.1 9.46.161 (2 .250.207 (20.	38.84) 68.5 183.215.13 183.218.19 171.238.2) 223.169) 76 154.223.24 .197.33) 11 0.85.254.13 4.237.130) 16.239.46.1 09.85.250.2 20.25	226.102), 30 ho 13 ms 73.068 ms 8) 82.103 ms 81 6) 70.899 ms 77 89.914 ms 86.88 .009 ms 74.711 1) 97.684 ms 85 6.821 ms 116.00 0) 90.918 ms 209 61) 83.784 ms 9 07) 85.392 ms 9 125.226.102) 78.	59.896 ms .713 ms 77. .880 ms 80. .7 ms 71.80 ms 80.020 s .990 ms 79. .990 ms 79. .990 ms 74. .990 ms 79. .985.254.238 7.071 ms 82 3.634 ms 93	861 ms 935 ms 2 ms 689 ms 8 ms 2 (209.85 (209.85.1 2.160 ms 1.887 ms	.254.122) 9 254.238) 10					

Image 4-11-12: Tools > TraceRoute



5.1 AT Command Overview

AT Commands can be issued to configure and manage the VIP4G, serial port (Serial), or by TCP/IP (telnet).

5.1.1 Serial Port

To connect and access the AT Command interface on the VIP4G, a physical connection must be made on the RS232 DB9 serial port labeled 'Serial'. A terminal emulation program (Hyperterminal, Tera Term, ProComm, Putty etc) can then be used to communicate with the VIP4G.

COM14 Properties		? ×	Default Settings:
Port Settings			Baud rate: 115200
Bits per second:	115200	•	Data bits: 8
<u>D</u> ata bits:	8	•	Parity: None
Parity:	None	•]	Stop Bits: 1
Stop bits:	1	•	· ·
Eow control:	None	•	Flow Control: None
	Be	store Defaults	
	K Cancel	Apply	

Image 5-1: Serial Port Settings

Once communication is established, a login is required to access the AT Command interface, once logged in, the AT Command Line Interface menu is displayed. Type "?" or Help to list the menu commands.

VIP4G - HyperTerminal	
Elle Edit Yew Call Iransfer Help	
l∉ ⊜\$ ©8 f	
VIP46 login: admin Password:	Î
Entering character mode Escape character is '^]'.	
Command Line Interface VIP2>	E
VIP2> help	
Press Tab to fill in the rest of the Commands	
Commands available:	
help Show available commands	
history Show a list of previously run commands	
info system system information	
status diagnostic ping send ping to destination status diagnostic traceroute the connection route	
status connection Show connection	
status network Show network status	
system logout Logout Command line Interface	
system reboot Reboot Command line interface wifi on turn on wifi	

Image 5-2: AT Command Window

Default Settings:

VIP4G login: admin

Password: admin



5.1.2 Telnet (TCP/IP)

Telnet can be used to access the AT Command interface of the VIP4G. The default port is TCP Port 23. A telnet session can be made to the unit using any Telnet application (Windows Telnet, Tera Term, ProComm etc). Once communication is established, a login is required to continue.

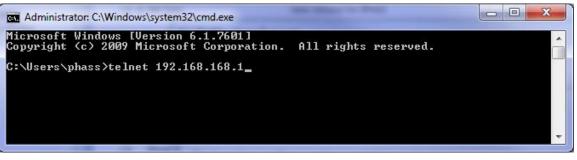


Image 5-3: Establishing a Telnet Session

A session can be made to the WAN IP Address (if allowed in the firewall settings) for remote configuration, or to the local RJ45 interface (default IP: 192.168.168.1).

Once a session is established a login is required to continue. As seen in the Serial port setup, the default login is **admin**, and the password is **admin**. Once verified, the AT Command Line Interface menu is shown and AT Commands can now be issued. (Type "?" or Help to list the commands)

Administrator: C:\Wi	ndows\system32\cmd.exe
VIP4G login: admi Password:	
Entering characte Escape character	
Command Line Inte	erface
VIP2> help	Show available commands
history	Show available commands Show a list of previously run commands
info	System info
status	Display the system status
system	Setting system configurations
wifi	Set or Get wifi config
lte	Set or Get lte config
exit	Logout Command line Interface
network	Set or Get network config
AT AT TEAT	AT Echo OK
AT+TEST ATH	AT Echo TEST
ATL	Show a list of previously run AT commands List all available AT commands
AT&R	Read modem active profile to editable profile
AT&V	Display modem active profile
AT&W	Enable configurations you have been entered
AT +MREB	Reboot the modem

Image 5-4: Telnet AT Command Session



5.2 AT Command Syntax

The follow syntax is used when issuing AT Commands on the VIP4G

- All commands start with the AT characters and end with the <Enter> key
- Microhard Specific Commands start with +M
- Help will list top level commands (ATL will list ALL available AT Commands)
- To query syntax of a command: AT+<command_name>=?
- Syntax for commands that are used only to query a setting: AT<command_name>
- Syntax for commands that can be used to query and set values:
 - AT<command_name>=parameter1,parameter2,... (Sets Values) AT<command_name>? (Queries the setting)

Query Syntax:

AT+MLEIP=? <Enter> +MLEIP: Command Syntax:AT+MLEIP=<IP Address>,<Netmask>,<Gateway> OK

Setting a value:

AT+MLEIP=192.168.0.1,255.255.255.0,192.168.0.1 <Enter> OK

Query a setting:

AT+MLEIP? <Enter> +MLEIP: "192.168.0.1", "255.255.255.0", "192.168.0.1" OK

A screen capture of the above commands entered into a unit is shown below:

```
Telnet 192.168.111.1
```

Image 5-5: Telnet AT Command Syntax

Once AT commands are entered, the changes are immediate.

ATO or ATA Exits the AT Command Line Interface.



5.3 Supported AT Commands	
	A
Description	Command Syntax
Echo OK.	AT <enter></enter>
Example	
Input: AT <enter> Response: OK</enter>	
	AT+TES
Description	Command Syntax
Echo TEST	AT+TEST <enter></enter>
Example	
Input: AT+TEST <enter> Response: AT ECHO TEST: :0</enter>	
	AT
Description	Command Syntax
Show a list of previously run commands.	ATH <enter></enter>
Example	
Input: ATH <enter> Response: AT Command history: 1. ATH 2. ATL 3. ATH</enter>	
	AT8
Description	Command Syntax
Read modem profile to editable profile. (Reserved)	AT&R <enter></enter>
Example	
Input: AT&R <enter> Response: OK</enter>	



	A
Description	Command Syntax
Read modem active profile.	AT&V <enter></enter>
Example	
Input: AT&V <enter> Response: &V: hostname:VIP4G timezone:MST7MDT,M3.2.0,M11.1.0 systemmode:gateway time mode:sync OK</enter>	
	٦A
Description	Command Syntax
Reserved.	AT&W <enter></enter>
Example	
Input: AT&W <enter> Response: OK</enter>	
	AT+M
Description	Command Syntax
Reboots the modem.	AT+MREB <enter></enter>
Example	
Input: AT+MREB <enter></enter>	

AT+MREB <enter> Response: OK. Rebooting...



	AT
Description	Command Syntax
Quit. Exits AT Command session and returns you to login prompt.	ATA <enter></enter>
Example	
Input: ATA <enter> Response: OK IPn3G Login:</enter>	
C C	
-	AT
Description	AT Command Syntax
Description Quit. Exits AT Command session and returns you to	Command Syntax

AT+CMGS

Description

Send SMS message. To send message CTRL+Z must be entered, to exit, ESC.

Command Syntax

AT+CMGS=<Phone Number><CR> text is entered <CTRL+Z/ESC>

Example

Input: AT+CMGS=4035553776 <enter>

4035553776 Test <ctrl+z>

Response: OK



AT+CMGR

Description

This command allows the application to read stored messages. The messages are read from the SIM card memory.

Command Syntax

AT+CMGR=<index>

Example

Input: AT+CMGR=<index><enter>

Response:

+CMGR: <stat>,<oa>,,<dt> <data> OK

Parameters:

<index> Index in SIM card storage of the message <stat> Status of Message in Memory (Text Mode) "REC UNREAD" Received unread messages "REC READ" Received read messages <oa> Originator Address String type <dt> Discharge Time String format: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz" (year [00-99]/ month [01-12]/Day [01-31], Hour:Min:Second and TimeZone [quarters of an hour]) <data> SMS User Data in Text Mode String type

AT+CMGL

Description

This command allows the application to read stored messages by indicating the type of the message to read. The messages are read from the SIM card memory.

Command Syntax

AT+CMGL=<status> Status:

Status:

- 0 Lists all unread messages
- 1 Lists all read messages
- 4 Lists all messages

Example

Input: AT+CMGL=1 <enter>

Response:

AT+CMGL=1 +CMGL: 0,"REC READ","+14035553776",,"2013/10/04,11:12:27-06" Test Message 1 +CMGL: 1,"REC READ","+14035553776",,"2013/10/04,11:12:53-06" Test Message 2 +CMGL: 2,"REC READ","+14035553776",,"2013/10/04,11:13:06-06" Another test message!



AT+CMGD

Description

This command handles deletion of a single message from memory location <index>, or multiple messages according to <delflag>.

Command Syntax

AT+CMGD=<index>,<delflag>

- delflag:
- 0 Deletes the message specified in <index>
- 1 Deletes all read messages
- 4 Deletes all messages

Command Syntax

AT+GMR <enter>

Example

Input: AT+CMGD=0,4 <enter>

Response:

index=0 dflag=4 OK

AT+GMR

Description

Modem Record Information

Example

Input: AT+GMR <enter> Response: +GMR: Hardware Version:v1.0.0 Software Version:v1.1.0 build 1060 Copyright: 2012 Microhard Systems Inc. System Time: Mon Dec 2 16:03:51 2013 OK

AT+GMI

Description

Get Manufacturer Identification

Command Syntax

AT+GMI=<enter>

Example

Input: AT+GMI<enter>

Response:

+GMI: 2012 Microhard Systems Inc. OK



		AT+CNUM
Description	Command Syntax	
Check modem's phone number.	AT+CNUM <enter></enter>	
Example		
Input: AT+CNUM <enter> Response: +CNUM: "+15875558645" OK</enter>		
		AT+CIMI
Description	Command Syntax	
Check modem's IMEI and IMSI numbers.	AT+CIMI <enter></enter>	
Example		
Input: AT+CIMI <enter> Response: +CIMI: IMEI:012773002108403, IMSI:3027204069829 OK</enter>	933	
		AT+CCID
Description	Command Syntax	
Check modem's SIM card number.	AT+CCID= <enter></enter>	
Example		

Input: AT+CCID<enter>

Response: +CCID: 89302720401025355531 OK



AT+MSYSI

Description

System Summary Information

Command Syntax

AT+MSYSI <enter>

Example

Input: AT+MSYSI <enter> **Response:** Carrier: IMEI:012773002108403 SIMID:89302720401025355531 IMSI:302720406982933 Phone Num: +15878938645 Status: CONNECTED Network: ROGERS RSSI:WCDMA RSSI: 57 Temperature:61 degC Ethernet Port: MAC:00:0F:92:00:B5:EE IP:192.168.168.1 MASK:255.255.255.0 Wan MAC:00:A0:C6:00:00:00 Wan IP:74.198.186.197 Wan MASK:255.255.255.252 System: Device:VIP4G Product:VIP4G+WIFI Image:VIP4G Hardware:v1.0.0 Software:v1.1.0 build 1060

Copyright: 2012 Microhard Systems Inc. Time: Mon Dec 2 16:14:44 2013

AT+MMNAME

Description

Modem Name / Radio Description. 30 chars.

Example

Input: (To set value) AT+MMNAME=VIP4G_CLGY<enter> Response: OK

Input: (To retrieve value) AT+MMNAME=?<enter> Response: +MMNAME: VIP4G_CLGY OK

Command Syntax

AT+MMNAME=<modem_name>



AT+MLEIP

Description

Set the IP Address, Netmask, and Gateway for the local Ethernet interface.

Command Syntax

AT+MLEIP=<IPAddress>, <Netmask>, <Gateway>

Example

Input:

AT+MLEIP=192.168.168.1,255.255.255.0,192.168.168.1 <enter>
Response:
OK

AT+MDHCP

Description

Enable/Disable the DHCP server running of the local Ethernet interface.

Command Syntax

AT+MDHCP=<action>

- 0 Disable
- 1 Enable

Example

Input: AT+MDHCP=1 <enter> Response: OK

AT+MDHCPA

Description

Command Syntax

Define the Starting and Ending IP Address (range) assignable by DHCP on the local Ethernet interface.

AT+MDHCPA=<Start IP>, <End IP>

Example

Input: AT+MDHCPA=192.168.168.100,192.168.168.200 <enter> Response: OK



	AT+MEMAC
Description	Command Syntax
Retrieve the MAC Address of the local Ethernet interface.	AT+MEMAC <enter></enter>
Example	
Input: AT+MEMAC <enter> Response: +MEMAC: "00:0F:92:00:40:9A" OK</enter>	
	AT+MSIP
Description	Command Syntax
Set LAN static IP	AT+MSIP= <static address="" ip=""> <enter></enter></static>
Example	
Input: AT+MSIP=192.168.168.1 <enter> Response: +MSIP: setting and restarting network OK</enter>	
	AT+MSCT
Description	Command Syntax
Set LAN Connection Type.	AT+MSCT= <mode> Mode: 0 DHCP 1 Static IP</mode>

Example

Input: AT+MSCT=1 <enter> Response: OK



AT+MNTP

Description

Enable and define a NTP server.

Command Syntax

AT+MNTP=<status>,<NTP server> Status: 0 Disable

1 Enable

Example

Input: AT+MNTP=1,pool.ntp.org<enter> Response: OK

AT+MPIPP

Description

Enable/Disable IP-Passthrough

Command Syntax

AT+MPIPP=<Mode> Mode: 0 Disable 1 Ethernet

Example

Input: AT+MPIPP=1 <enter> Response: OK

AT+MCNTO

Description

Sets the timeout value for the serial and telnet consoles. Once expired, user will be return to login prompt.

Command Syntax

AT+MCNTO=<Timeout_s> 0 - Disabled

0 - 65535 (seconds)

Example

Input: AT+MCNTO=300 <enter> Response: OK



AT+MRTF

Description

Reset the modem to the factory default settings stored in non-volatile (NV) memory. Unit will reboot with default settings.

Command Syntax

AT+MRTF <action> Action: 0 pre-set action

1 confirm action OK

Example

Input: AT+MRTF=1 <enter> Response: OK

AT+MTWT

Description

Enable/Disable the Wireless Traffic Timeout. Unit will reset if it does not see any traffic from the carrier for the amount of time defined.

Command Syntax

AT+MTWT=<Mode>[,<Interval_s>,<Reboot Time Limit_s>] Mode: 0 Disable 1 Enable Reboot Time Limit:300-60000

Example

Input: AT+MTWT=1,1,300 <enter> Response: OK

AT+MSCMD

Description

Enable/Disable the Wireless Traffic Timeout. Unit will reset if it does not see any traffic from the carrier for the amount of time defined.

Example

Input: AT+MSCMD=1,1,403556767,4057890909<enter> Response: OK

Command Syntax

AT+MSCMD=<Mode>[,<Filter Mode>[,<Phone No.1>[,...,<Phone No.6>]]] Mode: 0 Disable 1 Enable SMS Command

Filter Mode: 0 Disable

- 0 Disable1 Enable Phone Filter
- OK



AT+MDISS

Description

Configure discovery mode service used by VIP4G and utilities such as "IP Discovery".

Command Syntax

AT+MDISS=<Mode>

- Mode: 0 Disable
- 0 Disable1 Discoverable

Example

Input: AT+MDISS=1 <enter> Response: OK

AT+MPWD

Description

Used to set or change the ADMIN password for the VIP4G.

Command Syntax

AT+MPWD=<New password>,<confirm password> password: at least 5 characters

Example

Input: AT+MPWD=admin,admin<enter> Response: OK

AT+MIKACE

Description

Enable or Disable IMCP ICMP keep-alive check.

Command Syntax

AT+MIKACE=<Mode> Mode:

- 0 Disable
- 1 Enable

Example

Input: AT+MIKACE=1<enter> Response: OK



AT+MIKAC

Description

Set ICMP Keep-alive check parameters.

Command Syntax

AT+MIKAC=<host name>, <interval in seconds>, <count>

Example

Input: AT+MIKAC=www.google.com,600,10<enter> Response: OK

AT+MDDNSE

Description

Enable/Disable DDNS.

Command Syntax

AT+MDDNSE=<Mode>

- Mode:
- 0 Disable
- 1 Enable

Example

Input: AT+MDDNSE=0<enter> Response: OK

AT+MDDNS

Description

Select DDNS service provider, and login credentials as required for DDNS services.

Command Syntax

AT+MDDNS=<service type>,<host>,<user name>,<password>

service type:

- 0 changeip
- 1 dyndns
- 2 eurodyndns
- 3 hn
- 4 noip
- 5 ods
- 6 ovh
- 7 regfish
- 8 tzo
- 9 zoneedit

Example

Input: AT+MDDNS=0,user.dydns.org,user,password <enter> Response: OK



AT+MEURD1 AT+MEURD2 AT+MEURD3 Description **Command Syntax** Define Event Report UDP Report No.1/2/3. AT+MEURD1=<Mode>[,<Remote IP>,<Remote Port>,<Interval Ti me_s>] Mode: 0 Disable 1 Moden Event Report 2 SDP Event Report AT+MIKAC=www.google.com,600,10<enter> 3 Management Report

1

AT+MNMSR

Command Syntax

Enable NMS Report

AT+MNMSR=<Mode>[,<Remote Port>,<Interval Time_s>] Mode: Disable 0

Example

Description

Define NMS Report.

Example

Response: OK

Input:

Input: AT+MNMSR=1,20200,300<enter> **Response:** ΟK

> AT+MGPSR1 AT+MGPSR2 AT+MGPSR3 AT+MGPSR4

Description

Define GPS Report No.1/2/3/4.

Example

Input:

AT+MGPSR1=1,192.168.168.25,20175,600 <enter> Response: ΟK

Command Syntax

AT+MGPSR1=<Mode>[,<Remote IP>,<Remote Port>,<Interval Ti me s>l Mode: Disable 0 1

Enable UDP Report

AT+MCTPS

VIP4G

Description

Enable/Disable the Comport serial port. This port is located on the front of the VIP4G and is labelled as the SERIAL port. It is disabled by default allowing it to be used for Console/AT Commands. If enabled it can be used for data.

Example

Input:

AT+MCTPS=0<enter> **Response:** ΟK

Description

Set Comport baud rate.

Command Syntax

AT+MCTPS=<Mode>

Mode: 0

101

Disable 1 Enable

AT+MCTBR

Command Syntax

AT+MCTBR=<Baud Rate>

Baud Rate: 0 300

600 1

•	000
2	1200

3 2400

4 3600

5 4800

6 7200 7

9600 8 14400

9 19200

10 28800

38400 11 57600 12

13 115200

Example

Input: AT+MCTBR=13<enter> **Response:** ΟK



AT+MCTDF

Description	Command Syntax
Set Comport data format	AT+MCTDF= <data format=""> Data Format: 0 8N1</data>
Example	1 8N2 2 8E1
Input: AT+MCTDF=O <enter> Response: OK</enter>	3 801 4 7N1 5 7N2 6 7E1 7 7O1 8 7E2 9 7O2
	AT+MCTDM
Description	Command Syntax
Cat Compart data mada	

Set Comport data mode.

AT+MCTDM=<Data Mode>

- Data Mode:
- 0 Seamless
- 1 Transparent

Example

Input: AT+MCTDM=1<enter> Response: ΟK

AT+MCTCT

Description

Set Comport character timeout.

Example

Input: AT+MCTCT=0<enter> **Response:** ΟK

Command Syntax

AT+MCTCT=<timeout_s>



AT+MCTMPS

AT+MCTP

Description

Set Comport data format

Example

Input: AT+MCTMPS=1024<enter> **Response:** ΟK

Description

Set Comport port priority.

Command Syntax

Command Syntax

AT+MCTMPS=<size>

AT+MCTP=<Mode>

- Mode:
- 0 Normal
- Medium 1
- 2 High

Example

Input: AT+MCTP=0<enter> **Response:** ΟK

AT+MCTNCDI

Description

Enable/Disable Comport port no-connection data intake.

Command Syntax

AT+MCTNCDI=<Mode>

- Mode: 0
 - Disable
- Enable 1

Example

Input: AT+MCTNCDI=1<enter> **Response:** OK



AT+MCTMTC

Description

Set Comport modbus TCP configuration.

Command Syntax

AT+MCTMTC=<Status>, <Protection status>, <Protection Key> Status and Protection Status:

- 0 Disable
- Enable 1

Example

Input: AT+MCTMTC=0,0,1234<enter> **Response:** ΟK

AT+MCTIPM

Description

Set the Comport serial port IP Protocol Mode.

Example

Input: AT+MCTIPM=1<enter> **Response:** OK

Command Syntax

AT+MCTIPM=<Mode> Mode:

- TCP Client
- 0 1 **TCP** Server
- 2 **TCP** Client/Server
- 3 UDP Point to Point
- 4 UDP Point to Multipoint(P)
- UDP Point to Multipoint(MP) 5
- UDP Multipoint to Multipoint 6
- SMTP Client 7
- 9 SMS Transparent Mode
- 11 GPS Transparent Mode

AT+MCTTC

Description

Set Comport TCP Client parameters when IP Protocol Mode is set to TCP Client.

Command Syntax

AT+MCTTC=<Remote Server IP>, <Remote Server Port>, <Outgoing timeout_s>

Example

Input: AT+MCTTC=0.0.0.0,20002,60<enter> Response: 0K



AT+MCTTS

Description

Set COM2 TCP Server parameters when IP Protocol Mode is set to TCP Server.

Example

Input: AT+MCTTS=0,100,20002,300<enter> Response: OK

Command Syntax

AT+MCTTS=<Polling Mode>, <Polling timeout_s>, <Local Listener Port>, <Connection timeout_s> Polling Mode: 0 Monitor

1 Multi-polling

AT+MCTTCS

Description

Set COM2 TCP Client/Server parameters when IP Protocol is set to TCP Client/Server mode.

Example

Input: AT+MCTCS=0.0.0.0,20002,60,0,100,20002,300<ent er> Response: OK

Command Syntax

AT+MCTTCS=<Remote Server IP>, <Remote Server Port>, <Outgoing timeout_s>, <Polling Mode>, <Polling timeout_s>,<Local Listener Port>, <Connection timeout_s> Polling Mode: 0 Monitor

1 Multi-polling

AT+MCTUPP

Description

Set COM2 UDP Point-to-Point parameters when IP Protocol is set to UDP Point-to-Point mode.

Command Syntax

AT+MCTUPP=<Remote Server IP>, <Remote Server Port>, <Liste ner Port>, <UDP timeout_s>

Example

Input: AT+MCTUPP=0.0.0.0,20002,20002,10<enter> Response: OK



AT+MCTUPMP

Description

Set COM2 UDP Point-to-Multipoint as point parameters when IP Protocol Mode is set to UDP Point-to-Multipoint (P)

Command Syntax

AT+MCTUPMP=<Multicast IP>, <Multicast Port>, <Listener Port>, <Time to live>

Example

Input: AT+MCTUPMP=224.1.1.2,20002,20012,1<enter> Response: OK

AT+MCTUPMM

Description

Set COM2 UDP Point-to-Multipoint as MP parameters when IP Protocol Mode is set to UDP Point-to-Multipoint (MP)

Command Syntax

AT+MCTUPMM=<Remote IP>, <Remote Port>, <Multicast IP>, <Multicast Port>

Example

Input: AT+MCTUPMM=0.0.0.0,20012,224.1.1.2,20002<enter> Response: OK

AT+MCTUMPMP

Description

Set COM2 UDP Multipoint-to-Multipoint parameters when IP Protocol is set to UDP Multipoint-to-Multipoint mode.

Command Syntax

AT+MCTUMPMP=<Multicast IP>, <Multicast Port>, <Time to live>, <Listen Multicast IP>, <Listen Multicast Port>

Example

Input: AT+MCTUMPMP=224.1.1.2,20012,1,224.1.1.2,20012<enter> Response: OK



Command Syntax

AT+MIS

Example

Description

Module Input Status.

Input: AT+MIS <enter> Response: +MIS: available input status INPUT 1: 0 open OK

AT+MOS

AT+MIS

Description

Module Output Status.

Example

Input: AT+MOS=0 <enter> Response: +MOS: available output status OUTPUT 1: 0 open OK

Input:

AT+MOS=1,1,1 <enter> Response: OK

Command Syntax

AT+MOS=<Mode>[,<Setting No.>,<Status>] Mode:

0 All Output Status 1 Output Setting

Setting No.: 1, 2, 3, 4(if output available) Status: 0 open

1 close



Description		Command Syntax	
Lists all available	AT Commands.	ATL <enter></enter>	
Example			
ATL <enter></enter>			
AT Commands ava			
AT	AT Echo OK		
AT+TEST	AT Echo TEST		
ATH	Show a list of previously run AT comman	nds	
ATL	List all available AT commands		
AT&R	Reserved		
AT&V	Display modem active profile		
AT&W	Reserved		
AT+MREB	Reboot the modem		
ATA	Quit		
ATO	Quit		
AT+CMGS	Send SMS		
AT+CMGR	Read SMS with changing status		
AT+CMGL	List SMSs with changing status		
AT+CMGD	Delete SMSs		
AT+GMR	Modem Record Information		
AT+GMI	Get Manufacturer Identification		
AT+CNUM	Check Modem's Phone Number		
AT+CIMI	Check Modem's IMEI and IMSI		
AT+CCID	Check Modem's SIM Card Number		
AT+MSYSI	System summary information		
AT+MMNAME	Modem Name Setting		
AT+MLEIP	Set the IP address of the modem LAN E	thernet interface	
AT+MDHCP	Enable or disable DHCP server running	on the Ethernet interface	
AT+MDHCPA	Set the range of IP addresses to be assi	gned by the DHCP server	
AT+MEMAC	Query the MAC address of local Etherne	t interface	
AT+MSIP	Set LAN static IP		
AT+MSCT	Set LAN Connection Type		
AT+MNTP	Define NTP server		
AT+MPIPP	Enable or disable IP-Passthrough		
AT+MCNTO	Set console timeout		
AT+MRTF	Reset the modem to the factory default s		
AT+MTWT	Enable or disable traffic watchdog timer		
AT+MSCMD	Enable or disable system sms command		
AT+MDISS	Set discovery service used by the mode	n	
AT+MPWD	Set password		
AT+MIKACE	Enable or disable ICMP keep-alive chec	k	
AT+MIKAC	Set ICMP keep-alive check		
AT+MDDNSE	Enable or disable DDNS		
AT+MDDNS	Set DDNS		
AT+MEURD1	Define Event UDP Report No.1		
AT+MEURD2	Define Event UDP Report No.2		
AT+MEURD3	Define Event UDP Report No.3		
AT+MNMSR	Define NMS Report		
AT+MGPSR1	Define GPS Report No.1		
AT+MGPSR2	Define GPS Report No.2		
AT+MGPSR3	Define GPS Report No.3 Define GPS Report No.4		

(Continued....)

AT+MCTPS AT+MCTBR	Enable or disable com port Set com port baud rate
AT+MCTDR AT+MCTDF	Set com port data format
AT+MCTDM	Set com port data noma
AT+MCTCT	Set com port character timeout
AT+MCTMPS	Set com port maximum packet size
AT+MCTP	Set com port priority
AT+MCTNCDI	Enable or disable com port no-connection data intake
AT+MCTMTC	Set com port modbus tcp configuration
AT+MCTIPM	Set com port IP protocol mode
AT+MCTTC	Set com port tcp client configuration when IP protocol mode be set to TCP Client
AT+MCTTS	Set com port tcp server configuration when IP protocol mode be set to TCP Server
AT+MCTTCS	Set com port tcp client/server configuration when IP protocol mode be set to TCP Client/Server
AT+MCTUPP	Set com port UDP point to point configuration when IP protocol mode be set to UDP point to point
AT+MCTUPMP	Set com port UDP point to multipoint as point configuration when IP protocol mode be set to UDP point to multipoint(P)
AT+MCTUPMM	Set com port UDP point to multipoint as MP configuration when IP protocol mode be set to UDP point to multipoint(MP)
AT+MCTUMPMP	Set com port UDP multipoint to multipoint configuration when IP protocol mode be set to UDP multipoint to multipoint
AT+MIS	Module Input status
AT+MOS	Module Output status and setting

1010

0101

VIP4G

Appendix A: Serial Interface

Module (DCE) 1 2 3 4 5	Host Signal DCD \rightarrow RX \rightarrow \leftarrow TX \leftarrow DTR SG	(e.g. PC) (DTE) IN IN OUT OUT	Arrows denote the direction that signals are asserted (e.g., DCD originates at the DCE, informing the DTE that a carrier is present). The interface conforms to standard RS-232 signals, so direct connection to a host PC (for example) is accommodated.
6	DSR \rightarrow	IN	
7	← RTS	OUT	
8	CTS \rightarrow	IN	The signals in the asynchronous serial interface are described below:

11010

- **DCD** *Data Carrier Detect* Output from Module When asserted (TTL low), DCD informs the DTE that a communications link has been established with another MHX 920A.
- **RX** *Receive Data* Output from Module Signals transferred from the MHX 920A are received by the DTE via RX.
- TX Transmit Data Input to Module Signals are transmitted from the DTE via TX to the MHX 920A.
- **DTR** Data Terminal Ready Input to Module Asserted (TTL low) by the DTE to inform the module that it is alive and ready for communications.
- SG Signal Ground Provides a ground reference for all signals transmitted by both DTE and DCE.
- **DSR** Data Set Ready Output from Module Asserted (TTL low) by the DCE to inform the DTE that it is alive and ready for communications. DSR is the module's equivalent of the DTR signal.
- **RTS** *Request to Send* Input to Module A "handshaking" signal which is asserted by the DTE (TTL low) when it is ready. When hardware handshaking is used, the RTS signal indicates to the DCE that the host can receive data.
- **CTS** *Clear to Send* Output from Module A "handshaking" signal which is asserted by the DCE (TTL low) when it has enabled communications and transmission from the DTE can commence. When hardware handshaking is used, the CTS signal indicates to the host that the DCE can receive data.
- Notes: It is typical to refer to RX and TX from the perspective of the DTE. This should be kept in mind when looking at signals relative to the module (DCE); the module transmits data on the RX line, and receives on TX.

"DCE" and "module" are often synonymous since a module is typically a DCE device. "DTE" is, in most applications, a device such as a host PC.

VIP4G



Appendix B: IP-Passthrough Example (Page 1 of 2)

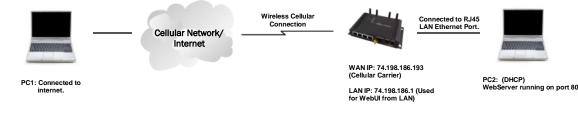
By completing the Quick Start process, a user should have been able to log in and set up the VIP4G to work with their cellular carrier. By completing this, the modem is ready to be used to access the internet and provide mobile connectivity. However, a common application of the VIP4G is to access connected devices remotely. In order to do this, the VIP4G must be told how to deal with incoming traffic, where to send it to. To accomplish this there are three options :

- IP-Passthrough
- Port Forwarding
- DMZ (a type of Port Forwarding)

In this section we will talk about IP-Passthrough and how to configure the VIP4G and the connected device/PC to work with IP-Passthrough. IP-Passthrough means that the VIP4G is transparent, and all outside (WAN) traffic is simply sent directly to a single device connected to one of the physical LAN RJ-45 ports on the VIP4G (With exception of port 80, which is retained for remote configuration (configurable). Also, any traffic that is sent to the RJ45 port is sent directly out the WAN port and is not processed by the VIP4G.

IP-Passthrough is ideal for applications where only a single device is connected to the VIP4G, and other features of the VIP4G are not required. When in passthrough mode, most features of the VIP4G are bypassed, this includes the serial ports, the GPS features, VPN, the Firewall, and much more. The advantage of IP-Passthrough is that the configuration is very simple.

In the example below we have a VIP4G connected to a PC (PC2). The application requires that PC1 be able to access several services on PC2. Using Port Forwarding this would require a new rule created for each port, and some applications or services may require several ports so this would require several rules, and the rules may be different for each installation, making future maintenance difficult. For IP-Passthrough, PC1 only needs to know the Public Static IP Address of the VIP4G, the VIP4G would then automatically assign, via DHCP, the WAN IP to the attached PC2, creating a transparent connection.



Step 1

Log into the VIP4G (Refer to Quick Start), and ensure that DHCP is enabled on the Network > LAN page.

IN DHCP	
DHCP	Enable -
Start	192.168.168.100
Limit	150
Lease Time (in minutes)	720

Step 2

Since PC2 requires port 80 to be used as its Web server port, port 80 cannot be used on the VIP4G, by default it retains this port for remote configuration. To change the port used by the VIP4G, navigate to the **System > Settings** page as seen below. For this example we are going to change it to port 8080. When changing port numbers on the VIP4G, it is recommended to reboot the unit before continuing, remember the new WebUI port is now 8080 when you log back into the VIP4G. (e.g. 192.168.168.1:8080).

HTTP Port	8080
HTTP SSL	Off -



Step 3

Now IP-Passthrough can be enabled on the VIP4G. Under the *Carrier > Settings* tab, IP-Passthrough can be found. To enable this feature, select "Ethernet" from the drop down box. Once the changes are applied, whichever device is physically connected to the LAN RJ45 port, will dynamically be assigned the WAN IP Address. In this example, this would be 74.198.186.193.

The default IP address of 192.168.168.1 on the LAN is no longer available, but it is still possible to access and configure the VIP4G on the LAN side, by using the X.X.X.1 IP Address, where the first 3 octets of the WAN IP are used in place of the X's. (e.g. 74.198.186.1, and remember the HTTP port in this example was changed to 8080).

Step 4

Attach the remote device or PC to the RJ45 port of the VIP4G. The end device has to be set up for DHCP to get an IP address from the VIP4G. In the test/example setup we can verify this by looking at the current IP address. In the screenshot to the right we can see that the Laptop connected to the VIP4G has a IP Address of 74.198.186.193, which is the IP address assign by the cellular carrier for the modem.

Step 5 (Optional)

IP-Passthrough operation can also be verified in the VIP4G. Once IP-Passthrough is enabled you can access the VIP4G WebUI by one of the following methods:

- Remotely on the WAN side (usually the internet), using the WAN
- IP, and the port specified for HTTP operation (or, if enabled, by using the HTTPS (443) ports), in this example with would be 74.198.186.193:8080.
- On the LAN side, by entering in the first 3 octets of the WAN IP and .1 for the fourth, so in our example 74.198.186.1:8080.

Once logged in, navigate to the *Carrier > Status* page. Under WAN IP Address it should look something like shown in the image to the right, 74.198.186.193 on LAN.

Connection Duration	1 min 43 sec
WAN IP Address	74.198.186.193 on LAN
DNS Server 1	64.71.255.198

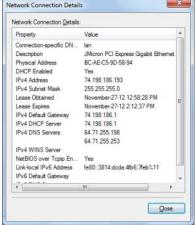
Step 6

The last step is to verify the remote device can be accessed. In this example a PC is connected to the RJ45 port of the VIP4G. On this PC a simple apache web server is running to illustrate a functioning system. On a remote PC, enter the WAN IP Address of the VIP4G into a web browser. As seen below, when the IP Address of the VIP4G is entered, the data is passed through to the attached PC. The screen shot below shows that our test setup was successful.

http://74.198.186.193/	+	
€ € 74.198.186.193		습 * C
This is the Web Serv	er Running on the M	licrohard Laptop.
If you can read this.	it means that the IP-	Passthrough or Port Forwarding exercise works!

System	Network	Carrier	Wireless Co		
Status	Settings	Keepalive	Traffic Watch		
	Configurati	on			
Config	uration				
Car	rier status		Enable -		
IP-I	Passthrough		Disable -		
DN	S-Passthrough	i.	Disable		

VIP4G



Appendix C: Port Forwarding Example (Page 1 of 2)

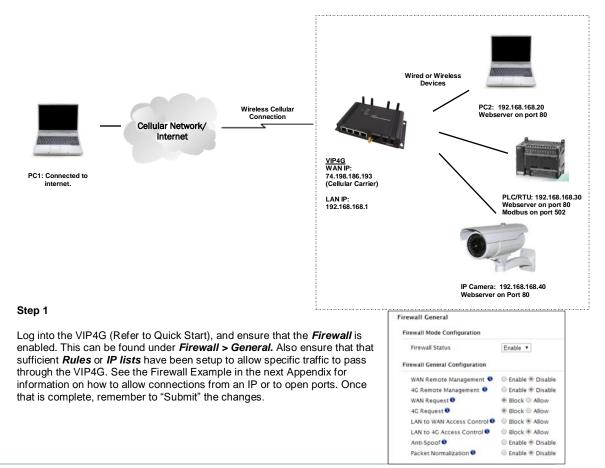
By completing the Quick Start process, a user should have been able to log in and set up the VIP4G to work with their cellular carrier. By completing this, the modem is ready to be used to access the internet and provide mobile connectivity. However, one of the main applications of the VIP4G is to access connected devices remotely. In order to do this, the VIP4G must be told how to deal with incoming traffic, where to send it to. To accomplish this there are three options :

- IP-Passthrough
- Port Forwarding
- DMZ (a type of Port Forwarding)

In the previous section we illustrated how to use and setup IP-Passthrough. In this section we will talk about port forwarding. Port forwarding is ideal when there are multiple devices connected to the VIP4G, or if other features of the VIP4G are required (Serial Ports, Firewall, GPS, etc). In port forwarding, the VIP4G looks at each incoming Ethernet packet on the WAN and by using the destination port number, determines where it will send the data on the private LAN. The VIP4G does this with each and every incoming packet.

DMZ (a form of port forwarding) is useful for situations where there are multiple devices connected to the VIP4G, but all incoming traffic is destined for a single device. It is also popular to use DMZ in cases where a single device is connected but several ports are forwarded and other features of the VIP4G are required, since in passthrough mode all of these features are lost.

Consider the following example. A user has a remote location that has several devices that need to be accessed remotely. The User at PC1 can only see the VIP4G directly using the public static IP assigned by the wireless carrier, but not the devices behind it. In this case the VIP4G is acting a gateway between the Cellular Network and the Local Area Network of its connected devices. Using port forwarding we can map the way that data passes through the VIP4G.



Appendix C: Port Forwarding Example (Page 2 of 2)

Step 2

Determine which external ports (WAN) are mapped to which internal IP Addresses and Ports (LAN). It is important to understand which port, accessible on the outside, is connected or mapped to which devices on the inside. For this example we are going to use the following ports, in this case it is purely arbitrary which ports are assigned, some systems may be configurable, other systems may require specific ports to be used.

Description	WAN IP	External Port	Internal IP	Internal Port
VIP4G WebUI	74.198.186.193	80	192.168.168.1	80
PC2 Web Server	74.198.186.193	8080	192.168.168.20	80
PLC Web Server	74.198.186.193	8081	192.168.168.30	80
PLC Modbus	74.198.186.193	10502	192.168.168.30	502
Camera Web Server	74.198.186.193	8082	192.168.168.40	80

Notice that to the outside user, the IP Address for every device is the same, only the port number changes, but on the LAN, each external port is mapped to an internal device and port number. Also notice that the port number used for the configuration GUI for all the devices on the LAN is the same, this is fine because they are located on different IP addresses, and the different external ports mapped by the VIP4G (80, 8080, 8081, 8082), will send the data to the intended destination.

Step 3

Create a rule for each of the lines above. A rules does not need to be created for the first line, as that was listed simply to show that the external port 80 was already used, by default, by the VIP4G itself. To create port forwarding rules, Navigate to the *Firewall* > *Port Forwarding* menu. When creating rules, each rules requires a unique name, this is only for reference and can be anything desired by the user. Click on the "Add Port Forwarding" button to add each rule to the VIP4G.

Once all rules have been added, the VIP4G configuration should look something like what is illustrated in the screen shot to the right. Be sure to **"Submit"** the Port Forwarding list to the VIP4G.

For best results, reboot the VIP4G.

Name	PLC_WS
ource	4G 👻
nternal Server IP	192.168.168.20
nternal Port	80
Protocol	Both 👻
External Port	8080

Name	Source		Internal IP	Internal Port	Protocol	External Port
PC2_WS	4G		192,168,168,20	80	Both •	8080
PLC, WS	4G	٠	192.168.168.30	80	Both •	8081
PLC_Modbus	4G	٠	192.168.168.30	502	Both +	10502
Camera	4G		192 168 168 40	80	Both -	8082

Step 4

Configure the static addresses on all attached devices. Port forwarding required that all the attached devices have static IP addresses, this ensure that the port forwarding rules are always correct, as changing IP addresses on the attached devices would render the configured rules useless and the system will not work.

Step 5

Test the system. The devices connected to the VIP4G should be accessible remotely. To access the devices:

For the Web Server on the PC, use a browser to connect to 74.198.186:193:8080, in this case the same webserver is running as in the IP-Passthrough example, so the result should be as follows:

Image: state	Ŧ	合々で
This is the Web Come	er Running on the Microhard Laptop.	
I his is the web Serve	er Kunning on the Micronard Laptop.	

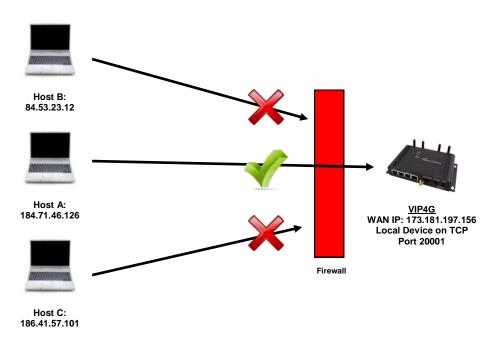
To access the other devices/services: For the PLC Web Server: 74.198.186.193:8081, for the Camera 74.198.186.193:8082, and for the Modbus on the PLC telnet to 74.198.186.193:10502 etc.

Appendix D: Firewall Example (Page 1 of 2)

By completing the Quick Start process, a user should have been able to log in and set up the VIP4G to work with their cellular carrier. By completing this, the modem is ready to be used to access the internet and provide mobile connectivity. However, one of the main applications of the VIP4G is to access connected devices remotely. Security plays an important role in M2M deployments as in most cases the modem is publically available on the internet. Limiting access to the VIP4G is paramount for a secure deployment. The firewall features of the VIP4G allow a user to limit access to the VIP4G and the devices connected to it by the following means

- Customizable Rules
- MAC and/or IP List
- ACL (Access Control List) or Blacklist using the above tools.

Consider the following example. An VIP4G is deployed at a remote site to collect data from an end device such as a PLC or RTU connected to the serial DATA port (Port 20001 on the WAN. It is required that only a specific host (Host A) have access to the deployed VIP4G and attached device, including the remote management features.



Step 1

Log into the VIP4G (Refer to Quick Start). Navigate to the Firewall > General tab as shown below and ensure that the Firewall is turned on by enabling the *Firewall Status*. Next block all WAN traffic by setting the *4G Request* to Block, and disable *4G Remote Management*. Be sure to Apply the settings. At this point it should be impossible to access the VIP4G remotely through its cellular connection.

System Network Carrier	Wireless Comport 1/O GPS Firewall VPN MultiWAN Tools
tatus <mark>General</mark> Rules Port	Forwarding MAC-IP-List Reset
Firewall General	
Firewall Mode Configuration	
Firewall Status	Enable *
Firewall General Configuration	
WAN Remote Management 0	Enable Disable
4G Remote Management 🔍	🔍 Enable 🖲 Disable
WAN Request 🔍	Block Allow
4G Request	Block Allow
LAN to WAN Access Control 0	Block Allow
LAN to 4G Access Control O	Block Allow
Anti-Spoof •	Enable Disable
Packet Normalization 0	C Enable Disable



Appendix D: Firewall Example (Page 2 of 2)

Step 2

Under the Rules tab we need to create two new rules. A rule to enable Host A access to the Remote Management Port (TCP Port 80), and another to access the device attached the to serial port (WAN TCP Port 20001).

Rule 1

System	Network	Carr	rier	Wireless	Cor	nport	I/0	GPS	5
Status	General	Rules	Por	t Forwar	ding	MAC	IP List	Rese	t
Firewal	Rules								
Firewa	II Rules Config	juration							
Rul	e Name	Rer	n_Mgt						
AC	TION	Ac	cept •	1					
So	urce 🛈	4G							
Sol	urce IPs 0	184	.71.46	126	То		184.71.4	6.126	
De	stination 0	4G	•						
	stination IPs 0	and the second second	_		То		255 255	255.255	
De	stination Port	and the second s			_				
Pro	tocol	-	P V						
0,005	d Rule								
System	Network General R			Vireless Forwardir	Comp			PS teset	Firew
Firewal Firewa	l Rules Il Rules Configu	iration							
Rule	e Name	Devic	е						
ACT	ION	Acce	pt •						
Sou	irce 0	4G	•						
Sou	irce IPs 🛈	184.7	1.46.12	26	To	184	1.71.46.12	6	
Des	tination 0	4G	۲						
Des	tination IPs 🕕	0.0.0	0		To	255	5.255.255	255	
Des	tination Port 0	2000	1						
Prot	tocol	TCP	•						
Add	Rule								

After each rule is created be sure to click the **ADD Rule** button, once both rules are created select the **Submit** button to write the rules to the VIP4G. The Firewall Rules Summary should look like what is shown below.

Name	Action	Src	Src IP From	Src IP To	Dest	Dest IP From	Dest IP To	Destination Port	Protocol
Rem_Mgt	Accept -	WAN	▼ 184.71.46.126	184.71.46.126	WAN	• 0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	80	TCP 💌
	Accept -		▼ 184.71.46.126	184.71.46.126	WAN	• 0.0.0.0	255,255,255,255	20001	TCP .

Step 3

Test the connections. The VIP4G should only allow connections to the port specified from the Host A. An alternate means to limit connections to the VIP4G to a specific IP would have been to use the MAC-IP List Tool. By using Rules, we can not only limit specific IP's, but we can also specify ports that can be used by an allowed IP address.

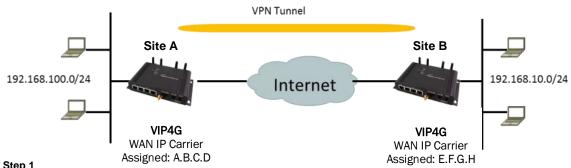


Appendix E: VPN Example (Page 1 of 2)

By completing the Quick Start process, a user should have been able to log in and set up the VIP4G to work with their cellular carrier. By completing this, the modem is ready to be used to access the internet and provide mobile connectivity. However, one of the main applications of the VIP4G is to access connected devices remotely. In addition to Port Forwarding and IP-Passthrough, the VIP4G has several VPN capabilities, creating a tunnel between two sites, allowing remote devices to be accessed directly.

VPN allows multiple devices to be connected to the VIP4G without the need to individually map ports to each device. Complete access to remote devices is available when using a VPN tunnel. A VPN tunnel can be created by using two VIP4G devices, each with a public IP address. At least one of the moderns require a static IP address. VPN tunnels can also be created using the VIP4G to existing VPN capable devices, such as Cisco or Firebox.

Example: VIP4G to VIP4G (Site-to-Site)



Step 1

Log into each of the VIP4Gs (Refer to Quick Start), and ensure that the Firewall is enabled. This can be found under Firewall > General. Also ensure that either WAN Request is set to Allow, which allows traffic to come in from the WAN, or that sufficient Rules or IP lists have been setup to allow specific traffic to pass through the VIP4G. Once that is complete, remember to "Apply" the changes.

Step 2

Configure the LAN IP and subnet for each VIP4G. The subnets must be different and cannot overlap.

Site A		Site B				
System Network Car	rier Wireless	System	Network	Carrier	Wire	less
Status <mark>LAN</mark> Routes GR	E SNMP sdpS	Status LAN	Routes	GRE	SNMP	sdpS
Network LAN Configuration	1	Network LAN	Configura	tion		
LAN Configuration		LAN Configura	tion			
Spanning Tree (STP)	On 💌	Spanning	Tree (STP)		On 💌	
Connection Type	Static IP 💌	Connectio	n Type		Static IP	•
IP Address	192.168.100.1	IP Address			192.168.1	10.1
Netmask	255.255.255.0	Netmask			255.255.2	255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.100.1	Default Ga	iteway		192.168.	10.1
LAN DNS Servers		LAN DNS Serve	ers			
DNS Server 1		DNS Serve	r 1			
DNS Server 2		DNS Serve	r 2			
LAN DHCP		LAN DHCP				
DHCP Server	Enable 💌	DHCP Serv	er		Enable	
Start	192.168.100.100	Start			192.168.	10.100
Limit	150	Limit			150	
Lease Time (in minutes)	2	Lease Time	e (in minutes	3	2	



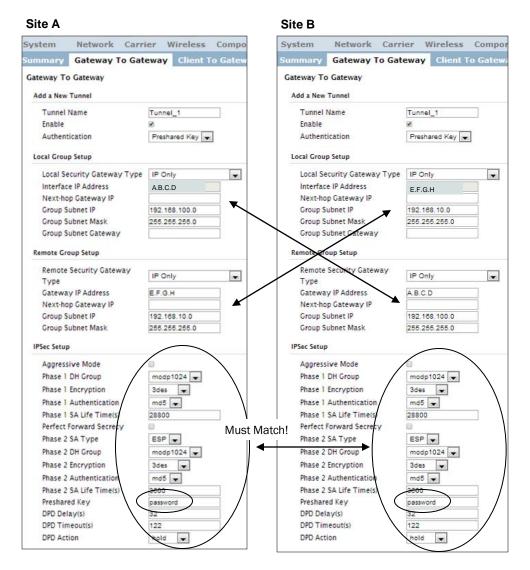
Appendix E: VPN Example (Page 2 of 2)

Step 3

Add a VPN Gateway to Gateway tunnel on each VIP4G.

Summary Gateway To Gateway Client To Gateway VPN Client Access Certificate Management Summary	ficate Management
Summary	
Gateway To Gateway	

01010



Step 4

Submit changes to both units. It should be possible to ping and reach devices on either end of the VPN tunnel if both devices have been configured correctly and have network connectivity.

Appendix F: Troubleshooting (FAQ)

Below is a number of the common support questions that are asked about the VIP4G. The purpose of the section is to provide answers and/or direction on how to solve common problems with the VIP4G.

101

Question: Why can't I connect to the internet/network?

Answer: To connect to the internet a SIM card issued by the Wireless Carrier must be installed and the APN programmed into the Carrier Configuration of the VIP4G. For instructions of how to log into the VIP4G refer to the Quick Start.

Question: What is the default IP Address of the VIP4G?

Answer: The default IP address for the LAN is 192.168.168.1.

Question: What is the default login for the VIP4G?

Answer: The default username is *admin*, the default password is *admin*.

Question: What information do I need to get from my wireless carrier to set up the VIP4G?

Answer: The APN is required to configure the VIP4G to communicate with a wireless carrier. Some carriers also require a username and password. The APN, username and password are only available from your wireless carrier.

Newer units may support an AUTO APN feature, which will attempt to determine the APN from a preconfigured list of carriers and commonly used APN's. This is designed to provide quick network connectivity, but will not work with private APN's. Success with AUTO APN will vary by carrier.

Question: How do I reset my modem to factory default settings?

Answer: If you are logged into the VIP4G navigate to the System > Maintenance Tab. If you cannot log in, power on the VIP4G and wait until the status LED in on solid (not flashing). Press and hold the CONFIG button until the unit reboots (about 8-10 seconds).

Question: I can connect the Carrier, but I can't access the Internet/WAN/network from a connected PC?

Answer: Ensure that you have DHCP enabled or manually set up a valid IP, Subnet, Gateway and DNS set on the local device.

Question: I connected a device to the serial port of the VIP4G and nothing happens?

Answer: In addition to the basic serial port settings, the IP Protocol Config has to be configured. Refer to the Comport Configuration pages for a description of the different options.



Appendix F: Troubleshooting

Question: How do I access the devices behind the modem remotely?

Answer: To access devices behind the VIP4G remotely, several methods can be used:

<u>A. IP Passthrough</u> - The VIP4G is transparent and the connected device can be access directly.
 Refer to The IP-Passthrough Appendix for a detailed example of how this may be deployed.
 <u>B. Port Forwarding/DMZ</u> - Individual external WAN ports are mapped to internal LAN IP's and Ports. See the Port-Forwarding Appendix for a detailed example.
 C. VPN - A tunnel can be created and full access to remote devices can be obtained. Required

VIP4G

the use of multiple modems or VPN routers. See the VPN Appendix on an example of how to set up a VPN.

Question: I have set up firewall rules and/or port forwarding rules but they do not work?

Answer: Ensure that the Firewall is *Enabled*. Even port forwarding requires that the firewall feature is enabled. If the WAN/4G request is blocked (recommended), additional rules will need to be created for any external request.

Question: I have Internet/4G access but I cannot ping the device remotely?

Answer: Ensure that the 4G/WAN request is enabled in the Firewall settings, or create a Firewall rule to allow ping messages.

Question: I'm using IP-Passthrough but the serial ports won't work?

Answer: When using IP-Passthrough, the WAN IP is assigned to the device connected to the Ethernet port, all traffic is passed through to that device. As a result serials port will not work. The only port not being passed through is the remote management port (default port 80), which can be changed in the security settings.

Question: I'm using IP-Passthrough but the modem won't take my Firewall settings?

Answer: When using IP-Passthrough, the 4G IP is assigned to the device connected to the Ethernet port, all traffic is passed through to that device. As a result the firewall settings have no effect on the unit, and is automatically disabled.

Question: I cannot get IP-Passthrough to work?

Answer: When using IP-Passthrough, the 4G IP is assigned to the device connected to the Ethernet port, all traffic is passed through to that device. In order for IP-Passthrough to work, the connected local device *must* have DHCP enabled, or the 4G IP set as a static IP in the end device.



Appendix F: Troubleshooting

Question: Why does my modem reset every 10 minutes (or other time)?

Answer: There are a number of processes in the VIP4G that ensure that the unit is communicating at all times, and if a problem is detected will reboot the modem to attempt to resolve any issues:

1. Traffic Watchdog - Detects if there is any Wireless Traffic between the VIP4G and the Cellular Carrier. Will reboot modem when timer expires unless there is traffic. Carrier > Traffic Watchdog.

 Keepalive - Attempts to contact a configured host on a defined basis. Will reboot modem if host is unreachable. Enabled by default to attempt to ping 8.8.8.8. May need to disable on private networks, or provide a reachable address to check. Access via Carrier > Keepalive.
 Local Device Monitor - The VIP4G will monitor a local device, if that device is not present the VIP4G may reboot. Network > LocalMonitor.

Question: How do I set up VPN?

Answer: Refer to the VPN Appendix for an example.

Question: Why is the data usage on my modem so high?

Answer: Although it is impossible to answer that question without more detailed information about your modem, and the devices/application you are using, there are a number of things to keep in mind:

1. Always setup and configure a Firewall on the modem, this is especially important if the modem is using a publically accessible IP address.

2. Always change the default user/passwords.

3. Turn off any services that are not needed, such as GPS, Comports, SNMP, SSH, anything not being used specifically in your application.

4. Use the Data Usage alerts to keep informed of daily and monthly data usage of the modem to avoid surprises once the data bill arrives.



VIP4G

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